

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS **HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS** 2 NAVY ANNEX WASHINGTON, D.C. 20380-1775

NAVMC DIR 3500.98 C 4610

APR 0 3 2006

NAVMC DIRECTIVE 3500.98

Subj: AVIATION TRAINING AND READINESS (T&R) DIRECTIVE, MARINE AIR TRAFFIC

CONTROL (MATC) (SHORT TITLE: T&R DIRECTIVE, MATC)

Ref: (a) NAVMC DIR 3500.14

Encl: (1) LOCATOR SHEET

1. PURPOSE. To revise training standards regarding the training of Marine Corps Air Traffic Control Officers and Enlisted Controllers, per the reference.

2. INFORMATION

- a. The purpose of this directive is to establish procedures and standards for the training of Air Traffic Control Officers and Controllers.
- b. Recommended changes to this directive are invited, and will be submitted via the syllabus sponsor and the appropriate chain of command to the Commanding General, Training and Education Command, Aviation Training Branch via e-mail (refer to http://www.tecom.usmc.mil/atb/contacts_.htm) or the Defense Message System using the following plain language address: CG TECOM QUANTICO VA ATB.
- 3. SCOPE. MATC personnel shall train to the standards and programs of instruction contained in this directive.
- 4. COMMAND. This directive is applicable to the Marine Corps Total Force.
- 5. CERTIFICATION. This directive is reviewed and approved this date.

K. J. STALDER

By direction

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T&R DIRECTIVE, MATC

RECORD OF CHANGES

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T&R DIRECTIVE, MATC

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CHAPTER 1

MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL OFFICER (MATCO) MOS 7220

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CHAPTER 1

MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL OFFICER (MATCO) MOS 7220

100. UNIT CORE COMPETENCY

1. Overview

- a. Marine aviation plays a crucial role in the MAGTFs ability to conduct Maneuver Warfare. The ultimate goal of Marine Aviation is to attain the highest possible combat readiness to support Expeditionary Maneuver Warfare while at the same time preserving and conserving our Marines and equipment. Embedded within our combat readiness is the ability to rapidly, effectively and efficiently deploy on short notice and to quickly and effectively plan for crises and/or contingency operations thereby ensuring the Marine Air Command and Control System (MACCS) remains ready for combat when and where the need arises.
- b. This T&R directive represents the collaborative effort of Air Traffic Control (ATC) subject matter experts who designed training standards to maximize the full combat capabilities of Marine ATC (MATC) units. These standards, intrinsic in the core competency section, describe and define unit capabilities and requirements necessary to maintain like-squadron proficiency in core skills and combat leadership. Training events are based on specific requirements and performance standards that ensure crews maintain a common base of training and depth of combat capabilities. Together, the T&R comprises a building block approach to ensure trained crews remain ready, relevant and fully capable of supporting the MAGTF commander.
- c. The capabilities defined and described in the core competency model are provided to ensure each like-squadron maintains a common base of training and depth of capabilities. When resources permit, and when in the judgment of the commander additional training would significantly increase the unit's warfighting capability, training to a level above these base capabilities is permitted. It is incumbent upon, and expected of, the commander to balance any increase in the depth of core capabilities against the long-term health and readiness of the unit while staying within resource constraints.
- 2. <u>Marine Air Traffic Control (MATC) Mission</u>. To provide all weather radar/non-radar approach, arrival, departure, enroute and tower MATC services to friendly aircraft. MATC conducts task-organized operations in support of Forward Operating Bases, Marine Air Ground Task Forces (MAGTF), joint and coalition operations, and integrates into the MACCS, Integrated Air Defense System (IADS) and Single Integrated Air Picture (SIAP).

3. Mission Essential Tasks (METs)

- a. (UJTL TA 1) Deploy/Conduct Maneuver:
 - Conduct operations under the Expeditionary Maneuver Warfare Capstone Concept.
 - -Provide tower, radar/non-radar approach, arrival, departure and enroute MATC services within assigned airspace.
 - -Provide precision and non-precision navigational aids (NAVAIDS).
 - -Provide combat and civil airspace management, control and

surveillance.

- -Develop, implement and validate radar and non-radar IFR Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) for use at pre-established and expeditionary airfields and integrate required MATC services into the existing civil/military, national/international ATC architectures.
- b. (UJTL TA 2.4) Disseminate Tactical Warning Information and Attack Assessment: Integrate, display and disseminate appropriate information to the designated Combined/Joint Forces Air Component Commander (C/JFACC), Airspace Control Authority (ACA), Area Air Defense Commander (AADC) and other Theater Air/Ground System (TAGS) agencies.
 - c. (UJTL TA 3.2.7) Conduct Air and Missile Defense Operations:
 -Provide combat and civil airspace management, control and surveillance.
 -Integrate, display, and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies.
 -Coordinate activation of the Base Defense Zone (BDZ) as part of the IADS.
- d. (UJTL TA 3.2.8) Conduct Air-to-Air Operations: Integrate, display, and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies.
- e. (UJTL TA 5.2.1) Establish, Operate and Maintain Baseline Information Exchange:
 - -Provide MATC liaison personnel to coordinate ATC related issues between TAGS agencies (as required) and national/international civil/combat ATC systems.
 - -Augment SIAP via data link to TAGS agencies.
- f. (UJTL TA 6.3) Conduct Rear Area Security: Integrate, display, and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies, and coordinate activation of the BDZ as part of the IADS.
 - g. (UJTL TA 6.5) Provide for Combat Identification:
 -Integrate, display and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies, and coordinate activation of the BDZ as part of the IADS.
 -Provide visual or electronic identification of aircraft within MATC assigned airspace.
- h. (UJTL TA 7.1) Conduct Mission Operations in CBRN Environment: Conduct MATC combat operations in a Nuclear, Biological and Chemical (NBC) environment.
- 4. Table of Organization (T/O). Total Force Structure Division (TFSD) and Marine Corps Combat Development Command (MCCDC) manage T/Os. Table 1-1 depicts MATC T/Os authorized as of the date of this Directive.

Table 1-1.-- MACS MATC T/O (8633) and (8633A).

| | T/O for One MATC Detachment * Air Traffic Controllers only) |
|------|---|
| | <u>HQ</u> |
| (01) | Officer |
| (01) | Enlisted (NCOIC) |
| | MATC Operations |
| (02) | Officers |
| (13) | Tower Enlisted |
| (19) | Radar Enlisted |
| | MMT #1 |
| (01) | Officers/SNCOIC |
| , , | MATC Enlisted |
| | MMT #2 |
| (01) | SNCOIC |
| | MATC Enlisted |
| 44 | Total |
| | |

- * MACS-1 (REIN)/MACS-2 (REIN) each have (3) MATC Dets.
- * MACS-4 has (2) MATC Dets and MACS-24 has (1).
- * Maintenance/administration personnel assigned to MATC Dets are not listed.
- 5. <u>Core Capability</u>. The MATC Detachment (MATCD) is part of the Marine Air Control Squadron (MACS) and is the principal ATC organization within the MACCS. The MATCD normally deploys as part of the MACCS within the MAGTF but may also deploy independently or as part of a combined or joint force should the mission dictate. Core capabilities of the MATCD and MATC Mobile Team (MMT) follow:
- a. <u>Core Capable Marine MATC Detachment (MATCD)</u>. The core capable MATCD establishes continuous all weather ATC services to an independent and geographically separate main air base or air facility, or provides these services at a pre-established airfield. Additionally, it can provide mobile MATC services at two remote air sites or points, see paragraph 5.b.

MATCD Crew

- 1 Watch Commander (WC).
- 1 Radar Supervisor (RS).
- 1 Radar Approach Control (APC).
- 1 Arrival/Departure Control (ADC).
- 1 Flight Data/Clearance Delivery Controller (RFD).
- 1 Data Link Coordinator (DLC).
- 2 Radar Final Controllers (RFC).
- 1 Tower Supervisor (TS).
- 1 Local Controller (TLC).
- 1 Ground Controller (TGC).
- 1 Flight Data Controller (TFD).

Note: Denotes minimum crew for sustained operations. Crew composition is task-organized based on mission. Number of crews required is driven by mission duration, operational hours and national/international ATC regulations.

b. <u>Core Capable MATC Mobile Team (MMT)</u>. A core capable MMT is task-organized to provide initial rapid response ATC to support any MAGTF and/or combined/joint mission. MMT shall support operations to air sites and may support operations at air points or air facilities. The baseline MMT for 72-hour continuous operations without re-supply or additional augmentation to meet any MAGTF and/or combined/joint mission is a standard 6-man team.

TMM

- 1 MATC Officer/SNCO.
- 3 Controllers.
- 1 NAVAID Technician.
- 1 MATC Communication Technician.

Note: Denotes minimum team size. Team composition is task-organized based on mission and duration. Two technicians noted are maintenance personnel not noted in table 1-1.

6. <u>METL/Core Skills</u>. Core skills shall be a determining factor in developing T&R requirements; core skills abbreviations are listed in table 1-2. Core skills directly support METs for each unit, see table 1-3 below. Special skills and training requirements must receive appropriate prioritization and emphasis based on the training need and the likelihood of those types of missions being assigned during operations.

| Table 1-2Core Skills Abbreviation | Table | 1-2Core | Skills | Abbreviations |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---------|--------|---------------|
|-----------------------------------|-------|---------|--------|---------------|

| CORE SKILL | ABBREVIATION |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Arrival/Departure Control | ADC |
| Approach Control | APC |
| Basic Tower Control | BTC |
| Basic Radar Control | BRC |
| Battle Management | BMT |
| Crew Management | CMT |
| Data Link Coordination | DLC |
| Marine ATC Mobile Team | MMT |
| Terminal Instrument Procedures | TERP |
| Tower Local Control | TLC |

Table 1-3.--Core Skills and METL Matrix.

| | | | CORE | SK: | ILLS | | | C | S | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|-----|----|-----|-------------|------------------|
| METL | A D C | A P C | B R C | B T C | DFC | T L C | M | TN | T T | B M T | T E R P |
| Deploy/Conduct Maneuver | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | X |
| Disseminate Tactical Warning Information and Attack Assessment | | | | | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| Conduct Air and Missile Defense Operations | | | | | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| Conduct Air to Air Operations | | | | | | | | Х | Х | Х | |
| Establish, Operate, and Maintain Baseline Information Exchange | | | | | | | Х | Х | X | X | |
| Conduct Rear Area Security | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| Provide for Combat Identification | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | | | |
| Conduct Mission Operations in CBRN Environment | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| MMT encompasses core skills | and | d co | re p | lus | tra | inin | ıg. | | | | |

- 7. Core Model Minimum Requirements (CMMR). MATCD core competency reflects the minimum level of competency a MACS must achieve to perform its core capability in the ATC mission. MATCD core competency is measured in terms of minimum core skill proficiency and minimum numbers of leaders per paragraphs 7a and 7b below.
- a. Minimum Unit Core Skill Proficiency (CSP). As a minimum, in order to be core competent in the ATC mission, a MATCD must posses a minimum number of crews and MATC personnel competent in each core skill (unit CSP), as noted in table 1-4. In order to be considered competent in a core skill (individual CSP), an individual must attain and maintain proficiency in core skill events, as delineated in paragraphs 7a(1) and 7a(2) below.

Table 1-4.--Unit Core Skill Proficiency.

| | MATC DETACHMENT ¹ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|------|----------------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CORE SKILL | 7220 | 7291 | 7257 | 7254 | 7253 | 7252 | | | | | | | | |
| BTC (TGC/TFD) | - | _ | 9 (4/5) | - | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| BRC (RFD/RFC) | - | - | 8 (4/4) | - | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| DLC | - | - | 3 ² | - | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| TLC | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| ADC | - | - | - | - | 3 | * | | | | | | | | |
| APC | _ | _ | - | 3 | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| MMT | 1 | - | 23 | - | - | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| CMT | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| вмт | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| CORE PLUS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | | |
| CMT | _ | - | - | 1 | _ | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| TERP | _ | - | 1 | - | - | - | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: MACS-1 / MACS-2 each have (3) MATCDs.

MACS-4 has (2) MATCDs and MACS-24 has (1).

Maintenance/administration personnel assigned to MATCDs are not listed.

Note 2: DLC is additional duty fulfilled by an organic BRC.

Note 3: MMT personnel are organic to 7257 and 7252 Core Skills.

(1) Events Required to Attain Individual Core Skill Competency. To initially attain competency in a core skill, an individual must successfully complete all of the T&R events listed in table 1-5 below for the core skill.

Table 1-5.--Attain Individual Core/Core Plus Skills.

| MOS | | CORE SKILLS | | | | | | | | CORE P | LUS | |
|------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|------------|
| | BTC | BRC | | вит | | CMT | MMT | | вит | | MMT | CMT |
| 7220 | 220 221 222 223 224 | 230 231 232 233 | 357 360 363 366 369 372 | 358 361 364 367 370 373 | 359 362 365 368 371 | 340 341 342 | 380 381 382 383 | 460 463 466 469 472 477 | 461 464 467 470 473 | 462 465 468 471 474 | 480 | 440 441 |

There are no "Refly" event requirements for MATCOs.

(2) Events Required to Maintain Individual Core Skill Competency. All MATCO events required to attain core skill proficiency are one-time events that do no require refly; thus there are no R-coded events in table 1-6. Once MATCOs attain competency by completing all events for that core skill, their core skill proficiency is maintained permanently without having to refly any of the events.

Table 1-6.--Maintain Individual Core/Core Plus Skills.

| MOS | | CC | ORE SKII | CORE PLUS | | | | |
|------|---------|--------|----------|-----------|------------|---------|-----|-----|
| | BTC | BRC | BMT | CMT | MMT | BMT | MMT | CMT |
| 7220 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | There a | are no | "Refly" | require | ements for | MATCOs. | | |

b. <u>Minimum Combat Leadership Requirements</u>. As a minimum, in order to be considered core competent, a MATCD must posses the crews with the listed combat leadership designations as noted in table 1-7.

Table 1-7.--Combat Leadership Requirements.

| COMBAT LEADERSHIP (CMMR) | PER MATC DET |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| DETACHMENT COMMANDER | 1 |
| MATC WATCH COMMANDER | 2 |
| MMT LEADER | 2 |
| NCOIC | 1 |
| TOWER CHIEF | 1 |
| RADAR CHIEF | 1 |
| TOWER SUPERVISOR | 3 |
| RADAR SUPERVISOR | 3 |

- 8. Qualification, Designation and Instructor Requirements. Table 1-5 delineates T&R events required to be completed to attain initial qualifications and designations. All required training lectures (appendix A) and prerequisites shall be completed prior to completing final events; appendix B is a list of reference required to complete MATCO syllabus training. Qualification and designation letters signed by the commanding officer or his representative shall be placed in the MACCS performance record.
- a. <u>Qualification</u>. A qualification is assigned based on demonstrated proficiency in a specific skill. Specific criteria to achieve qualifications is delineated in table 1-8, MAWTS-1 course catalog and governing directives. Upon completion of qualification criteria, an ATC Syllabus evaluation form (appendix C) shall be completed and the commanding officer shall issue a qualification letter for inclusion into individual MACCS performance record (MPR). The tower ground control; radar final control and MMT leader qualifications are one-time required events for MATCOs.

| Table | 1-8 | MATCO | Qualifications. |
|-------|-----|-------|-----------------|
|-------|-----|-------|-----------------|

| QUALIFICATION | TRACKING CODE | REQUIREMENTS |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Tower Ground Control | QUAL-624 | BTC-224 |
| Radar Final Controller | QUAL-633 | BRC-233 |

- b. <u>Designation</u>. A designation is a status assigned to an individual based on leadership ability (see table 1-9). It is command specific and remains in effect until removed for cause, rescinded at the commander's discretion, or the individual is transferred to another command. Commanders shall issue the individual a designation letter for inclusion in the MACCS performance record.
- (1) <u>Instructor Requirements</u>. As a minimum, a unit should maintain instructor designations to support MATC operations (see table 1-9). MATCOs receive MOS 7277 upon completion of WTI; completion certificate shall be placed in the MPR. Instructor designations are outlined in the MAWTS-1 Course Catalog, MCO 3500.12D (WTTP), and other governing directives.

Table 1-9.-- MATC Designations.

| DESIGNATION | TRACKING CODE | REQUIREMENT |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|
| WTI-Air Control | DESG-600 | INST-500 |
| MMT Leader Instructor | DESG-601 | INST-501 |
| ATCFO | DESG-640 | CMT-440 |
| ATCFWO | DESG-642 | CMT-342 |
| MATCD WC | DESG-665 | BMT-365 |
| MATCD Commander | DESG-677 | BMT-477 |
| MMT Leader | DESG-683 | MMT-383 |

9. MATC Training Progression Philosophy

- a. MATC training is unique amongst other MACCS MOS training because of the requirement to function in tactical and civilian ATC environments simultaneously, whether assigned to a MATCD or MCAS. The MATCO provides Marine aviation the requisite interface required to conduct wartime operations and peacetime training exercises, integrating seamlessly into the U.S. National Airspace System (NAS) or a sovereign nation's airspace. The extensive training and qualification requirements which controllers are required to meet, under both Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and international regulations, ensures the ability of Marine aviation to operate safely and legally anywhere in the world.
- b. This training progression philosophy applies to air traffic controllers in the Marine Corps Reserve.
- c. The MATCO progression model (fig. 1-1) provides a clear **logical progression of qualifications** within a unit. The emphasis of this model is on personnel qualifications in Core Skill Basic and Core Skill Advanced stages; with this model, training officers have the guidance needed to produce viable training plans. Units should use the model as a point of

departure to generate weekly, monthly, quarterly and annual training plans.

d. Appendix D, MARADMIN 229/04, amplifies the ATC progression model by providing ATC skill sets to trained to and CTO/ATCS ratings available based on CNO N785F assigned ATC facility classifications.

MATCO Progression Model

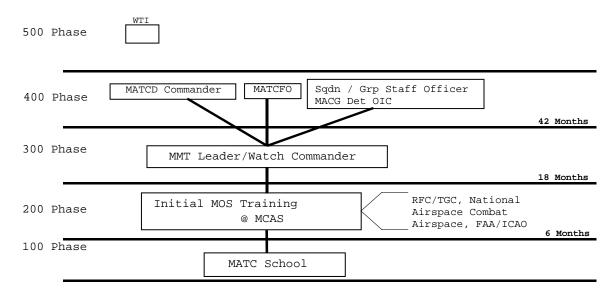


Figure 1-1.--MATCO Progression Model

101. PROGRAMS OF INSTRUCTION (POI) FOR MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL OFFICERS (MATCO)

1. Basic MATCO

| Months | Phase | <u> Activity</u> |
|--------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1-4 | Core Introduction Training | NATTC |
| 5-24 | Core Skill Basic | MACS/MCAS |
| 25-60 | Core Skill Advanced | MACS/MCAS |
| 61-120 | Core Plus | MACS/MCAS |

2. Refresher MATC Officer. There are no refresher requirements for MATCOs. The two-week ACCOC Course offered by MAWST-1 is recommended for those MATCOs who are assigned to a non-ATC related billet for greater than 24 months.

3. MATC WTI-Air Control Officer

| Months | Course | Activity |
|--------|--------|----------|
| 1.5 | WTI | MAWTS-1 |

102. MATCO TRAINING

1. Core Skill Introduction Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|----------------------------|--------|---------|
| MARINE MATC OFFICER COURSE | 47 | 60.00% |

2. Core Skill Basic Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|-------------------|--------|---------|
| BTC | 5 | 8.00% |
| BRC | 4 | 7.00% |
| TOTAL | 9 | 15.00 |
| ACCUMULATED TOTAL | 56 | 75.00 |

3. Core Skill Advanced Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|-------------------|--------|---------|
| BMT | 17 | 15.50% |
| MMT | 4 | 4.00% |
| CMT | 3 | 1.00% |
| TOTAL | 24 | 20.50 |
| ACCUMULATED TOTAL | 80 | 95.50 |

4. Core Plus Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|-------------------|--------|---------|
| BMT | 16 | 3.75% |
| MMT | 1 | 0.25% |
| CMT | 2 | 0.50% |
| TOTAL | 19 | 4.50 |
| ACCUMULATED TOTAL | 99 | 100.00 |

5. Instructor Training

| STAGE | EVENTS |
|-------------------------|--------|
| MMT LEADER INSTRUCTOR 1 | |
| WTI | 1 |

103. MATCO REFRESHER TRAINING. None.

104. ACADEMIC/GROUND TRAINING

- 1. Academic training shall be conducted for each phase/stage of the syllabus. Commanders shall incorporate the lectures in appendix A into the unit training plans. Where indicated, standardized academic training materials exist and may be obtained from the sponsoring activity.
- 2. Academic training listed in 700 and 800 levels is applicable to personnel assigned to MATC MOSs.

3. External academic courses of instruction available to complete the syllabus are listed below:

COURSE ACTIVITY Marine Air Traffic Control Officer Course NATTC, FL Advanced Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment NATTC, FL Air Traffic Control Management Course NATTC, FL Terminal Instrument Procedures Course FAA Military Airspace Management Course KEESLER AFB, MS Weapons and Tactics Instructor Course MAWTS-1 Marine ATC Mobile Team Leaders Course MAWTS-1 Aviation Command and Control Officers Course (ACCOC) MAWTS-1 Joint Air Tasking Order Process Course (JATOPC) Hurlburt Field, FL Joint Air and Space Operation Center (AOC) Initial Hurlburt Field, FL Qualification Training (IQT); Airspace Course Multi-TDL Advanced Joint Interoperability Course Fort McPherson, GA

105. EVENT PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The purpose of this section is to provide the commander with standardized training program for all MATC personnel. The overall goal is to develop unit warfighting capabilities and not to measure the proficiency of individuals. Syllabi are based on specific performance standards designed to ensure proficiency in core competencies. An effective T&R program is the first step in providing the MAGTF commander with an Aviation Combat Element (ACE) capable of accomplishing any and all of its stated missions. The T&R program provides the fundamental tools for commanders to build and maintain unit combat readiness. Using these tools, training managers can construct and execute an effective training plan that supports the unit's METs.
- 2. Unit training management is the application of the Marine Corps Training Principles and the Systems Approach to Training to satisfy the training requirements of commanders at all levels in order to accomplish their wartime mission. Guidance concerning unit training management and the process for establishing effective unit training management programs are contained in MCRP 3-0A, <u>Unit Training Management Guide</u>, and form the basis for the development of this T&R Directive. Familiarity with MCRP 3-0A will enhance understanding of the Systems Approach to Training used in T&R development and Marine Corps UTM principles.
- 3. MACCS Integrated System Training. All elements of the MACCS shall maintain the capability to effectively function as part of an integrated airspace command and control system. In that, large exercises may not always offer sufficient training opportunity for all crew members and in many cases do not offer sufficient latitude to refine capability upon arrival, the MACCS should conduct MACCS Integrated System Training Exercises (MISTEX) on a regular basis to qualify units and personnel per their respective T&R syllabus. MISTEXs should focus on the establishment of necessary communications and data links between MACCS agencies, and incorporate sufficient simulation and Marine Simulation Events List (MSEL) items to exercise and analyze system integration, crew coordination, and critical information flow wherever possible. Tactical Digital Information Link (TDL)

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capable agencies should conduct frequent "Link" training exercises to maintain proficiency.

4. The MATCO syllabus requires in-depth integration within the MACCS. Likewise, development of MAGTF training involving extensive integration with applicable elements of the MAGTF is mandatory in the development of a core skill. Training not conducted in a live training environment shall be replaced with simulation where applicable and as indicated in the condition code for each event.

106. CORE SKILL INTRODUCTION TRAINING

1. General

a. This phase provides classroom entry-level instruction on ATC concepts, regulations, procedures and operating techniques as well as MATC doctrine and capabilities. The instruction ensures understanding and application of MATC rules and regulations required for a controller to qualify and perform ATC functions at a MATCD or MCAS. Upon completion of the MOS producing school, the officer possesses the same certification obtained by FAA controller graduates from the National FAA Air Traffic Control School. This phase is achieved upon completion of Marine Air Traffic Control Officers Course located at NAS Pensacola, FL.

b. Core Skill Introduction Stages

- (1) Familiarization (FAM).
- (2) Systems (SYS).
- (3) Simulation (SIM).

2. Familiarization (FAM), System (SYS) and Simulation (SIM)

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop basic knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations. Completion of AC(A1) School at Naval Air Technical Training Center (NATTC), Pensacola, Florida is mandatory to satisfy this requirement. Core Skill Introduction training (100-level) does not require re-fly. Upon completion of this training, the individual is trained in ATC operations.
- b. <u>Prerequisite</u>. Appropriate medical certificate, GT 105, 18 years old upon completion of ACA1 course and US Citizenship.
 - c. Academic Training. Formal school.
 - d. Classroom and Simulator Event Training: 47 events.

3. Familiarization (FAM)

FAM-100 E L

Goal. Introduce weather as applied to ATC.

Requirement. Describe aviation weather to include:

- (1) Basic weather characteristics.
- (2) Weather hazards.
- (3) Aviation weather observations.

(5) Weather advisories. (6) Weather observing programs. (7) Aviation sequence reports. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-101 Goal. Introduce airspace, navigation, and time as applied in ATC. Requirement. Describe the National Airspace System (NAS), time conversions, and basic navigation. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-102 Goal. Introduce Special Use Airspace (SUA) used by the military. Requirement. Describe SUA and controller responsibilities within each. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-103 E L Goal. Introduce Navigational Aids (NAVAIDS). Requirement. Describe basic radio theory and NAVAIDS. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-104 Goal. Introduce charts and publications used in ATC. Requirement. Given aeronautical charts and publications, locate information and complete statements per the Flight Information Publications (FLIP) program. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-105 Goal. Introduce communications as applied in ATC. Requirement. Describe communication procedures used in ATC. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. E FAM-106 Goal. Introduce airport design and ATC equipment. Requirement. Describe airport design and ATC equipment.

(4) Aviation weather forecasts.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-107 Goal. Introduce general MATC procedures. Requirement. Describe general MATC procedures to include: (1) General control. (2) Weather information. (3) Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) Part 91. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-108 Goal. Introduce ATC terminal procedures. Requirement. Select statements that describe general MATC procedures used in a terminal environment. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. <u>E</u>___ FAM-109 Goal. Introduce emergencies and special handling. Requirement. Describe handling of emergency aircraft and special situations in a control tower environment. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. E FAM-110 Goal. Introduce non-radar procedures. Requirement. Describe general non-radar procedures as applied in Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. E FAM-111 Goal. Pass the Airmen's Written Test (AWT). Requirement. Conduct a thorough review of all information taught in FAM-100 through FAM-110. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-112 Goal. Control tower indoctrination. Requirement. Describe the different operating positions in a control tower and the individual responsibilities of each.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-113 Goal. Introduce basic radar knowledge. Requirement. Describe the different operating positions in a radar facility, define basic radar theory, and identify associated equipment. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-114 E L Goal. Introduce basic radar services provided by ATC. Requirement. Describe basic radar services and procedures. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. E FAM-115 Goal. Introduce Airport Surveillance Radar (ASR). Requirement. Describe terms and procedures used by an ASR Final Controller. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-116 Goal. Introduce Precision Approach Radar (PAR). Requirement. Describe terms and procedures used by a PAR Final Controller. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. E FAM-117 Goal. Introduce arrival control. Requirement. Describe terms and procedures used by an Arrival Controller. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-118 E L Goal. Introduce the Marine Air Traffic Control and Landing System (MATCALS). Requirement. Describe the components and basic operation of the MATCALS, to include refer to MATCALS Standard Operations Directive): (1) AN/TPS-73 Air Traffic Control Subsystem (MATCS). (2) AN/TPN-22 Automatic Landing System (ALS).

(3) AN/TSQ-131 Control and Communication Subsystem (CCS).

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Execute the following functions with 70% accuracy:

- (1) Load FOC software into MMD via Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU).
- (2) Load FOC software into MMD via Serial Data Bus (SDB).
- (3) Set up an MMD for surveillance usage (ADC).
- (4) Set up an MMD for a Final Controller (FC) Trainee.
- (5) Set up a Final Control (FC) simulation scenario.
- (6) Set up an Arrival Control (ADC) simulation scenario.

FAM-119 E L

Goal. Introduce the six functions of Marine aviation.

Requirement. Describe the six functions of Marine aviation:

- (1) AAW.
- (2) OAS.
- (3) Assault support.
- (4) Electronic warfare.
- (5) Reconnaissance.
- (6) Control of aircraft and missiles.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-120

 $\underline{\underline{Goal}}$. Introduce the mission, tasks, and organization of the Marine \overline{ATC} Mobile Team (MMT).

Requirement. State mission, tasks and organization of an MMT to
include:

- (1) Mission of the MMT.
- (2) Personnel and equipment requirements.
- (3) Site set up and tear down.
- (4) Site insertion/extraction.
- (5) Planning requirements.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-121 L/S

Goal. Introduce VHF/UHF/HF field radio and associated equipment.

Requirement. Identify capabilities of VHF/UHF/HF field radio and
associated equipment to include:

- (1) AN/PRC-104 HF.
- (2) AN/PRC-113 UHF/VHF (AM).
- (3) AN/PRC-119 SINCGARS VHF (FM).
- (4) AN/GRC-171 (V) (Tower).
- (5) AN/GRC-171 (V) (TADIL-C).
- (6) AN/GRC-211.
- (7) AN/URC-94 (V).

- (8) AN/VRC-82.
- (9) KG-84C.
- (10) KY-58 and 99.
- (11) KIR-1C.
- (12) KY-75.
- (13) KYK-13.
- (14) KOI-18.
- (15) ARC-210.
- (16) CYZ-10.
- (17) AN/PRC-117F.
- (18) AN/PRC-138.
- (19) KY-99.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-122

Goal. Introduce the mission, tasks, and organization of the MATCD.

Requirement. Introduce the mission, tasks, and organization of the
MATCD to include:

- (1) Mission of the MATCD.
- (2) Relationship of MATCD to Marine Air Control Squadron (MACS).
- (4) Relationship of the MATCD to the MACCS.
- (5) MAGTF employment capability of a MATCD as applied to:
 - (a) Marine Expeditionary Force (MEF).
 - (b) Marine Expeditionary Brigade (MEB).
 - (c) Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU).
- (6) Special Purpose MAGTF.
- (7) Site set-up and tear down.
- (8) Insertion and extraction.
- (9) Three operational sections of a MATCD.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-123

Goal. Introduce the MATCD equipment.

Requirement. Describe the capabilities of all MATCD equipment to include:

- (1) AN/HD-1099, Air Conditioner.
- (2) AN/MEP-006A, 60 kW, 60Hz, Generator with Loadbank.
- (3) AN/MEP-531 Generator.
- (4) VM-1503 Mobilizer.
- (5) 9503 Mobilizer.
- (6) M1022 Mobilizer.
- (7) M998, HMMWV.
- (8) SM-170, Maintenance Vans.
- (9) AN/TPN-30A, Marine Remote Area Approach Landing System.
- (10) AN/TPS-73, Air Traffic Control Subsystem.
- (11) AN/TPN-22, All-weather Landing Subsystem.
- (12) AN/TSQ-131, Control and Communication Subsystem.
- (13) AN/TRN-44, TACAN.
- (14) AN/TSQ-216, Remote Landing Site Tower.

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- (15) AN/TSQ-120, Expeditionary Control Tower.
- (16) AN/TRC-195, Mobile Control Tower.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-124 L

Goal. Introduce mission, tasks, and organization of the MACS.

Requirement. State the mission, tasks, and organization of the MACS
to include:

- (1) TAOC Detachment.
- (2) EW/C Detachment.
- (3) MATCD.
- (4) MAGTF's MACS employment options as applicable:
 - (a) Marine Expeditionary Force (MEF).
 - (b) Marine Expeditionary Brigade (MEB).
 - (c) Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU).
 - (d) Special Purpose MAGTF.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-125

<u>Goal</u>. Introduce role, mission, and organization of the MACCS.

Requirement. State the role, mission, and organization of the MACCS
to include:

- (1) Fundamental mission, combat force structure and organization.
- (2) Basic air control/air defense operational agencies, their missions and organization within the MACCS.
- (3) Roles, functions, ranks, job titles and chain of command of key decision-making personnel in the TACC, TAOC, DASC, and MATCD.
- (4) Capabilities, functions and configurations of the MACCS agencies:
 - (a) Tactical Air Command Center (TACC).
 - (b) Tactical Air Operations Center (TAOC).
 - (c) Sector Air Defense Facility (SADF).
 - (d) Early Warning Control Site (EW/C).
 - (e) Direct Air Support Center (DASC).
 - (f) Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment (MATCD).
- (5) Mission and capabilities of LAAD Bn, MWCS, and VMU.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-126

Goal. State the capabilities and vulnerabilities of MACS radars.

Requirement. State the capabilities and vulnerabilities of MACS
radars to include:

- (1) MACS radar systems.
- (2) Frequency bandwidth.
- (3) ECCM.

(4) Range and altitude of each radar.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-127 L

Goal. Introduce basic Tactical Digital Information Link (TDL).

Requirement. State basic TDL knowledge to include:

- (1) TDL definition.
- (2) Existing TDL identification.
- (3) TDLs utilized by the Marine Corps.
- (4) TDLs utilized by the MATCD.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-128

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Introduce the Theater Battle Management Corps System (TBMCS) and Human Machine Interface (HMI).

Requirement. Describe TBMCS and the Human Machine Interface (HMI)
to include:

- (1) Role of TBMCS as a tool for command and control.
- (2) Purpose of TBMCS mission applications used within the Joint Air Operation Center (JAOC) and/or the TACC.
- (3) Flow of data within TBMCS applications to produce the Air Tasking Order.
- (4) TBMCS contribution to joint interoperability.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-129 L/S

Goal. Observe MACCS agencies in an exercise.

<u>Requirement</u>. In garrison/field exercise, observe MACCS agencies and be familiar with major operating positions, communication links, and integration requirements. Identify the following:

- (1) Major operating positions of the:
 - (a) TACC.
 - (b) TAOC.
 - (c) DASC.
 - (d) LAAD.
 - (e) MWCS.
 - (f) VMU.
- (2) Types of communication available at the:
 - (a) TACC.
 - (b) TAOC.
 - (c) DASC.
 - (d) LAAD.
 - (e) MWCS.
 - (f) VMU.

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Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-130

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Describe the MATCD LOA/SOP/Time Share documents and FAP agreement.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Identify the characteristics of existing MATCD LOAs/SOP/Time Share documents and FAP agreement. Refer to Local LOAs/SOP/time share documents for the MATCD.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-131 L/S

Goal. Introduce MATCD site selection.

Requirement. Participate in the planning and conduct of a site survey for the placement of a MATCD. Perform the following:

- (1) Select a MATCD site considering:
 - (a) Mission.
 - (b) Tower site with best view of airport, Class D airspace, and patterns.
 - (c) PAR site that affords clear avenues.
 - (d) Reconnaissance of selected sites.
 - (e) ASR site that provides minimal terrain masking.
 - (f) Radar coverage of the area of operations (AO).
 - (q) Camouflage.
 - (h) Site security.
 - (i) Support equipment.
- (2) Account for the following MATCD equipment characteristics:
 - (a) Sighting limits of the radar set.
 - (b) Optimum runway/sector coverage.
 - (c) Obstructions to radar view.
 - (d) Terrain characteristics.
 - (e) Typical sighting configurations.
 - (f) Power requirements.
 - (q) Installation requirements.
 - (h) Wind survival tie-down procedures.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-132

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}_{}.$ Describe Forward Operating Bases (FOBs) and how the MATCD supports them.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Properly man and equip different FOBs common to the Marine Corps.

- (1) Main Air Base.
- (2) Air Facility.
- (3) Air Sites (Tactical Landing Zone (TLZ), Helicopter Landing Zones (HLZ).

(4) Air Points (Forward Arming and Refueling Point [FARP], Rapid Ground Refueling [RGR], Lager Point, Tactical Landing Zones [TLX], Helicopter Landing Zones [HLZ], etc.).

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-133 L/S

Goal. Introduce flight inspection/certification procedures.

Requirement. Understand requirements for a flight inspection.

Describe flight inspection/certification to include:

- (1) Request to the appropriate agency.
- (2) Standardization procedures and techniques for flight inspecting air navigation facilities.
- (3) Certifying NAVAID/radar operational status.
- (4) Certifying the instrument flight procedures that the NAVAID/radar supports.
- (5) Flight check profiles associated with permissive and restrictive environments.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-134

Goal. Introduce Tactical Digital Information Link (TDL) theory.

Requirement. Explain TDL theory to include identifying the:

- (1) Characteristics of existing TDLs.
- (2) Meaning of Data Link Reference Point (DLRP), Unit System Coordination Center (USCC), Unit Position (UPOS) and the difference between the data grid and the display grid.
- (3) Capabilities of each service's command and control agencies to conduct one or more of the TDLs.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-135

Goal. Describe MACCS TDL interoperability.

Requirement. Describe MACCS TDL interoperability to include:

- (1) Major interface considerations with the following:
 - (a) TDL-A.
 - (b) TDL-B.
 - (c) GBDL.
 - (d) TDL-C.
 - (e) TDL-J.
- (2) Specific considerations for data link operation.
- (3) Voice nets to be activated for joint service operations.
- (4) Major considerations for selecting TDL systems.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-136 L/S

Goal. Demonstrate embarkation of MATCD equipment.

Requirement. Identify requirements and prepare required data to aid in constructing a load plan for amphibious shipping and fixed wing air transport platforms (C-5A, C-141B, C-17 and C-130). Specifically, describe how many lifts for each aircraft would it take to move below systems with associated support equipment:

- (1) AN/TSQ-120 Expeditionary Control Tower.
- (2) AN/TRC-195 Mobile Control Tower.
- (3) AN/TSQ-216 Remote Landing Site Tower.
- (4) AN/TSQ-131 Control and Communication Subsystem.
- (5) AN/TRN-44 TACAN.
- (6) AN/TPN-30A Marine Remote Area Approach Landing System.
- (7) AN/TPN-22 All-Weather Landing Subsystem.
- (8) TSM-170 Maintenance Van.
- (9) AN/TSQ-73 Surveillance Radar.
- (10) Equipment requiring movement with a 30-ton crane.
- (11) Equipment requiring movement with a 7.5-ton crane.
- (12) Equipment requiring movement with a 10,000 lb forklift.
- (13) Equipment requiring movement with a 6,000 lb forklift.
- (14) Ground transportation requirements to the APOE/APOD site.
- (15) Equipment requiring movement with a RATCH.
- (16) Pallet construction and packing.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-137

Goal. Understand civil and combat airspace management.

Requirement. Manage airspace issues in a civil or combat
environment. Describe the following:

- (1) Principal airspace control facilities and the types of control they employ.
- (2) Characteristics of control points.
- (3) Four airspace management principles.
- (4) Factors used to determine mix of positive and procedural control.
- (5) MACCS intelligence collection and dissemination procedures and capabilities.
- (6) Command and control information flow.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

4. Systems (SYS)

SYS-150 L/S

Goal. Understand MATCD equipment characteristics.

Requirement. Apply operational knowledge of all MATCD equipment through practical application to include:

- (1) AN/HD-1099, Air Conditioner.
- (2) AN/MEP-006A, 60 kW, 60Hz, Generator with Load bank.
- (3) AN/MEP-531 Generator.
- (4) VM-1503 Mobilizer.
- (5) M1022 Mobilizer.
- (6) M998, HMMWV.
- (7) TSM-170, Maintenance Vans.
- (8) AN/TPN-30, Marine Remote Area Approach Landing System.
- (9) AN/TPS-73, Air Traffic Control Subsystem.
- (10) AN/TPN-22, All-Weather Landing Subsystem.
- (11) AN/TSQ-131, Control and Communication Subsystem.
- (12) AN/TSQ-216, Remote Landing Site Tower.
- (13) AN/TRN-44, TACAN.
- (14) AN/TSQ-120, Expeditionary control tower.
- (15) AN/GRC-171(V)1.
- (16) AN/GRC-171(V)2.
- (17) AN/GRC-211.
- (18) AN/URC-94(V)2.
- (19) AN/VRC-82.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Visually identify and provide general specifications for above equipment with a minimum of 70% accuracy.

SYS-151 L/S

 $\frac{\text{Goal}}{(\text{AN/TSQ-131})}$ and associated equipment for basic operation.

Requirement. Properly utilize all equipment in the AN/TSQ-131. Execute the following functions:

- (1) Operate the Operator Control Unit (OCU).
- (2) Set up communications for a final approach.
- (3) Program Multi-Mode Display (MMD) for elevation/azimuth.
- (4) Load FOC software into MMD via Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU).
- (5) Load FOC software into MMD via Serial Data Bus (SDB).
- (6) Set up an MMD for surveillance usage (ADC).
- (7) Set up an MMD for a Final Controller (FC) Trainee.
- (8) Set up a Final Control (FC) simulation scenario.
- (9) Establish and exit a TDL-B circuit.
- (10) Emergency circuit exit TDL-B.
- (11) Use of filters against TDL-B.
- (12) Build maps.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. Lectures A-18, A-19 and SYS-150.

5. Simulation (SIM)

SIM-160 E L

<u>Goal</u>. Introduce basic tower operations.

Requirement. Observe and begin to apply basic tower operations in a Static Lab.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Utilizing proper phraseology and tower procedures, the trainee will demonstrate proficiency to progress to the Tower Operator Training System (TOTS).

Prerequisite. FAM-112.

SIM-161 E L

Goal. Perform as a control tower operator.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Using the 15G32 Tower Operator Training System (TOTS), perform as the following:

- (1) Flight Data Operator per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.
- (2) Ground Control Operator per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.
- (3) Local Control Operator per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70% on each operating position.

Prerequisite. SIM-160.

SIM-162 E L

Goal. Perform as an ASR Final Controller.

Requirement. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, perform duties of an ASR Final Controller per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. FAM-115.

SIM-163 E

Goal. Perform as a PAR Final Controller.

<u>Requirement</u>. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, perform duties of a PAR Final Controller per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. FAM-116.

SIM-164 E L

Goal. Identify and vector an aircraft.

Requirement. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, identify and vector an aircraft through a series of corridors.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. An aircraft shall be vectored from its initial position to the approach gate without touching the sides of the corridors or the airspace boundary.

Prerequisite. FAM-117.

SIM-165 E L

Goal. Perform as an Arrival Controller.

<u>Requirement</u>. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, perform duties of an Arrival Controller per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. FAM-134.

SIM-166 E L

Goal. Perform as a MATCALS basic equipment operator.

<u>Requirement</u>. Perform the functions of a MATCALS basic equipment operator while operating in all modes of operation, while observing safety precautions to include:

- (1) Arrival departure Control (ADC) Mode.
- (2) Final Control (FC) Mode.
- (3) Training Modes.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}$. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. SYS-150.

107. CORE SKILL BASIC TRAINING

1. General

a. This phase applies skills and information obtained in the Core Skill Introduction phase (100-level) while assigned to a MCAS or MACS, under the direct supervision of qualified controllers in an OJT environment. Initial individual core skills are learned and mastered using a mix of live aircraft and simulation. Training includes introduction to MATCD equipment and the MACCS. This phase is completed when the officer achieves Naval Air Training and Operating Procedures Standardization (NATOPS) qualifications as a Radar Final Control and Tower Ground Control; thus, making the officer proficient in core competencies.

b. Core Skill Basic Stages

- (1) Basic Tower Control (BTC).
- (2) Basic Radar Control (BRC).

c. Administrative Note. The ability to attain a Tower Ground Controller (TGC) or Radar Final Controller (RFC) qualification requires basic working knowledge of a Flight Data (FD) and Clearance Delivery (CD) Controller. The MATCO has $\overline{\text{NO}}$ requirement to attain the qualification of these positions (FD/CD); however, it is recommended the MATCO complete required written tests at or above 80% and work between 60% to 75% of the total training hours allowed for those positions (FD/CD) before attaining a TGC or RFC qualification. This administrative note does not prevent a MATCO from attaining additional qualifications above the required two positions, but recommends an introduction to the managerial workings of an ATC facility while assigned to a MCAS.

2. Basic Tower Control (BTC) Training

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop proficiency in MATC tower ground operations. Upon completion of this training, the officer is trained in ATC tower control procedures.
- b. Administrative Notes. The TGC qualification should be attained at a MCAS. The intent is for a MATCO to have a general understanding of FAA, National Airspace Systems (NAS) rules and regulations. This requirement does not preclude in times of war, while under ICAO or Combat Airspace rules and regulations, the ability of the officer to be qualified with this rating. In such cases, special consideration should be given for that officer upon his/her return to a peacetime environment to be assigned to the MCAS in the role of a Facility Watch Officer (FWO) or as the Assistant ATC Facility Officer (ATCFO) to further his/her understanding of the operation of an ATC facility and how it relates to the FAA and NAS.
 - c. Prerequisite. Complete the 100-level of this syllabus.
- d. <u>Academic Training</u>. Basic academic training for this qualification is governed by the local ATC facility's controller qualification syllabus. In addition, the MAWTS ASPs in appendix A should be accomplished to the fullest extent possible without interfering with ATC facility training requirements that should include basic understandings of ATC facility operations, the FAA, and the NAS. Some events require a controller to be familiar with knowledge requirements listed in 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%. All qualifications require official and legal certification standards that govern such qualifications under the rules and regulation of the FAA.
 - e. Live and Simulator Event Training. 5 events.

BTC-220 L/S

Goal. Operate fixed control tower equipment.

Requirement. Operate fixed tower equipment to include:

- (1) Transmitter/receiver control panel(s).
- (2) Backup/emergency transmitter/receiver location and controls.
- (3) Airfield lighting console/computer.
- (4) Intercom units.
- (5) Telephones.
- (6) Altimeter.

- (7) Aldis lamp.
- (8) Wind instruments.
- (9) Clocks.
- (10) NAVAID monitors.
- (11) Console and cab lighting.
- (12) Cooling and heating controls.
- (13) P. A. system.
- (14) Emergency alert system.
- (15) Fire extinguishers.
- (16) Emergency power cutoff.
- (17) Traffic tabulators.
- (18) FDEP/FDIO.
- (19) BRANDS/BRITE.
- (20) Personal Computer.
- (21) Weather reporting monitor.
- (22) Tower Display Workstations (TDW).

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Operate fixed tower equipment to a proficiency of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-805.

BTC-221 L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate the Expeditionary Control Tower (AN/TSQ-120) and associated equipment.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Properly utilize all equipment in the AN/TSQ-120. Locate and operate the following:

- (1) Power distribution panel.
- (2) Internal and external lights.
- (3) Aldis lamp.
- (4) Overhead speakers and adjustment knobs.
- (5) Flare gun assembly and firing switch.
- (6) Digital clock.
- (7) Thermostat.
- (8) Convert barometric pressure reading to altimeter setting.
- (9) Wind direction and speed indicator operation.
- (10) TELCO (intercom/land line).
- (11) VHF and UHF tunable radios.
- (12) Radio selector buttons.
- (13) Speaker selector switch.
- (14) ATIS.
- (15) Microphone and headset/handset jacks.
- (16) Crash alarm.
- (17) Fire detector.
- (18) Operators Control Unit (OCU).

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}_{\text{proficiency of 80%}}.$ Operate equipment on the AN/TSQ-216 to a

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

BTC-222

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate the Remote Landing Site Tower (AN/TSQ-216) and associated equipment.

Requirement. Properly utilize all equipment in the AN/TSQ-216. Locate and operate the following equipment:

- (1) Power distribution panel.
- (2) Internal and external lights.
- (3) Aldis lamp (IR and visible light).
- (4) Flare gun.
- (5) Digital clock.
- (6) Thermostat.
- (7) Convert barometric pressure reading to altimeter setting.
- (8) Wind direction and speed indicator operation.
- (9) TELCO (intercom/land line).
- (10) VHF, UHF and HF tunable radios.
- (11) Radio selector buttons.
- (12) Speaker selector switch.
- (13) ATIS.
- (14) Microphone and headset/handset jacks.
- (15) Crash alarm.
- (16) Fire detector.
- (17) Operators Control Unit (OCU).
- (18) Antenna construction.
- (19) Generator.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Operate the equipment on the AN/TSQ-216 to a proficiency of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

BTC-223

Goal. Perform duties of a Tower Ground Controller (TGC).

Requirement. In a control tower, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform duties and responsibilities of a TGC. Refer to:

NAVAIR 00-80T-114

- Ch4 Naval Certification Procedures.
- Ch6 General (Tower Operations).
- Ch8 Training, Standardization, and Air Traffic Controller Performance Evaluations.

Appendix G MATC Specialist Mishap Statement.

Appendix I Minimum Altitude Vectoring Chart.

Appendix J OJT Performance Evaluation.

Local publications and MCO 3501.9B.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Demonstrate the proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a TGC.

Prerequisite. BTC-220, KFAM-800 thru KFAM-807, all KTGC events.

BTC-224 E

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller (TGC).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner while on the TGC position. Perform the following

- (1) Formulate and issue ground movement clearances to aircraft and vehicles operating on the airport.
- (2) Transmit current weather and field conditions, as required.
- (3) Conduct other duties assigned by the Tower Supervisor.
- (4) Conduct other duties outlined in the local Facility Directive.

Performance Standards. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency as a TGC:

Prerequisite. BTC-223.

3. Basic Radar Control (BRC) Training

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop proficiency in MATC Radar Final Controller operations. Upon completion of this training, the officer is trained in basic ATC radar control procedures.
- b. Administrative Notes. The Basic Radar Final Controller qualification should be attained at a MCAS. The intent is for the MATCO to have a general understanding of FAA, NAS rules and regulations. This requirement does not preclude in times of war, while under ICAO or Combat Airspace rules and regulations, the ability of the Officer to be qualified with this rating. In such cases, special considerations should be given to that officer upon his/her return to a peacetime environment. The officer should be allowed to return to the role of Facility Watch Officer or as Assistant ATC Facility Officer to further his/her understanding of the operation of an ATC facility and how it relates to the FAA and the NAS.
 - c. Prerequisite. Complete the 100-level of this syllabus.
- d. <u>Academic Training</u>. Basic academic training for this qualification is governed the local ATC facility ATC controller qualification syllabus. In addition, the MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A should be accomplished to the fullest extent possible without interfering with ATC facility training requirements that should include basic understandings of ATC facility operations, the FAA, and the NAS. Some events require a controller to be familiar with knowledge requirements listed in 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through an oral or written test with a minimum score of 80%. All qualifications require official and legal certification standards that govern such qualifications under the rules and regulation of the FAA.
 - e. <u>Live and Simulator Event Training</u>. 4 events.

BRC-230

<u>Goal</u>. Operate fixed (permanent) radar equipment.

Requirement. Operate fixed radar equipment to include:

- (1) Search Radar.
- (2) Precision Radar.
- (3) Transmitter/receiver control panel(s).
- (4) Backup/emergency transmitter/receiver location and controls.
- (5) Intercom units.
- (6) Telephones.
- (7) Altimeter.
- (8) Wind instruments.
- (9) Clocks.
- (10) NAVAID monitors.
- (11) Console lighting.
- (12) Cooling and heating controls.
- (13) Emergency alert system.
- (14) Fire extinguishers.
- (15) Emergency power cutoff.
- (16) FDEP/FDIO.
- (17) Personal Computer.
- (18) Weather reporting monitor.
- (19) VISCOM.
- (20) Simulator.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Operate the fixed radar equipment to a proficiency of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-808.

BRC-231

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Control precision/surveillance approaches using simulation $\underline{\text{mode}}$ of a Control and Communications Subsystem (AN/TSQ-131).

Requirement. Utilize the AN/TSQ-131 equipment under the supervision of an OJTI. Control 20 simulated approaches using RFC modes of the MATCALS while incorporating unusual circumstances:

S

- (1) Simulated Mode III final approach.
- (2) Simulated Mode II final approach.
- (3) Simulated Mode II, ACLS, TDL-C.
- (4) Use all of the above to include simulated emergencies

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Complete 16 of the 20 simulations successfully.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

BRC-232

Goal. Perform duties of a Radar Final Controller (RFC).

Requirement. In a radar environment, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform duties and responsibilities of a RFC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a RFC.

Prerequisite. BRC-230, KFAM-800 through KFAM-804, KFAM-806 through KFAM-808, and all KRFC knowledge events.

BRC-233 E L

Goal. Qualify as a Radar Final Controller (RFC).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner while on the RFC position.

- (1) Provide instructions necessary for an aircraft to conduct an ${\it ASR/PAR/PALS}$ approach.
- (2) When required, monitor/observe approaches as specified in FAA 7110.65.
- (3) Conduct other duties assigned by the Radar Supervisor.
- (4) Conduct other duties outlined in the local Facility Directive.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency as a Radar Final Controller.

Prerequisite. BRC-232.

108. CORE SKILL ADVANCED TRAINING

1. General

a. This phase introduces MACCS integration, functions and capabilities MATC brings to the MACCS, to include advanced ATC facility management and airspace management concepts. Experience in the MACCS is gained by serving with a MATCD in support of the MAGTF. Operational planning, logistics and embarkation considerations are introduced. The officer qualifies as an MMT Leader, serves as MATCD WC, and/or a MATC FWO. Personnel being trained in the Core Skill Advanced phase are those Marines a commanding officer feels are capable of directing the actions of subordinates during wartime scenarios. Upon completion of the Core Skill Advanced phase, the MATCO will be prepared for follow-on training as a MATCFO or MATCD Commander.

b. Core Skill Advanced Stages

- (1) Crew Management (CMT).
- (2) Battle Management (BMT).
- (3) MATC Mobile Team (MMT).

2. Crew Management (CMT) Training

a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop advanced knowledge of management techniques and procedures required leading and supervising an ATC crew.

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- b. $\underline{\text{Administrative Notes}}$. Training in this stage may be conducted simultaneously with training for qualifications, BTC-224 and BRC-233.
 - c. Prerequisite. It is highly recommended that BTC-224 and BRC-233.
- d. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - e. Live and Simulator Event Training. 3 events.

CMT-340

Goal. Conduct an MATC standard facility crew brief.

Requirement. In a standard watch/crew meeting conduct a crew brief.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully accomplish a crew brief identifying appropriate issues and outlining current situation.

Prerequisite. KFAM 800, KFAM 801, KFAM 804 and KFAM 809.

CMT-341

Goal. Perform duties as an ATC Facility Watch Officer (ATCFWO).

 $\frac{\text{Requirement}}{114}$. Perform duties of an ATCFWO at a MCAS per NAVAIR 80T-

Performance Standards. Pass an FWO exam with minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. BTC-224 and BRC 233.

CMT-342

Goal. Perform as an Assistant ATC Facility Officer (AATCFO).

Requirement. During an operation or a field exercise, and under the direct supervision of a qualified ATCFO, perform the duties and responsibilities of an AATCFO. Demonstrate proficiency in:

- (1) Crew management.
- (2) Control judgment.
- (3) Traffic management.
- (4) Operating procedures and methods.
- (5) Coordination and communication.
- (6) NOTAMS.
- (7) Flight schedules/ATO.
- (8) Airfield status.
- (9) Equipment.

Performance Standards. Pass an FWO exam with minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-809, KFAM-810, BTC-224 and BRC-233.

3. Battle Management (BMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop intermediate knowledge of tactical requirements in an ATC environment.
 - b. Prerequisite. BRC 233 and BTC 224.
- c. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - d. Live and Simulator Event Training. 17 events.

BMT-357

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Configure the Control and Communications Subsystem (AN/TSQ- $\overline{131}$) for operations.

Requirement. Properly utilize all equipment in the AN/TSQ-131. Operate the four modes available to the MATCALS operator:

- (1) Arrival/Departure Controller (ADC).
- (2) Final Controller (FC).
- (3) Maintenance (MT).
- (4) Train in the AN/TSQ-131, to include:
 - (a) Console modes available (basic, operational, and utility).
 - (b) System parameters (functional limits, compile-time parameters).
 - (c) Concurrent and redundant software modules.
 - (d) Control and Communications Subsystem (CCS) operational program interface.
 - (e) Software architecture.
 - (f) System turn-on procedures.
 - (g) System initialization.
 - (h) Local/remote Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU) loading.
 - (i) Entering system initialization.
 - (j) System readiness check-off.
 - (k) System performance monitoring.
 - (1) Operator Control Unit (OCU) procedures/capabilities.
 - (m) Data entry tools (Fixed Action Buttons [FAB], Variable
 Action Buttons [VAB], keyboard, and graphic tablet).
 - (n) Console mode menu trees.
 - (o) Equipment list.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Operate above listed equipment with 80% accuracy. Although not a requirement, completion of the MATCD Course (N2473H1) will fulfill this event.

Prerequisite. BRC-231.

BMT-358

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Develop an ACO utilizing the Airspace Deconfliction System $\overline{(\text{ADS})}$ within TBMCS.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Using the ADS in a TACC or Joint Air Operations Center (JAOC), develop and generate the ACO, to include:

- (1) Set up ADS for entering airspace user requirements and retrieving information.
- (2) Enter airspace user requirements into ADS and identify conflicts.
- (3) Resolve conflicts using ADS.
- (4) Generate an ACO.
- (5) Understand the Airspace Coordinating Means Request (ACMREQ) process.
 - (a) Complete an ACMREQ.
 - (b) Submit request through the appropriate channels.
 - (c) Ensure Airspace Coordination Measure (ACM) appears in ACO.

Performance Standards. Perform duties with 100% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-705 and Secret Level Clearance.

BMT-359

 $\underline{\underline{Goal}}$. Understand the Air Tasking Order (ATO) and fields in a standard message set.

Requirement. Execute operations using information in the ATO.

Performance Standards. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisites. KFAM-704 through KFAM-707, KFAM-712 and KFAM-714.

BMT-360 L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Describe airspace and ATC considerations in regard to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).

<u>Requirement</u>. Interact with the civil aviation community. Describe or complete the following in regard to airspace and ATC considerations and the FAA:

- (1) Status of MATC equipment systems.
- (2) Operational tempo of civilian flights within local airspace.
- (3) Liaison with FAA MATC representatives.
- (4) Information flow between civilian and military MATC personnel.
- (5) Control measures to deconflict military/civilian aircraft.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 80%. Complete a MAPP study and produce a recommended course of action for SUA to include MTR's etc. This event can be accomplished upon completion of the Airspace Managers Course.

BMT-361 L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Introduce airspace and MATC considerations with regard to the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO).

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Requirement. Describe or complete the following in regard to airspace and MATC considerations and the ICAO:

- (1) Status of sovereign nation ATC system.
- (2) Operational tempo of civilian flights.
- (3) Liaison with sovereign nation's ATC representatives.
- (4) Information flow between civilian and military ATC personnel.
- (5) Control measures to deconflict military/civilian aircraft.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

BMT-362

Goal. Develop plans for MATCD services in support of a FOB.

<u>Requirement</u>. Given a tactical scenario, identify the level of security, types of aircraft; lift assets, location and support agencies associated with (refer to MAWTS-1 ASP):

- (1) Main Base.
- (2) Air Facility.
- (3) Air Site.
- (4) Air Point.
 - (a) FARP.
 - (b) Lager Point.

Performance Standards. Develop an LOI or complete a MAPP for a MATCD that identifies requirements for the four types of FOBs.

BMT-363

<u>Goal</u>. Understand communications planning.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Review and understand a communications plan, ACEOI, Annex K of an operations order/plan.

- (1) Participate in communication planning for a MACCS training evolution.
- (2) Use Annex K and ACEOI to develop the MATCD Communications Plan for a MACCS Exercise.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Identify appropriate nets required to operate as a MATCD within the MACCS. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS training exercise.

BMT-364 L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Prepare, request and supervise a flight inspection/certification for a MCAS or MATCD.

Requirement. Supervise a flight inspection/certification of MCAS or MATCD ATC equipment. Perform or describe the following:

- (1) Request a flight inspection from the appropriate agency.
- (2) Certify NAVAID/radar operational status.
- (3) Certify instrument flight procedures the NAVAID/radar supports.
- (4) Conduct pre/post flight check briefs with designated flight
- (5) Check crew.
- (6) Tactical flight check profiles associated with permissive, and restrictive environments.
- (7) Approving authority.

Performance Standards. Complete an FAA Flight Check Certification.

External Syllabus Support. FAA Flight Check aircraft.

BMT-365

Goal. Perform as a MATCD Watch Commander (WC).

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or a field exercise perform the duties and responsibilities of a WC.

Performance Standards. Demonstrate knowledge and proficiency in:

- (1) Crew management.
- (2) Maintain current status of BDZ if in a tactical environment.
- (3) MACCS information flow.
- (4) Interface with external MACCS agencies.
- (5) Control judgment.
- (6) Traffic management.
- (7) Operating procedures and methods.
- (8) Coordination and communication.
- (9) NOTAMS.
- (10) Flight schedules/ATO.
- (11) Airfield status.
- (12) Equipment.

Prerequisite. BTC-224, BRC-233, BMT-358, BMT-359, and BMT-363.

BMT-366

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Identify and execute MATCALS Electronic Protection (EP) procedures.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a garrison or field setting in a simulated electronic warfare environment, employ EP procedures; describe:

- (1) ECCM features of MATCALS radars.
- (2) EP brevity codes per Air, Land, and Sea Application Center (ALSA) Publication.
- (3) Launch/recover aircraft, affect all-weather recoveries, and radar/non-radar handovers between MATC and adjacent agencies.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Identify and execute EP measures with 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-702 and KFAM-709.

Reference. MAWTS-1 ASP, ALSA Center Publication and MCRP 3-25B.

External Syllabus Support. EA-6B.

BMT-367

<u>Goal</u>. Plan and employ a Base Defense Zone (BDZ).

Requirement. In a field environment, plan and employ a BDZ.

Performance Standards. Execute a BDZ to include:

- (1) LAAD capabilities, limitations and requirements.
- (2) Air defense priorities.
- (3) Air defense control measures.
- (4) ID criteria and responsibility.
- (5) Rules of engagement.
- (6) Integration within the MACCS.
- (7) Communications planning.
- (8) GBDL architecture.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701, KFAM-703, KFAM-709 and KFAM-713.

BMT-368

<u>Goal</u>. Conduct MATCALS Tactical Digital Information Link (TDL) -B and -C.

Requirement. Conduct TDL-B and -C operations to include:

- (1) TDL-B initialization and monitoring.
- (2) Air track processing.
- (3) Special points and pointers.
- (4) Orders and command type messages.
- (5) Establishing and exiting TDL-B circuits.
- (6) Emergency circuit exit TDL-B.
- (7) Use of Filters with TDL-B.
- (8) Mode II, ACLS and TDL-C.
- (9) Identifying and manipulating standard symbology over a TDL-B link.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Establish the below:

- (1) A TDL-B link with at least one other MACCS agency.
- (2) A TDL-C link with aircraft for Mode II approach.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701, KFAM-703 and KFAM-710.

External Syllabus Support. Operational TACC and/or TAOC.

BMT-369

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Describe an Airspace Control Plan (ACP), Air Tasking Order/Airspace Control Order (ATO/ACO), OPTASKLINK message and Special Instructions (SPINS).

Requirement. Extrapolate information from the ATO/SPINS, ACO, and
OPTASKLINK. Utilize the information in an ATO/ACO, OPTASKLINK
message and SPINS to:

- (1) Schedule appropriate number of position qualified controllers.
- (2) Schedule student controller training.
- (3) Manipulate the ATO/ACO into a flight schedule for MMATCD use.
- (4) Reporting unit responsibilities.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-703.

BMT-370

Goal. Understand VMU system and capabilities of a VMU squadron.

Requirement. Demonstrate knowledge of the VMU to include:

- (1) Asset location.
- (2) Remote receiving station (RRS).
- (3) Ground control station (GCS) including remote capabilities.
- (4) Launch and recovery site location.
- (5) Capabilities and limitations to include:
 - (a) Missions.
 - (b) Endurance.
 - (c) Radius of action.
 - (d) Sensors.
 - (e) Acoustic signature.
 - (f) Weather.
 - (g) Personnel requirements.
- (6) Vulnerabilities to include SAM, AAA, and electronic warfare.
- (7) Airspace management considerations.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

BMT-371

Goal. Conduct MATC operations in an NBC environment.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. In a simulated NBC environment, perform MATC functions while operating MATCD equipment.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. While in MOPP IV, provide for the safe, orderly, and expeditious movement of air traffic, in either radar or tower environment.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

External Syllabus Support. Voice amplifier.

BMT-372

<u>Goal</u>. Conduct rear area security planning.

 $\frac{\text{Requirement}}{\text{MATCD}}$. Design and implement a rear area security plan for the

<u>Performance Standards</u>. With the aid of references, successfully apply concepts and terminology common to the conduct of rear area security operations to include:

- (1) Describe the fundamentals and interrelationships between:
 - (a) Combat Service Support Operations Center (CSSOC).
 - (b) Rear Area Operations Center (RAOC).
 - (c) Tactical Security Officer (TSO).
 - (d) Assistant TSO (ATSO).
 - (e) Patrol Leader (PL).
 - (f) Roving Patrol/Reaction Team.
 - (g) Sentry Posts (SPs).
 - (h) Observation Posts (OPs).
 - (i) Listening Posts (LPs).
- (2) Plan for and be prepared to execute passive and active security measures for a MATCD based on current threat assessments given minimum reliance on the GCE and RAS effort is proportionate to the threat:
 - (a) Identify passive measures.
 - (b) Dispersion and camouflage.
 - (c) Hardening of sites and installations.
 - (d) Establishment of defensive plans and positions to include appropriate local barriers and obstacles and fire plans.
- (3) Position rear area organizations for mutual support:
 - (a) Identify active measures.
 - (b) Patrol and establish OPs, LPs, security checkpoints, and other local security measures.
 - (c) Convoy security.
 - (d) Position any available air and anti-mechanical defenses within the rear area.
 - (e) Provide defensive fire plans to the RASC.
 - (f) Establish and coordinate security and security reaction forces within rear area units and geographical rear area zones.
 - (g) Establish defensive plans and positions to include appropriate local barriers and obstacles and fire plans.
 - (h) Train all Marines in basic infantry skills to include antiarmor and air defense.
- (4) Account for general contingencies:
 - (a) Enemy snipers.
 - (b) Enemy snipers may fire from one point, but be prepared for multiple firing points.
 - (c) Patrol Leader of the Roving Patrol/Reaction Team should first determine likely firing points.
 - (d) During the contact period, explain immediate actions to be taken.
 - (e) React quickly, identify likely firing position and return fire.
 - (f) Give a report to the TSO or ATSO.
 - (g) Set-up flanking points.
 - (h) Maintain visual contact with sniper but do not approach area previously held by the sniper (booby traps).
 - (i) Cover possible withdrawal areas.

- (j) During the immediate follow-up period, explain immediate actions to be taken.
- (k) Isolate and cordon off the area where possible.
- (1) Find a position to brief on-coming leader.
- (5) Develop procedures for Mob Control:
 - (a) Presence of a crowd may be planned or may develop into a spontaneous emotional eruption.
 - (b) If planned, its purpose is to degrade security.
 - (c) Mob action is characterized by emotion and violent action and can be highly contagious.
 - (d) Quickly restore order with minimum use of force while ensuring a safe escape route for the mob.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

BMT-373

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Develop Emission Control (EMCON) and Radar Emissions Control (RADCON) plans for an MATCD.

Requirement. Develop and implement an EMCON and RADCON plan for the MATCD, to include:

- (1) Develop EMCON and RADCON plans for each NAVAID/radar system listed:
 - (a) AN/TRN-44, TACAN.
 - (b) AN/TPN-30, Marine Remote Area Approach Landing System.
 - (c) AN/TSQ 131(V), Control and Communication Subsystem.
 - (d) AN/TPN-22, All-Weather Landing Subsystem.
 - (e) AN/TPS-73, Surveillance radar.
- (2) Demonstrate how the MATCD can reduce its vulnerability as part of an integrated air defense system to an ECM/SAM threat while employing the above listed equipment.
- (3) Explain EMCON/RADCON MATC operations.
- (4) Develop EMCON procedures for MATCD support of a MACCS training evolution.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Successfully develop EMCON and RADCON plans during a simulated or live environment.

Prerequisite. KFAM-702, KFAM-709 and BMT-366.

External Syllabus Support. EA-6B.

4. Marine ATC Mobile Team (MMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of MMT tactics, techniques and procedures.
- b. $\underline{\text{Prerequisite}}$. Basic qualification as Tower Ground Control and Radar Final Controller.
- c. $\underline{\text{Crew Requirements}}$. At a minimum, a core capable MMT consisting of a 6-man team.
- d. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All

knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.

e. Live and Simulator Event Training. 4 events.

MMT-380

<u>Goal</u>. Operate communications equipment in secure mode and frequency <u>agile</u> mode.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a garrison or field environment, communicate with other agencies using secure mode of organic radios, demonstrate the use of the following (as applicable):

- (1) AN/PRC-119 VHF (FM).
- (2) AN/PRC-104 HF.
- (3) AN/PRC-113 UHF/VHF (AM).
- (4) AN/PRC-117F SATCOM/UHF/VHF (AM/FM).
- (5) KY-58,99.
- (6) KIR-1C.
- (7) KY-75.
- (8) KYK-13.
- (9) KOI-18.
- (10) CYZ-10.
- (11) AN/PRC-150 HF.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Without assistance, successfully operate each radio system (as applicable).

Prerequisite. Lecture A-19, KFAM-700 and BTC-224.

MMT-381

Goal. Understand communications planning.

Requirement. Demonstrate knowledge of MMT information flow, communications plan, ACEOI, Annex K of an operations order/plan

- (1) Participate in communication planning for a MACCS training evolution.
- (2) Use Annex K and the ACEOI to develop the MATCD Communications Plan for a MACCS Exercise.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Plan and execute MMT information flow for a MACCS exercise.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS training exercise.

MMT-382

Goal. Perform as an MMT Leader.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. During an operation or training exercise, while utilizing required equipment perform as an MMT Leader:

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- (1) Recommend/assist in TLZ/HLZ site selection and survey.
- (2) Coordinate with civil and military control agencies.
- (3) Prepare personnel and equipment readiness.
- (4) Conduct MMT and aircrew briefings.
- (5) Insertion and extraction methods.
- (6) Mark TLZ/HLZs.
- (7) Planning.
- (8) Personnel management.
- (9) Aircrew briefings.
- (10) MMT operations.
- (11) MATC liaison.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully establish at least one day and one night HLZ and TLZ per MMT TACSOP.

Prerequisite. KFAM-704.

MMT-383 E

Goal. Certify as an MMT Leader in a field exercise.

Requirement. During an operation/field exercise, with a qualified MMT Leader, qualify as an MMT Leader. Demonstrate proficiency in:

- (1) Site selection.
- (2) Personnel and equipment readiness.
- (3) MMT and aircrew briefings.
- (4) Insertion and extraction.
- (5) Mark TLZ/HLZs.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}$. Successfully plan and execute an MMT operation as directed in a MACCS exercise.

Prerequisite. MMT-380, MMT-381 and MMT-382.

109. CORE PLUS TRAINING

1. General

a. This phase includes skills and qualifications that are not prerequisite to combat qualification or the ability to function as combat leaders, but are those for which a certain number of trained individuals or crews must be maintained to accomplish special missions or tasks. The officer is exposed to advanced MACCS integration and employment of MATCD equipment within a joint environment. The officer serves in a Marine Air Control Group (MACG) detachment on a Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU), as a MACCS airspace management liaison for the MAGTF, and with joint/coalition forces, FAA, and International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), where contingency plans and operations are developed. Experience is gained as a MATCFO, MATCD commander and/or MACG MEU detachment OIC. This phase provides training such as Special Purpose MAGTF/MEF level MACCS employment, advanced MATCD tactics and comprehensive training in MACCS, MAGTF, and Joint Task Force (JTF)/Joint Forces Air Component Commander (JFACC) operations.

b. Core Skill Advanced Stages

- (1) Crew Management (CMT).
- (2) Battle Management (BMT).
- (3) MATC Mobile Team (MMT).

2. Crew Management (CMT) Training

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop advanced knowledge of airspace and facility management techniques and procedures required leading and supervising an ATC facility.
- b. Administrative Notes. Completion of this stage should ensure designation as an ATCFO.
 - c. Prerequisite. All 200 and 300 phase events.
- d. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - e. Live and Simulator Event Training. 2 events.

CMT-440

Goal. Perform as a MATC Facility Officer (MATCFO).

<u>Requirement</u>. Perform duties and responsibilities of an MATCFO. Demonstrate proficiency in:

- (1) Crew management.
- (2) Control judgment.
- (3) Traffic management.
- (4) Operating procedures and methods.
- (5) Coordination and communication.
- (6) NOTAMS.
- (7) Flight schedules/ATO.
- (8) Airfield status.
- (9) Equipment.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully perform all duties and responsibilities as the MATCFO.

Prerequisite. BTC-224 and BRC-233.

CMT-441 L

<u>Goal</u>. Introduce Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS).

Requirement. State the following:

- (1) Purpose of TERPS.
- (2) Two types of TERPS.
- (3) Four segments in procedures construction.
- (4) MATCD NAVAIDS.
- (5) Two areas of each segment.
- (6) Required obstacle clearance for each approach segment.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%. With aid of references, develop a minimum of two instrument approaches (precision/non-precision) for each NAVAID/radar system assigned to a MCAS or MATCD using TERPS and simulate processing it for DOD approval and publication. Completion of the TERPS course taught by the FAA meets this requirement.

3. Battle Management (BMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of tactical requirements in a MATC environment.
- b. Administrative Notes. Completion of this stage should ensure designation as a MATCD commander.
 - c. Prerequisite. All 200 and 300 level events.
- d. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - e. <u>Live and Simulator Event Training</u>. 15 events.

BMT-460

Goal. Understand TDL operations.

Requirement. Thoroughly understand TDL operations and how they link together to form the JTAO Interface. Perform the following:

- (1) Recognize what combat information is exchanged and/or forwarded on the JTAO Interface in supporting the C2 functions of the service tactical data systems.
- (2) Identify characteristics and normal communication methods for a given TDL.
- (3) Recognize different message types supported by JTIDS and what TDMA provides.
- (4) Recognize relationship between NCS, roll call, PU, and NCT.
- (5) Identify different data timing rates for TDL-A, -B, -C, and ATDL-1.
- (6) Recognize advantages of JTIDS when compared to TDL-A, -B, -C, and ATDL-1.
- (7) Identify the four categories of equipment, which comprise a representative tactical data system equipment configuration for TDL-A, -B, -C, and ATDL-1.
- (8) Recognize the six modes of operation for a Data Terminal Set.
- (9) Identify the four main sections of the JTIDS Class 2 terminal.
- (10) Recognize different Key Generators (KG) employed in tactical data system equipment configurations for TDL-A, -B, ATDL-1, and JTIDS.
- (11) Recognize how shared situational awareness is provided through the process of forwarding.
- (12) Recognize interfacing units on TDL-A, -B, and -J.
- (13) Identify the term Supporting Unit (SU), and know which TDL subscribers would normally operate as an SU.

- (14) Recognize functions provided by an FPU, FRU, and FJU.
- (15) Recognize the different forwarding rules for the JTAO Interface.
- (16) Identify key publications that describe the process of forwarding data via TDL-A, -B, and -J in the JTAO interface.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701, KFAM-703 and KFAM-710.

BMT-461 L

Goal. Understand the TBMCS Advanced Planning System (APS).

Requirement. Describe the following as it relates to the APS:

- (1) Significance of importing planning data.
- (2) Purpose of Setup Planning Data in APS.
- (3) Requirements for building external requests.
- (4) Means of gaining situational awareness.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-705.

BMT-462

Goal. Operate within a TAOC.

Requirement. Work within a TAOC during an exercise or operation.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Describe the functions and leadership positions within the TAOC.

Prerequisite. MAWTS-1 ASP.

BMT-463

Goal. Operate within a DASC.

Requirement. Work within a DASC during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe functions and leadership positions within the DASC.

Prerequisite. MAWTS-1 ASP.

BMT-464

Goal. Operate within LAAD.

Requirement. Work within LAAD during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe the functions and leadership positions within LAAD.

Prerequisite. MAWTS-1 ASP.

BMT-465

<u>Goal</u>. Understand Integrated Combat Airspace Command and Control.

Requirement. Understand the Integrated Combat Airspace Command and Control System. Demonstrate knowledge and proficiency to include:

- (1) Mission of the Joint Force Commander.
- (2) Airspace control authority (ACA) to include:
 - (a) Assignment.
 - (b) Responsibilities.
 - (c) Integration with sovereign nation's MATC.
- (3) Development of the airspace control plan.
- (4) Area Air Defense Commander (AADC) to include relationship with the ACA.
- (5) Joint Force Air Component Commander (JFACC).
- (6) Component commands.
- (7) Operation Concept for Integrating Combat Airspace Command and Control to include top-down guidance and direction, modular system, and the delegation of authority to service/functional components.
- (8) Function of the Joint Aerospace Cell (JAOC).
- (9) Airspace control boundaries to include, airspace control area, airspace control sector.
- (10) Airspace control plan and airspace control order.
- (11) Aerial air defense plan and tactical operational data.
- (12) Air Force Theater Air Control System to include function of:
 - (a) Air Operations Center (AOC).
 - (b) Control and Reporting Center (CRC).
 - (c) Forward Reporting Post.
 - (d) Modular Control Equipment.
 - (e) Air Support Operation Center (ASOC).
 - (f) Tactical Air Control Party.
 - (g) Airborne elements of the ABCCC/AWACS/JSTAR.
- (13) Army Airspace Command and Control System to include the function of the Army Air Ground System and Battlefield Coordination Element.
- (14) Naval airspace command and control systems to include composite warfare commander concept, delegation of authority, CWC coordinating staff, and integration with air defense.
- (15) Agencies with which the MACCS will interface.
- (16) TADIL interface capabilities between all platforms and agencies between the participating services.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with passing score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-705 through KFAM-708; KFAM-711 through KFAM-715.

 $\overline{\text{External Syllabus Support}}$. Joint Air Tasking Order Process Course (JATOPC) and Joint Air and Space Operation Center (JAOC) Initial Qualification Course.

BMT-466

<u>Goal</u>. Deploy a MATCD through a planning problem.

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Requirement. Successfully deploy an MATCD to include all MATC and maintenance assets. Demonstrate proficiency in:

- (1) Initial planning conference.
- (2) Simulate procedures to schedule a flight check.
- (3) Site selection.
- (4) Determine defensive posture.
- (5) Schedule follow-on planning conferences.
- (6) Publish an LOI.
- (7) Develop Marine Simulation Event List (MSEL), if applicable.
- (8) Develop a communication plan to include:
 - (a) Frequency request for radars, NAVAIDS, and radios.
 - (b) Telephone line request.
- (9) Maintenance/supply support.
- (10) Plan logistical support to include:
 - (a) Advanced/main body arrival dates.
 - (b) Advanced/main body retrograde dates.
 - (c) Medical support.
 - (d) Messing facilities.
 - (e) Quarters.
 - (f) Administrative support.
- (11) After action reports (MCLLS) and debrief items.
- (12) Tactical Aircraft Mission Planning System (TAMPS).
- (13) TBMCS.
- (14) Successfully plan the employment of a MATCD in a MACCS training evolution, including all the above listed requirements. The actual employment may be either real or notional.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Deploy a MATCD during a simulated or actual exercise.

Prerequisite. KFAM-704.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS training/operational event.

BMT-467

<u>Goal</u>. Be proficient in planning, execution and debrief of a <u>simulated</u> exercise.

Requirement. Demonstrate proficiency in the planning, execution and debrief of MACCS Integrated Systems Training Exercise (MISTEX), Joint Services Tactical Exercise (JSTE), or Naval Expeditionary Force Exercise (NEFEX). Perform a MACCS Integrated Systems Training Exercise (MISTEX), Joint Services Tactical Exercise (JSTE), or Naval Expeditionary Force Exercise (NEFEX) utilizing the following:

- (1) TBMCS
- (2) Utilize the CAFMS and APS systems in TBMCS.
- (3) TAMPS.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Clearly describe all phases of a simulated exercise by passing an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701 and KFAM-710.

BMT-468

Goal. Perform as an MATC Liaison Officer.

Requirement. Provide liaison with other military/civil ATC agencies and other MACCS and aviation units.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform MATC liaison duties during a MACCS exercise/SIMEX, or as appropriate. Describe MATC responsibilities and duties to other MACCS or civilian MATC agencies.

Prerequisite. BTC-224, BRC-233 and MMT-382.

<u>External Syllabus Support</u>. Operational MACCS agencies or appropriate civilian MATC agency.

BMT-469 L/S

Goal. Perform as a member of the ACE planning staff.

Requirement. In a tactical exercise, assist in planning and airspace management for a MEU, MEB, MEF or Special Purpose MAGTF.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Assist in planning airspace management during an exercise/operation.

Prerequisite. MMT-382, KFAM-705 through KFAM-708, and KFAM-711 through KFAM-715.

BMT-470

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}\,.$ Introduce fundamental principles of theater missile and air defense planning.

<u>Requirement</u>. With aid of references, apply concepts and terminology common to the integration of joint assets into a theater missile and air defense system. Identify who is responsible for conducting theater missile and air defense, specific responsibilities, missile and air defense agencies of joint forces and considerations for employment to include:

- (1) Describe who is normally appointed the Area Air Defense Commander (AADC).
 - (a) Identify criteria used to normally appoint the AADC.
 - (b) Identify which components will normally be designated the theater AADC.
 - (c) Know the basic responsibilities of the AADC.
 - (d) Identify the AADC basic responsibilities.
- (2) Know the Theater Missile and Air Ground defense agencies and their functions:
 - (a) Given a Theater Air Ground System air defense agency, select its air defense function.
 - (b) Identify the objectives of Theater Missile Defense (TMD).
 - (c) Identify the four operational elements of TMD.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

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<u>Prerequisite</u>. KFAM-711 through KFAM-715, Completion of ACC Joint <u>Air Operations</u> Staff Course (JAOSC: F19L2W2) meets this requirement.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS MISTEX or operational joint environment.

BMT-471 L/S

Goal. Execute phases, inputs, processes and outputs of ATO cycle.

Requirement. With aid of references, participate in the phases, inputs and processes of building and executing an ATO to include:

- (1) Understand the process of building an ATO. List, in order, the five phases of the ATO cycle that normally relate to ATO development in a typical Joint Air Operations Center (JAOC) Combat Plans.
- (2) Understand the relationship of inputs and outputs, match them with the appropriate phases of a single ATO cycle:
 - (a) Identify key inputs and outputs of a single ATO cycle.
 - (b) Identify outputs of a single ATO as inputs to the appropriate phase of a future ATO.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. Although not required, recommend completion of JAOC Course.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS MISTEX or operational joint environment.

BMT-472 L/S

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. Develop an Airspace Control Plan (ACP) for joint combat operations.

Requirement. Aid in development of an ACP in support of an operation/exercise. With the aid of references, write a theater ACP providing airspace control procedures for airspace users, operations planners, and airspace control personnel to include:

- (1) Comprehend planning considerations in designating BDZs and understand how to develop and apply BDZ departure and recovery procedures when writing an ACP:
 - (a) Identify factors that should be considered in developing BDZ departure and recovery procedures.
 - (b) Designate those air bases in the Area of Responsibility (AOR) that will have BDZs and develop departure and recovery procedures.
- (2) Comprehend the parameters necessary to have an effective method of getting friendly aircraft through friendly air defense areas and apply them when writing an ACP.
- (3) Identify parameters used for developing Minimum Risk Routes (MRRs).
- (4) Comprehend and apply the planning considerations in designating a coordinating altitude.
- (5) Identify parameters used in developing coordinating altitude.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. KFAM 705. Although not required, recommend completion of JAOSC Course.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS MISTEX or operational joint environment.

BMT-473

Goal. Develop the ACO for joint combat operations.

<u>Requirement</u>. Create an ACO utilizing information provided by higher headquarters. Write the theater ACO employing Airspace Coordinating Measures (ACMs), Fire Support Coordination Measures (FSCMs), Air Defense Procedures and standard procedures graphics to include:

- (1) List airspace user requirements and identify major factors to consider when deconflicting combat airspace requirements.
- (2) Identify major factors to consider when deconflicting airspace requirements.
- (3) Identify the various airspace user requirements for each Service.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. KFAM-705. Although not required, recommend completion of JAOC Course.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS MISTEX or operational joint
environment.

BMT-474 E L

Goal. Perform in an operational billet in the TACC.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a field environment, integrate and operate as a member of a crew in a TACC. Perform the following:

- (1) Utilize the TBMCS.
- (2) Fill appropriate TACC billet.

 $\frac{\text{Performance Standards}}{\text{TACC T&R standards}}$. Achieve qualification rating according to

Prerequisite. KFAM-705.

BMT-477

Goal. Perform as a MATC Detachment (MATCD)Commander.

<u>Requirement</u>. Perform duties and responsibilities of an MATCD Commander. Demonstrate proficiency in:

- (1) Crew management.
- (2) Control judgment.

- (3) Traffic management.
- (4) Operating procedures and methods.
- (5) Coordination and communication.
- (6) NOTAMS.
- (7) Flight schedules/ATO.
- (8) Airfield status.
- (9) Equipment.
- (10) Deployment/Employment/Retrograde of ATC Deployable Assets.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully perform all duties and responsibilities as the MATCD Commander.

Prerequisite. BMT-362, BMT-364, BMT-366 through BMT-369, BMT-371,
BMT-372.

4. MACS Mobile Team (MMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of MMT tactics and procedures.
 - b. Prerequisite. Be qualified as an MMT Leader (MMT-383).
- c. Academic Training. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - d. Live and Simulator Event Training. 1 event.

MMT-480

<u>Goal</u>. Perform as an MMT Liaison Officer.

<u>Requirement</u>. Perform MMT liaison duties during a MACCS exercise/SIMEX, or as appropriate, demonstrate knowledge of responsibilities and duties to other MACCS or civilian agencies.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Provide liaison with other military/civil agencies and other MACCS and aviation units.

Prerequisite. KFAM-708, BTC-224, BRC-233 and MMT-383.

<u>External Syllabus Support</u>. Operational MACCS agencies or appropriate civilian agency.

110. INSTRUCTOR (INST) TRAINING

1. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. Instructor training prepares the controller towards certification and designation as a Weapons and Tactics Instructor (WTI)-Air Control, or MATC Mobile Team (MMT) Leader Instructor.

a. Administrative Notes

(1) Instructor certification requirements are delineated in the approved MAWTS-1 guides. This POI is to be completed prior to designation as an instructor.

- (2) The officer must be experienced enough to be able to instruct others in the MATC leadership and supervisory functions of this syllabus.
 - b. Live and Simulator Event Training. 2 events.

INST-500

Goal. Certify as a Weapons Tactics Instructor (WTI)-Air Control.

Requirement. See MAWTS-1 Course Catalog for requirements and additional quidance.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Graduate from the WTI Course and be certified by MAWTS-1 as a WTI. Upon completion, the officer is designated as a WTI and is assigned secondary MOS 7277.

INST-501

Goal. Certify as MMT Leader Instructor.

Requirement. See MAWTS-1 Course Catalog for requirements and additional quidance.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Graduate the MMT Course and be certified by MAWTS-1 as an MMT Leader Instructor.

111. QUALIFICATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

1. General

- a. This phase contains tracking codes and events designed to facilitate training management. This level also provides community standardization for combat leadership designation.
 - b. The 600-level stages are known as Qualifications and Designations.
- c. The controller must be experienced enough to successfully provide MATC leadership and supervision in the ATC community.

2. MATC Officer Qualifications

- a. Qualification codes do not constitute events themselves. Rather, they will be logged upon completion of qualification requirements; signing of the qualification letter by the commander, filing the letter in the MACCS performance record (MPR) and other administrative actions taken as appropriate. Requirements for maintaining qualifications are detailed in the Aviation T&R Program Directive. Refer to Core Skills and Core Plus phases for qualification requirements.
- b. <u>Tower Ground Control (TGC) qualification</u>. An MATCO is TGC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- c. Radar Final Controller (RFC) qualification. An MATCO is RFC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.

d. Tracking Training Events. 2 events.

QUAL-624

<u>Goal</u>. Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-224.

Qual-683

Goal. Qualify as an MMT Leader.

Prerequisite. MMT-383.

3. MATC Officer Designations

- a. Designation codes do not constitute events themselves. Rather, they will be logged upon being designated by the commanding officer or a direct representative in writing and other administrative actions taken as appropriate; the designation letter shall be filed in the MACCS performance records (MPR). Requirements for designations are detailed in the Aviation T&R Program directive.
- b. Weapons Tactics Instructor (WTI) Designation. An MATCO is designated as a WTI by the commanding officer or a direct representative. Completion of INST-500 is required. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- c. MATC Mobile Team (MMT) Leader Instructor designation. A controller is designated as an MMT Leader Instructor by the commanding officer or the MATCD commander. Completion of MMT-383 or INST-501 is highly recommended. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- d. <u>Air Traffic Control Facility Officer (ATCFO) designation</u>. An MATCO is designated as an ATCFO by the commanding officer or a direct representative. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- e. <u>Facility Watch Officer (FWO) designation</u>. An MATCO is designated as a FWO by the ATCFO while completing required Core Skill Basic events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- f. MATC Watch Commander (WC) designation. The MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events designates an MATCO as a WC. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- g. Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment (MATCD) Commander designation. A MATCO is designated as an MATCD Commander by the commanding officer or a direct representative. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- h. MATC Mobile Team (MMT) Leader designation. A controller is designated as an MMT leader by the commanding officer or the MATCD commander. Completion of QUAL-683 or INST-501 is highly recommended. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.

i. Tracking Training Events. 7 events.

DESG-600

Goal. Designate as WTI.

Prerequisite. INST-500.

DESG-601

Goal. Designate as MMT Leader Instructor.

Prerequisite. INST-501 or MMT-383.

DESG-640

Goal. Designate as ATCFO.

Prerequisite. CMT-440.

DESG-642

Goal. Designate as ATCFWO.

Prerequisite. BTC-224, BRC 233, and CMT-342.

DESG-665

Goal. Designate as MATCD WC.

Prerequisite. BMT-365.

DESG-677

Goal. Designate as MATCD Commander

Prerequisite. BMT-477

DESG-683

Goal. Designate as MMT Leader.

Prerequisite. MMT-383 or INST-501.

112. TACTICAL KNOWLEDGE TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. The 700-level events provide knowledge required for the successful completion of events located in the phases/stages of training in this syllabus.
- 2. Academic Training. All knowledge events must be tested and passed using a written or oral exam with a minimum score of 80%.
- 3. Live and Simulator Event Training. 16 events.

KFAM-700

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate MATCD communication assets and identify their capabilities.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a garrison or field setting, demonstrate knowledge of and operate MATCD communication assets and demonstrate its capabilities to include:

- (1) VHF/UHF/HF/FM radios and corresponding control positions.
- (2) Communication equipment associated with the AN/TSQ-120, AN/TSQ-216 and AN/TSQ-131.
- (3) Encryption capabilities and COMSEC procedures.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Establish a two-way communication link using at least two different types of radio equipment and perform a radio check in both secured and unsecured modes.

KFAM-701

Goal. Identify standard data link symbology.

Requirement. Identify and manipulate standard symbology over a TDL-B. The exercise should include friendlies, hostiles, unknowns and pending.

Performance Standards. Visually identify data link symbology with a minimum of 80% accuracy.

KFAM-702

Goal. Describe Electronic Warfare (EW).

<u>Requirement</u>. Utilize proper EW procedures. Recognize EW activity and demonstrate:

- (1) Joint Interference reporting as it applies to the following MATC equipment:
 - (a) AN/TSQ-120.
 - (b) AN/TRN-44.
 - (c) AN/TPN-30.
 - (d) AN/TSQ-131.
 - (e) AN/TPS-73.
 - (f) AN/TPN-22.
- (2) Knowledge of the following EW categories:
 - (a) Electronic Protection (EP).
 - (b) Electronic Attack (EA) techniques.
 - (c) Electronic Support (ES) techniques.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-703

Goal. Describe Operational Data (OPDAT) message preparation and use.

Requirement. Describe an OPDAT message (refer to JCS Pub 12, Vols 1-4, JTAO Procedural Handbook, and OPDAT), to include:

- (1) Locate OPDAT message in JCS PUB 12, Vols. 1-4 and JTAO Procedural Handbook.
- (2) Complete OPDAT message using supplied parameters.
- (3) Identify parts of OPDAT message that relate to TDL-B.

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- (4) Identify information contained within each part relating to TDL-B and how it is applied to the JTAO interface.
- (5) Identify parts of OPDAT message that relate to interface duties, areas of responsibility and zones of airspace responsibility.
- (6) Identify three ways OPDAT expresses locations, areas of responsibility and zones of airspace management.
- (7) Identify the OPDAT part dealing with encryption references.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-704

Goal. Describe phasing control ashore.

Requirement. Describe in detail phasing control ashore to include:

- (1) Phases in the process.
- (2) MACCS agency actions that define each phase.
- (3) Primary communication links between agencies.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-705

Goal. Describe the Airspace Deconfliction System (ADS).

<u>Requirement</u>. Describe the purpose and JAOC users of ADS, including its functions and capabilities.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-706

Goal. Describe the Joint Air Operation Center (JAOC).

Requirement. Describe the JAOC to include:

- (1) Primary mission and elements of the JAOC.
- (2) Responsibilities of each JAOC Division/element to include:
 - (a) Combat Operations Division.
 - (b) Combat Plans Division.
 - (c) Strategy Division.
 - (d) Air Mobility Division.
 - (e) Liaison personnel within the JAOC.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-707

Goal. Understand C2 of USMC TACAIR in joint operations.

Requirement. Understand and explain Marine aviation C2 in a joint environment, to include:

- (1) Terminology utilized during joint operations.
- (2) Chain of command in joint operations.

- (3) Joint land operations command relationships.
- (4) Coordination measures and areas for fire support.
- (5) Definition and explanation of the Omnibus agreement in relation to USMC TACAIR.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-708

Goal. Understand Command and Control Warfare (C2W).

Requirement. Explain the five pillars of C2W. Refer to MAWTS-1 ASP, JCS MOP 185 C3CM, FMFM 3-1, OPNAVINST 5510.1, and MCO 5600.20.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-709

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Understand Anti-Radiation Missiles (ARM) Countermeasures for $\underline{\text{MACCS}}$ units.

Requirement. Properly utilize ARM countermeasures within the MACCS. Describe ARM Countermeasures for MACCS to include:

- Ground rules for determining the effectiveness of ARM countermeasures.
- (2) Elements considered when preparing EMCON plan.
- (3) Measures to reduce the effectiveness of an ARM threat.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-710

Goal. Understand JTAO interface.

Requirement. Thoroughly understand JTAO interface, and key service Air Command, Control, Communications, and Intelligence (C3I) systems. Perform the following:

- (1) Select the correct definition for JTAO Interface.
- (2) Recognize the correct definitions for defensive counter air operations.
- (3) Identify JTAO related terms with their definitions.
- (4) Select the data link, which represents the normal connectivity between two air C3I units.
- (5) Select the correct description for a given TDL.
- (6) Identify the correct description of a key air C3I unit.
- (7) Identify which TDLs use point-to-point and which use netted communications.
- (8) Identify the three categories of tactical air information shared on a JTAO Interface.
- (9) Recognize the correct definitions for centralized and decentralized air defense operations.
- (10) Identify the three features that best describe each TDL.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-711

Goal. Understand the Theatre Air Ground System (TAGS).

Requirement. Demonstrate knowledge of the U.S. Air Force operational facilities and units that comprise the TAGS. Address the organization, roles, capabilities and limitations of these facilities and how they participate in and contribute to the JTAO Interface to include:

- (1) Identify mission, organization, and capability of the Air Force (AF).
- (2) Identify functions of the AF C4I system.
- (3) Identify the organization of the AF C4I system as part of a Joint Force in JTAO.
- (4) Describe the ground elements of the TACS.
- (5) Define the missions and functions of the TACS.
- (6) Describe command, control, and communications equipment associated with TAGS.
- (7) Identify TAGS communications connectivity required for JTAO interface.
- (8) Describe radar equipment and assets of the TAGS.
- (9) Define the mission and functions of the Air Operations Center (AOC).
- (10) Describe the peacetime and wartime organization of the AOC.
- (11) Define the capabilities of the AOC.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-712

Goal. Understand Airborne Elements of the Air Control System (AEACS).

<u>Requirement</u>. Demonstrate knowledge of the Air Force (AF) operational systems and units that comprise the AEACS. Address the organization, roles, capabilities and limitations of these facilities and how they participate in and contribute to the JTAO Interface to include:

- (1) Describe missions, organization and capabilities of the AF.
- (2) Identify functions of the AF C4I system.
- (3) Identify the organization of the AF C4I system as part of a Joint Force in JTAO.
- (4) Identify aircraft associated with AEACS.
- (5) Describe missions and functions of the AEACS.
- (6) Describe crew composition for AEACS aircraft along with operator duty positions.
- (7) Identify radar equipment used by AEACS aircraft.
- (8) Describe communications equipment used by AEACS.
- (9) Describe communications interface accomplished during JTAO.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-713

 $\frac{\text{Goal}}{\text{(AADCCS)}}$. Understand the Army Air Defense Command and Control System

Requirement. Demonstrate knowledge of the U.S. Army operational facilities, systems, and units, which comprise the AADCCS. Address the organization, roles, capabilities, and limitations of these facilities, and how they participate in and contribute to the JTAO Interface to include:

- (1) Describe AADCCS's contribution to JTAO.
- (2) Define operational capabilities of AADCCS.
- (3) Describe organization of ADA units.
- (4) Identify ADA equipment and data links that support the JTAO Interface.
- (5) Identify key personnel in Joint Air Defense Operations.
- (6) Describe the difference between command and control for ADA units.
- (7) Define the chain of command for ADA units.
- (8) Identify key elements within the ADA organization in Joint Air Defense operation.
- (9) Identify the function of ADAFCO at the CRC or TAOC.
- (10) Describe Corps air defense assets.
- (11) Identify theater air defense assets assigned to AADC for operational control.
- (12) Define PATRIOT operations with reference to the mission, capabilities and limitations.
- (13) Define FAAD operations.
- (14) Roles and functions of the Battlefield Coordination Detachment (BCD).
- (15) Describe TDLs to various ADA systems/units.
- (16) Describe key command, fire control and communications support at the brigade level.
- (17) Identify AADCCS's role in Theater Missile Defense (TMD) support.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-714

Goal. Understand Special Information Systems Aircraft (SIS A/C).

<u>Requirement</u>. Demonstrate knowledge of SIS A/C. Describe the mission and capabilities of:

- (1) E-3C Airborne Warning Control System (AWACS).
- (2) E-2 Hawkeye.
- (3) Rivet Joint (RJ).
- (4) Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar System (JSTARS).
- (5) DASC(A).
- (6) Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAV).
- (7) EC-130 Commando Solo.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-715

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Understand the fundamental principles of Joint Combat Airspace Doctrine, Organizations and Procedures.

Requirement. With the aid of references, apply airspace control doctrine from the Joint, Multi-Service and Single Service perspective. Know the specific responsibilities and duties of the Joint Force

Commander (JFC) and Airspace Control Authority (ACA), and how to develop the Airspace Control Plan (ACP) and the Airspace Control Order (ACO) to include:

- (1) List the JFC and ACA airspace control responsibilities:
 - (a) Select the JFC's airspace control responsibilities.
 - (b) Identify the ACA's responsibilities.
- (2) Understand the fundamentals of airspace control:
 - (a) Identify primary goal or purpose of airspace control.
 - (b) Describe use of airspace by all components.
- (3) Identify organization, functions and responsibilities of the command and control elements of a joint force airspace control system. Identify the four basic functional activities that airspace command and control elements perform.
- (4) Identify different methods of airspace control.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

External Syllabus Support. MACCS MISTEX or operational joint environment.

113. NON-TACTICAL KNOWLEDGE TRAINING

1. General

a. <u>Purpose</u>. The MATC MOS is knowledge intensive. The 800 level events contain knowledge required of all MATCOs to obtain not only for position qualifications but also core skill proficiency. There is common knowledge applicable to both the tower and radar branches of a facility. In addition, each branch has specific knowledge required for qualification.

b. Knowledge Event Abbreviations

- (1) Common knowledge (KFAM).
- (2) Tower Ground Control knowledge (KTGC).
- (3) Radar Final Control knowledge (KRFC).
- c. Administrative Note. Should conflict exist between the training and operating procedures found in the NAVAIR 00-80T-114 and those found in other publications, the NAVAIR 00-80T-114 will govern.
- d. <u>Prerequisite</u>. All knowledge events in this section are a prerequisite for events throughout the syllabus. Knowledge associated with a control position will be taught and tested during student training.
- e. <u>Academic Training</u>. All knowledge events must be tested using a written or oral exam and passed with a minimum score of 80%.

2. Common Knowledge

KFAM-800

<u>Goal</u>. Memorize the airfield layout.

Requirement. Draw/label from memory an airfield diagram to include the
following:

(1) Runways. Numbering/marking. Length and width. Aircraft weight bearing capacity. Crash Fire Rescue standby positions. Windsocks (type/capacity). OLS positions. (2) Taxiways. Length and width. Directional usage. Aircraft weight bearing capacity. Designation (name/number). Special use areas (hazardous cargo, hot brakes, ordnance load/offload, arm/dearm, etc.). Special routes (VIP, ordnance carrying, etc.). Restrictions. (3) Helicopter landing areas/spots name, designation and restrictions. (4) Fuel Pits. Number of fueling points. Directional usage. Types of fuel available. (5) Aircraft wash rack restrictions and directional usage. (6) Tenant aircraft parking ramps. Squadron assigned. Type of aircraft. Tactical call sign/MODEX. Hangar assigned. Taxi routes. (7) Transient parking ramps. Restrictions. VIP spots. Taxi routes. (8) Crash Fire Rescue location and types of vehicles. (9) Hangars. Building number. Unit assigned. Special usage (if applicable). (10) Vehicular traffic. Restrictions. Routes. Clearances. Control devices (road lights, traffic arms, etc.). (11) Visual aids. Runway lights. Approach lights. Taxiway lights. Airfield beacon. Obstruction lights. Optical landing systems. (12) Navigation aids. Type and channel/frequency. Location and monitoring capability. Compass rose. (13) Obstructions type, height, and location on the airfield. (14) MATC radar types and location.

Reference. Local publications and Flight Information Publications.

KFAM-801

<u>Goal</u>. General MATC knowledge.

Reference

| (1) | FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|-------|---------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | Ch1 | Sec1 | (Introduction) General. |
| | Ch1 | Sec2 | Terms Of Reference. |
| | Ch2 | Sec1 | (General Control) General. |
| | | Sec2 | Forwarding Amended and UTM Data. |
| | | Sec4 | Radio And Interphone Communication. |
| | | Sec8 | Runway Visibility Reporting-Terminal. |
| | | Sec10 | Team Position Responsibilities. |
| | | Sec1 | Establishing Two-Way Communications. |
| | | Sec1 | (Special Flights) General. |
| | | Sec1 | (Emergencies) General. |
| (2) | | ry Terms | (Emergeneres) deneral. |
| (2) | GIOSSA. | Ly ICIMS | Additional Service. |
| | | | Advisory Frequencies. |
| | | | Aerial Refueling. |
| | | | Affirmative. |
| | | | Roger. |
| | | | Wilco. |
| | | | Aircraft Classes. |
| | | | AirMet. |
| | | | Approach Gate. |
| | | | Final Approach Fix. |
| | | | Final Approach Course. |
| | | | Decision Height. |
| | | | Overhead Maneuver. |
| | | | Pilot's Discretion. |
| | | | Pilot Weather Report. |
| | | | Preferential Routes. |
| | | | Procedure Turn. |
| | | | Segment of an Instrument Approach |
| | | | procedure. |
| | | | Short Range Clearances. |
| | | | Simulated Flameout. |
| | | | Missed Approach. |
| | | | Tower Enroute Control Service. |
| | | | TOWEL BILLOUGE COILCIOI DELVICE. |

KFAM-802

Goal. Local area/airfield specific knowledge.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65
Ch3 Sec3 Arresting System Operation.
Ch3 Sec5 Selection.
(2) Local publications
Airfield Weather Minimums.
Type Aircraft Assigned Each Local Squadron.

Local publications.

Modex/Tactical Call Sign Of Each Local Sqdn. Traffic Patterns and NAVAID Procedures. Alternate/Divert Airfield. Adjacent Airfields. Airport Surface Area Description (FAA 7400.8). Facility Frequencies.

KFAM-803

Goal. Emergency/safety knowledge.

Reference

| (1) | FAA 711 | 10.65 | |
|-----|---------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Ch2 | Sec1 | In-Flight Equipment Malfunctions. |
| | Ch2 | Sec1 | Minimum Fuel. |
| | Ch4 | Sec7 | Below Minima Report By Pilot. |
| | Ch5 | Sec2 | Emergency Code Assignment. |
| | Ch10 | Sec1 | (Emergencies) General. |
| | Ch10 | Sec2 | Emergency Assistance. |
| | Ch10 | Sec3 | Overdue Aircraft. |
| | Ch10 | Sec4 | Control Actions. |
| (2) | NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | |
| | Ch3 | Sec4 | Facility Operation. |
| | Ch3 | Sec6 | Security of Facilities. |
| | Ch3 | Sec7 | Aircraft Accidents and Incidents. |
| | Ch3 | Sec8 | Air Traffic Control Hazards |
| | | | (Operational Errors/Deviation). |

(3) Local publications.

KFAM-804

Goal. Weather knowledge.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ch2 Sec6 | Weather Information. |
| Ch2 Sec7 | Altimeter Settings. |
| Ch2 Sec8 | Runway Vsby Reporting-Terminal. |
| Ch2 Sec9 | ATIS Procedures. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Low Level Wind Shear Advisories. |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | |
| Ch12 Sec3 | Instrument Operations Data. |
| Ch14 | Aviation Meteorological Services. |

KFAM-805

Goal. Tower equipment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|------------|-------|----------------------|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | NAVAID Malfunction. |
| Ch2 | Sec9 | ATIS. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Tower Radar Displays |
| Ch3 | Sec2 | Visual Signals. |

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| | Sec2 Sec4 Sec6 | Receiver Only Acknowledgment. Airport Lighting. Airport Surface Detection Procedures (if applicable). |
|-------------|----------------------|---|
| (2) FAA 723 | 10.3 | |
| | Sec1 | (Facility Equipment) General. |
| (3) NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch2 | Sec6 | Airport Facilities. |
| Ch6 | Sec2 | Equipment. |
| | | Tower Visibility Chart. |
| (4) MCO 350 | 01.9 | MACCS MCCRES. |
| (5) Local p | publications. | |

KFAM-806

Goal. Airfield lighting.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Ch3 Sec4 | Emergency Lighting. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Runway End Identifier Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | VASI Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Approach Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | ALS Intensity. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Sequenced Flashing Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | MALS. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | ALSF-2. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Runway Edge Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | High Intensity Runway, Centerline Light. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | HIRL Associated With MALSR. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | HIRL Changes. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Medium Intensity Runway Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Simultaneous Approach/Runway Edge. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | High Speed Turnoff Light. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Taxiway Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Obstruction Lights. | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Rotating Beacon. | |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | | |
| Ch10 Sec6 | Airport Lighting. | |
| (3) NAVAIR 51-50AAA-2 | All Airfield Markings. | |
| (4) Local publications. | | |

KFAM-807

Goal. Strip marking.

Reference

KFAM-808

<u>Goal</u>. Radar equipment.

Reference

| (1) | (1) FAA 7110.65 | | |
|-----|--------------------------|------------|--|
| | Ch5 | Sec1 | Presentation and Equip/Performance. |
| | Ch5 | Sec1 | Alignment Check. |
| | Ch5 | Sec1 | Radar Use. |
| | Ch5 | Sec1 | Beacon Range Accuracy. |
| | Ch5 | Sec1 | Electronic Cursor. |
| | Ch5 | Sec2 | Standby/Low Sensitivity Operation. |
| | Ch5 | Sec2 | Inoperative Interrogator. |
| | Ch5 | Sec2 | In-flight Deviations From Transponder. |
| | Ch5 | Sec2 | Altitude Filters. |
| | Ch5 | Sec15 | Automated Radar Terminal Systems (ARTS) |
| | | | Terminal. |
| | Ch5 | Sec16 | TPX-42 - Terminal. |
| (2) | :) FAA 7210.3_ | | |
| | Ch3 | Sec1 | General. |
| | Ch3 | Sec7 | Radar Use. |
| | Ch3 | Sec8 | Video Maps. |
| (3) | NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | |
| | Ch2 | | Airport Facilities. |
| | Ch7 | Sec2 | Equipment. |
| | Appendix J Appendix O | | OJT Performance Evaluation. |
| | | | Precision Approach Landing System Approach Criteria. |

(4) Local publications.

KFAM-809

Goal. Daily flight schedule knowledge.

Requirement. Utilize information on a daily flight schedule, include:

- (1) Schedule appropriate number of position qualified controllers.
- (2) Schedule student controller OJT.
- (3) Identify peak arrival/departure air traffic periods.
- (4) Identify number of aircraft anticipated to fly during the period.
- (5) Identify the types of aircraft that will be flying.

KFAM 810

Goal. Aircraft accident/incident reporting.

Requirement

- (1) Initial Response.
- (2) Marking of tapes/transcribing.
- (3) Security of tapes/release authorization.
- (4) Controller position relief.
- (5) Initiate Search and Rescue (SAR) response/updating for on-scene commander.
- (6) Coordinate with appropriate agencies/officials.
- (7) Required reports.
- (8) Supervision of effort.

KFAM-811

Goal. Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS).

Requirement. Explain the purpose of TERPS to include:

- (1) Two types of terminal instrument procedures.
- (2) Four segments in procedures construction.
- (3) ATC NAVAIDS equipment.
- (4) Two areas of each segment.
- (5) Required obstacle clearance for each approach segment.

3. Radar Section

KRFC-830

Goal. Phraseology/communications.

Reference

| (1) | FAA 7 | 110.65 | |
|-----|-------|---------------|---|
| | Ch2 | Sec1 | Wheels Down Check. |
| | Ch2 | Sec4 | Radio and Interphone Communications. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Relay. |
| | Ch4 | Sec7 | Single Frequency Approaches (SFA). |
| | Ch4 | Sec8 | Communications Release. |
| | Ch5 | Sec4 | Terms. |
| | Ch5 | Sec6 | Methods (Vectoring). |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Application (Radar Approaches). |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | No-Gyro Approach. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Lost Communications. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Radar Contact Lost. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Landing Check. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Position Information. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Final Controller Changeover. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Communications Check. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Transmission Acknowledgment. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Missed Approach. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Low Approach and Touch-and-Go. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Tower Clearance. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Final Approach Abnormalities. |
| | Ch5 | Sec10 | Military Single Frequency Approaches. |
| | Ch5 | Sec11 | Surveillance Approaches-Terminal. |
| | Ch5 | Sec12 | Precision Approach Radar Approaches-Terminal. |
| | Ch5 | Sec13 | Use of PAR for Approach Monitoring. |
| (2) | Local | publications. | |

KRFC-831

Goal. Clearance/coordination.

Reference

| Low Level Wind shear Advisories. |
|----------------------------------|
| Altitude Restricted Approach. |
| Circling Approach. |
| |

Ch4 Sec8 Missed Approach.
Ch4 Sec8 Low Approach and Touch-and-Go.

(2) Local publications.

KRFC-832

<u>Goal</u>. Separation.

Reference

| (1) FAA 71 | 110.65 | |
|------------|---------------|--|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Formation Flights. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Wake Turbulence. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Wake Turbulence Advisories. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Traffic Advisories. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Bird Activity Information. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Traffic Information. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Vertical Separation Minima. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | ARTS/PIDP Identification Methods. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Questionable Identification. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Methods (Transfer of Radar ID). |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Traffic (Radar Separation). |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Target Separation. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Minima (Radar Separation). |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Additional Separation for Formation Flights. |
| Ch5 | Sec9 | Approach Separation Responsibilities. |
| Ch7 | Sec2 | Visual Separation. |
| (2) Local | publications. | |

KRFC-833

Goal. Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/ Memos/Publications.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|-------------------------|--|
| (2) FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) FAR 91 | General Operating. |
| (6) AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (7) MATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |
| (8) IFR Supplement. | |
| (9) VFR Supplement. | |
| (10) NOTAMS | General Notices. |
| (11) AP1B | Military Training Routes. |
| (12) LOCAL Sectional | |
| (13) SECNAVINST 5216.50 | Memorandum of Understanding. |
| (14) AIM | Airman's Information Directive. |
| (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch3 | Facility Management. |
| Appendix C | Sample format for FAA/USN Letter of Agreement Concerning Control of Air Traffic. |
| Appendix D | Memorandum of Agreement. |

(16) RATCF DAIR Operator's Directive.

- (17) STARS Training Directive.
- (18) Low Altitude United States.
- (19) High Altitude United States.
- (20) Local publications.

4. Tower Section

KTGC-840

Goal. Phraseology/communications.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Radio and Interphone Communications. Ch2 Sec4 Ch3 Sec2

Light Signals.

(2) Local publications.

KTGC-841

Goal. Clearance/coordination.

Reference

| (1) | FAA 7 | | |
|-----|-------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Ch2 | Sec5 | Route and NAVAID Description. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Items. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Prefix. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Delivery Instructions. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Relay. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Route or Altitude Amendments. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Through Clearances. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | ALTRV Clearance. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | IFR-VFR and VFR-IFR Flights. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Items. |
| | Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Procedures. |
| | Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Use. |
| | Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Structure Transitions. |
| | Ch4 | Sec4 | Class G Airspace. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Flight Direction. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Exceptions. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Lowest Usable Flight Level. |
| (2) | Local | ${\tt publications.}$ | |

KTGC-842

Goal. Separation.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65 Ch3 Sec1 Provide Service.
Ch3 Sec1 Preventive Control.
Ch3 Sec1 Use of Active Runways.
Ch3 Sec1 Coordination Local and Ground. Ch3 Sec1 Cooldination local and Ground.

Ch3 Sec1 Vehicles/Equipment/Personnel On Runway.

| Ch3 | Sec1 Sec1 Sec1 Sec3 Sec3 Sec3 | Traffic Information. Position Determination. Low Level Wind shear Advisories. Observed Abnormalities. Visually Scanning Runways. Landing Area Condition. Closed/Unsafe Runway Information. Timely Information. Braking Action. Braking Action Advisories. Arresting System Operation. Ground Traffic Movement. Taxi/Ground Movement Operations. Ground Operations. Runway Proximity. Precision Approach Critical Area. Taxi/Ground Movement Operation. |
|---|--|--|
| Ch3 | Sec11 | |
| (2) Local | publications. | |

KTGC-843

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Letters of Agreements and Facility Directives/Memos/Publications.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|-------------------------|---|
| (2) FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) FAR 91 | General Operating. |
| (6) AIM | Airman's Information Directive. |
| (7) AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (8) MATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |
| (9) IFR Supplement. | |
| (10) VFR Supplement. | |
| (11) NOTAMS | General Notices. |
| (12) AP1B | Military Training Routes. |
| (13) Local Sectional | |
| (14) SECNAVINST 5216.5C | Memorandum of Understanding. |
| (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch3 | Facility Management. |
| Appendix C | Sample Format for FAA/USN Letter of Agreement |
| | concerning Control of Air Traffic. |
| | Memorandum of Agreement |
| (16) Low Altitude Unite | d States. |
| (17) High Altitude Unit | ed States. |

114. EXPENDABLE ORDNANCE REQUIREMENTS. None.

115. <u>PROFICIENCY INTERVALS</u>. Tables 1-10, 1-11 and 1-12 contain a summary of each event code to include conditions and proficiency intervals for Core Skills Basic, Core Skills Advanced, and Core Plus levels. Again, there are

no R-coded events in the MATCO syllabus thus there are no proficiency intervals.

Table 1-10.-MATCO Proficiency Interval for Core Skill Basic Training.

| STAGE/EVENT | PROFICIENCY INTERVAL (Months) | CRP | R | E | CONDITIONS |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----|----|----|------------|
| BTC-220 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BTC-221 | NA | 2.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BTC-222 | NA | 2.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BTC-223 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| BTC-224 | NA | 2.0 | NA | X | L |
| BRC-230 | NA | 2.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BRC-231 | NA | 2.0 | NA | NA | S |
| BRC-232 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| BRC-233 | NA | 2.0 | NA | Х | L |
| R = Refresher. MATCO POI does not have refresher requirements. | | | | | |

Table 1-11.--MATCO Proficiency Interval for Core Skill Advanced Training.

| STAGE/EVENT | PROFICIENCY INTERVAL (Months) | CRP | R | E | CONDITIONS |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|------|----|----|------------|
| CMT-340 | NA | 0.5 | NA | NA | L |
| CMT-341 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| CMT-342 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-357 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-358 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-359 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-360 | NA | 0.5 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-361 | NA | 0.5 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-362 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-363 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-364 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-365 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-366 | NA | 0.5 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-367 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-368 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-369 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-370 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-371 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | S |
| BMT-372 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-373 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| MMT-380 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| MMT-381 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L/S |
| MMT-382 | NA | 1.0 | NA | NA | L |
| MMT-383 | NA | 1.0 | NA | Х | L |

Table 1-12.-MATCO Proficiency Interval for Core Plus Training.

| STAGE/EVENT | PROFICIENCY INTERVAL (Months) | CRP | R | E | CONDITIONS |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|------|----|----|------------|
| CMT-440 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| CMT-441 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-460 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-461 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-462 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-463 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-464 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-465 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-466 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | S |
| BMT-467 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-468 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-469 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-470 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |
| BMT-471 | NA | 0.20 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-472 | NA | 0.20 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-473 | NA | 0.20 | NA | NA | L/S |
| BMT-474 | NA | 0.20 | NA | X | L |
| BMT-477 | NA | 0.20 | NA | NA | L |
| MMT-480 | NA | 0.25 | NA | NA | L |

116. MATCO EVENT UPDATE CHAINING. Table 1-13 contains MATCO event update chaining. Only events with update chaining are listed in table 1-13.

Table 1-13.—MATC Officer Event Update Chaining.

| EVENT | EVENTS UPDATED |
|-------|----------------|
| 363 | 381 |
| 369 | 471, 472, 473 |
| 381 | 363 |
| 440 | 340, 342 |

117. $\underline{\text{MATCO EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX}}$. Appendix F provides a conversion matrix of all events in the new MATCO syllabus as they correspond to the previous MATCO syllabus that this chapter replaced.

CHAPTER 2 MARINE ENLISTED AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLER MOS 7291, 7257/52/53/54, 7251

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CHAPTER 2

ENLISTED AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLER MOS 7291, 7257/52/53/54, 7251

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CHAPTER 2

ENLISTED AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLER MOS 7291, 7257/52/53/54, 7251

200. UNIT CORE COMPETENCY

1. Overview

- a. Marine aviation plays a crucial role in the MAGTF's ability to conduct Maneuver Warfare. The ultimate goal of Marine Aviation is to attain the highest possible combat readiness to support Expeditionary Maneuver Warfare while at the same time preserving and conserving our Marines and equipment. Embedded within our combat readiness is the ability to rapidly, effectively and efficiently deploy on short notice and to quickly and effectively plan for crises and/or contingency operations thereby ensuring the Marine Air Command and Control System (MACCS) remains ready for combat when and where the need arises.
- b. This T&R Directive represents the collaborative effort of Air Traffic Control (ATC) subject matter experts who designed training standards to maximize the full combat capabilities of Marine ATC (MATC) units. These standards, intrinsic in the core competency section, describe and define unit capabilities and requirements necessary to maintain like-squadron proficiency in core skills and combat leadership. Training events are based on specific requirements and performance standards to ensure crews maintain a common base of training and depth of combat capabilities. Together, the T&R comprises a building block approach to ensure trained crews remain ready, relevant, and fully capable of supporting the MAGTF commander.
- c. The capabilities defined and described in the core competency model are provided to ensure each like-squadron maintains a common base of training and depth of capabilities. When resources permit, and when in the judgment of the commander additional training would significantly increase the unit's warfighting capability, training to a level above these base capabilities is permitted. It is incumbent upon, and expected of, the commander to balance any increase in the depth of core capabilities against the long-term health and readiness of the unit while staying within resource constraints.
- 2. Marine Air Traffic Control (MATC) Mission. To provide all weather radar/non-radar approach, arrival, departure, enroute and tower MATC services to friendly aircraft. MATC conducts task-organized operations in support of Forward Operating Bases, Marine Air Ground Task Forces (MAGTF), joint and coalition operations, and integrates into the MACCS, Integrated Air Defense System (IADS) and Single Integrated Air Picture (SIAP).

3. Mission Essential Tasks (METs)

- a. (UJTL TA 1) Deploy/Conduct Maneuver:
 - Conduct operations under the Expeditionary Maneuver Warfare Capstone Concept.
 - Provide tower, radar/non-radar approach, arrival, departure and enroute ATC services within assigned airspace.
 - Provide precision and non-precision navigational aids (NAVAIDS).
 - Provide combat and civil airspace management, control and surveillance.

- Develop, implement and validate radar and non-radar IFR Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) for use at pre-established and expeditionary airfields and integrate required ATC services into the existing civil/military, national/international ATC architectures.
- b. (UJTL TA 2.4) Disseminate Tactical Warning Information and Attack Assessment: Integrate, display and disseminate appropriate information to the designated Combined/Joint Forces Air Component Commander (C/JFACC), Airspace Control Authority (ACA), Area Air Defense Commander (AADC) and other Theater Air/Ground System (TAGS) agencies.
 - c. (UJTL TA 3.2.7) Conduct Air and Missile Defense Operations:
 -Provide combat and civil airspace management, control and surveillance.
 -Integrate, display, and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies.
 -Coordinate activation of the Base Defense Zone (BDZ) as part of the IADS.
- d. (UJTL TA 3.2.8) Conduct Air-to-Air Operations: Integrate, display, and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies.
- e. (UJTL TA 5.2.1) Establish, Operate and Maintain Baseline Information Exchange:
 - -Provide MATC liaison personnel to coordinate ATC related issues between TAGS agencies (as required) and national/international civil/combat ATC systems.
 - -Augment SIAP via data link to TAGS agencies.
- f. (UJTL TA 6.3) Conduct Rear Area Security: Integrate, display, and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies, and coordinate the activation of the BDZ as part of the IADS.
 - g. (UJTL TA 6.5) Provide for Combat Identification: -Integrate, display and disseminate appropriate information to the designated C/JFACC, ACA, AADC and other TAGS agencies, and coordinate activation of the BDZ as part of the IADS. -Provide visual or electronic identification of aircraft within MATC assigned airspace.
- h. (UJTL TA 7.1) Conduct Mission Operations in CBRN Environment: Conduct MATC combat operations in a Nuclear, Biological and Chemical (NBC) environment.
- 4. Table of Organization (T/O). Total Force Structure Division (TFSD) and Marine Corps Combat Development Command (MCCDC) manage T/Os. Table 2-1 depicts MATC ATC T/Os authorized as of the date of this Directive.

Table 2-1. MACS ATC T/O (8633) and (8633A).

T/O for One MATC Detachment * (Air Traffic Controllers only) HQ (1) Officer (1) Enlisted (NCOIC) ATC Operations (2) Officers (13) Tower Enlisted (19) Radar Enlisted MMT #1 (1) Officer (3) ATC Enlisted MMT #2 (1) SNCO (3) ATC Enlisted (44) Total

- * MACS-1 (REIN)/MACS-2 (REIN) each have (3) MATC Dets.
- * MACS-4 has (2) MATC Dets and MACS-24 has (1).
- * Maintenance/administration personnel assigned to MATC Dets are not listed.
- 5. Core Capability. The MATC Detachment (MATCD) is part of the Marine Air Control Squadron (MACS) and is the principal ATC organization within the MACCS. The MATCD normally deploys as part of the MACCS within the MAGTF but may also deploy independently or as part of a combined or joint force should the mission dictate. Core capabilities of the MATCD and MATC Mobile Team (MMT) follow:
- a. Core Capable Marine MATC Detachment (MATCD). The core capable MATCD establishes continuous all weather ATC services to an independent and geographically separate main air base or air facility, or provides these services at a pre-established airfield. Additionally, the core capable detachment is able to provide mobile MATC services at two remote air sites or points, see paragraph 5.b.

MATCD Crew

- 1 Watch Commander (WC).
- Radar Supervisor (RS).
- 1 Radar Approach Control (APC).
- 1 Arrival/Departure Control (ADC).
- 1 Flight Data/Clearance Delivery Controller (RFD).
- 1 Data Link Coordinator (DLC).
- 2 Radar Final Controllers (RFC).
- 1 Tower Supervisor (TS).
- 1 Local Controller (TLC).
- 1 Ground Controller (TGC).
- 1 Flight Data Controller (TFD).

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Note: Denotes minimum crew for sustained operations. Crew composition is task-organized based on mission. Number of crews required is driven by mission duration, operational hours and national/international ATC regulations.

b. <u>Core Capable MATC Mobile Team (MMT)</u>. A core capable MMT is task-organized to provide initial rapid response ATC to support any MAGTF and/or combined/joint mission. MMT shall support operations to air sites and may support operations at air points or air facilities. The baseline MMT for 72-hour continuous operations without re-supply or additional augmentation to meet any MAGTF and/or combined/joint mission is a standard 6-Marine team.

MMT

- 1 MATC Officer/SNCO.
- 3 Controllers.
- 1 NAVAID Technician.
- 1 MATC Communication Technician.

Note: Denotes minimum team size. Team composition is task-organized based on mission. Number of team members required is driven by mission requirements.

6. <u>METL/Core Skills</u>. Core skills shall be a determining factor in developing T&R training requirements; core skills abbreviation listed in table 2-2. Core skills directly support the METL for each unit, see tables 2-3 and 2-4 below. Special skills and training requirements must receive appropriate prioritization and emphasis based on the training need, and the likelihood of those types of missions being assigned during operations.

| Table | 2-2 | -Core | Skill | Abbreviations. |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Table | ~ ~ . | COTC | DVTTT | ADDIEVIACIONS. |

| CORE SKILL | ABBREVIATION |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Arrival/Departure Control | ADC |
| Approach Control | APC |
| Basic Tower Control | BTC |
| Basic Radar Control | BRC |
| Battle Management | BMT |
| Crew Management | CMT |
| Data Link Coordination | DLC |
| Marine ATC Mobile Team | MMT |
| Terminal Instrument Procedures | TERP |
| Tower Local Control | TLC |

Table 2-3.--Core Skills and METL Matrix.

| | | CORE SKILLS | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|
| UJTL TA # | METL | A D C | A P C | B R C | B T C | D L C | T L C | M M T | C M T | B M T | T E R P |
| TA-1 | Deploy/Conduct Maneuver | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| TA 2.4 | Disseminate Tactical Warning Information and Attack Assessment | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| TA-3.2.7 | Conduct Air and Missile Defense Operations | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| TA-3.28 | Conduct Air to Air Operations | Х | Х | | | | Х | | Х | Х | |
| TA-5.2.1 | Establish, Operate, and Maintain Baseline Information Exchange | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| TA-6.3 | Conduct Rear Area Security | | | | | | | Х | | Х | |
| TA-6.5 | Provide for Combat Identification | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| TA-7.1 | Conduct Mission Operations in CBRN Environment | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |

Table 2-4.--Core Plus Skills and METL Matrix.

| | | CORE PLUS | | | |
|----------|---|-----------|-----|------|--|
| UJTL # | METL | CMT | вит | TERP | |
| TA-1 | Deploy/Conduct Maneuver | Х | Х | Х | |
| TA 2.4 | Disseminate Tactical Warning Information and Attack Assessment | Х | Х | | |
| TA-3.2.7 | Conduct Air and Missile Defense Operations | Х | Х | | |
| TA-3.28 | Conduct Air to Air Operations | X | Х | | |
| TA-5.2.1 | Establish, Operate, and Maintain Baseline Information Exchange | Х | Х | | |
| TA-6.3 | Conduct Rear Area Security | X | Х | | |
| TA-6.5 | Provide for Combat Identification | | | | |
| TA-7.1 | Conduct Mission Operations in CBRN Environment | X | X | X | |

^{7.} Core Model Minimum Requirements (CMMR). MATCD core competency reflects the minimum level of competency a MACS must achieve to perform its core capability in the ATC mission. MATCD core competency is measured in terms of minimum core skill proficiency and minimum numbers of leaders per paragraphs 7a and 7b below.

a. Minimum Unit Core Skill Proficiency (CSP). As a minimum, in order to be core competent in the ATC mission, a MATCD must possess a minimum number of crews and MATC personnel competent in each core skill (unit CSP), as noted in table 2-5. In order to be considered competent in a core skill (individual CSP), an individual must attain and maintain proficiency in core skill events, as delineated in paragraphs 7a(1) and 7a(2) below.

Table 2-5.--Unit Core Skill Proficiency.

| MATC DETACHMENT ¹ | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|------|----------------|------|------|----------------|--|
| CORE SKILL | 7220 | 7291 | 7257 | 7254 | 7253 | 7252 | |
| BTC (TGC/TFD) | - | - | 9 (4/5) | - | - | - | |
| BRC (RFD/RFC) | _ | - | 8 (4/4) | - | - | - | |
| DLC | _ | - | 3 ² | - | - | _ | |
| TLC | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | |
| ADC | - | - | - | - | 3 | _ | |
| APC | _ | - | - | 3 | - | _ | |
| ммт | 1 | - | 2 ³ | - | - | 3 ³ | |
| CMT | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | |
| вмт | - | - | - | - | - | _ | |
| CORE PLUS | | | | | | | |
| BMT | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | |
| CMT | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | |
| TERP | _ | _ | 1 | _ | - | _ | |

Note 1: MACS-1 / MACS-2 each have (3) MATCDs.

MACS-4 has (2) MATCDs and MACS-24 has (1).

Maintenance/administration personnel assigned to MATCDs are not listed.

Note 2: DLC is additional duty fulfilled by an organic BRC.

Note 3: MMT personnel are organic to 7257 and 7252 Core Skills.

⁽¹⁾ Events Required to Attain Individual Core Skill Competency. To initially attain competency in a core skill, an individual must successfully complete all of the T&R events listed in table 2-6 below for the core skills and table 2-7 for core plus.

Table 2-6.--Attain Individual Core Skills.

| MOS | | CORE SKILLS | | | | | | | | |
|------|----------------------|---|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | TLC | BTC (TGC/ TFD) | APC | ADC | DLC | BRC (RFD/ RFC) | BMT | ммт | CMT | TERP |
| 7291 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 7257 | 310 311 312EYR | 200YR 201R 202R 203 204 205 206 207EYR 208EYR 209EYR | 350 351R 352 353EYR 354 355EYR | 340 341 342EYR | 230 231 232 233EYR | 220YR 221R 222R 223 224 225EYR 226EYR | 280R 281R 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 | 260 261 262 263 264 265 266E 360 361E | 370 371 372EYR 373EYR | 395 396E |
| | R = | Refresh | | Y = Refl | У | E = E | valuat | ed Ever | nt | |

Table 2-7.--Attain Individual Core Plus Skills.

| MOS | CORE PLUS | | | | | | |
|------|--|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| | BMT | CMT | TERP | | | | |
| 7291 | 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 | NA | 495 | | | | |
| 7257 | NA | 470E | NA | | | | |

(2) Events Required to Maintain Individual Core Skill Competency. To maintain competency in a core skill, an individual must maintain proficiency in all of the core skill events listed in table 2-8 below.

Table 2-8.--Maintain Individual Core Skills.

| MOS | CORE SKILLS | | | | | | | |
|------|---|---|------------------------|-------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | TLC | BTC (TGC/ TFD) | APC | ADC | DLC | BRC (RFD/ RFC) | вмт | CMT |
| 7291 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 7257 | 312RY | 200RY 201R 202R 207ERY 208ERY 209ERY | 351R 353RY 355RY | 342RY | 233ERY | 220RY 221R 225ERY 226ERY | 280R 281R | 372RY 373RY |
| F | R = Refresh Y = Refly E = Evaluated Event | | | | | | | |

b. <u>Minimum Combat Leadership Requirements</u>. As a minimum, in order to be considered core competent, a unit must posses the numbers of crews with the combat leadership designations listed in table 2-9.

Table 2-9.--Combat Leadership Requirements.

| COMBAT LEADERSHIP (CMMR) | PER MATC DET |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| DETACHMENT COMMANDER | 1 |
| ATC WATCH COMMANDER | 2 |
| MMT LEADER | 2 |
| NCOIC | 1 |
| TOWER CHIEF | 1 |
| RADAR CHIEF | 1 |
| TOWER SUPERVISOR | 3 |
| RADAR SUPERVISOR | 3 |

- 8. Qualification, Designation and Instructor Requirements. Tables 2-10 through 2-12 delineate T&R events required to be completed to attain initial qualifications, re-qualifications, and designations. All stage training lectures (appendix A) and prerequisites shall be complete prior to completing final events; appendix B is a list of references required to complete events throughout this syllabus. Qualification and designation letters signed by the commanding officer or his representative shall be placed in the individual MACCS performance records. Loss of proficiency in all qualification events of a core skill causes the associated qualification to be lost. Regaining the qualification requires completing all R-coded syllabus events associated with the qualification, see paragraph 305, Aviation T&R Program Directive for syllabus training exceptions.
- a. <u>Qualification</u>. A qualification is a status assigned based on demonstrated proficiency in a specific skill. Specific criteria to achieve qualifications is delineated in table 2-10, MAWTS-1 course catalog and

governing directives. Upon completion of qualification criteria, an ATC Syllabus evaluation form (appendix C) shall be completed and the commanding officer shall issue a qualification letter for inclusion into individual MACCS performance record (MPR). Qualifications are not lost when refreshing events. Loss of proficiency (delinquent refresh events) for all associated qualification events constitutes loss of the qualification. Re-qualification requires demonstrated proficiency by successfully completing all R-coded events associated with the qualification (unless waived per paragraph 305 of the Aviation Program Directive). The R-coded events are listed in tables 2-6 and 2-8.

| QUALIFICATION | TRACKING CODE | REQUIREMENTS |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Tower Flight Data | QUAL-607 | BTC-207 |
| Clearance Delivery | QUAL-608 | BTC-208 |
| Ground Control | QUAL-609 | BTC-209 |
| Local Control QUAL-611 TLC-312, | | TLC-312, and 6 months as a controller at one location |
| Radar Flight Data | QUAL-625 | BRC-225 |
| Final Controller | QUAL-626 | BRC-226 |
| Data Link Coordinator | QUAL-633 | DLC-233 |
| Arrival/Departure Control | QUAL-642 | ADC-342 |
| Approach Control | QUAL-653 | APC-353 |
| Sector Controller | QUAL-655 | APC-355 |
| MMT Leader | QUAL-661 | MMT-361 |
| MMT Member | QUAL-666 | MMT-266 |
| TERPS Specialist | QUAL-695 | TERP-495 |

Table 2-10.— Enlisted ATC Qualifications.

- b. <u>Designation</u>. A designation is a status assigned to an individual based on leadership ability (see table 2-11). It is command or facility specific and remains in effect until removed for cause, transferred, or rescinded at the commander's discretion. Commanders shall issue the individual a designation letter for inclusion in the MPR.
- (1) <u>Instructor Requirements</u>. As a minimum, a unit should maintain instructor designations to support ATC operations (see table 2-11). Instructor designations are outlined in the MAWTS-1 Course Catalog and MCO 3500.12C (WTTP).

Table 2-11.-- Enlisted ATC Designations.

| DESIGNATION | TRACKING CODE | REQUIREMENTS |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| OJTI | DESG-600 | INST-500 |
| WTI-Air Control | DESG-601 | INST-501 |
| MMT Leader Instructor | DESG-602 | INST-502 |
| TERPS Specialist | DESG-603 | TERP-495 |
| TS | DESG-670 | CMT-372 |
| TC | DESG-671 | CMT-372 |
| CTO Examiner | DESG-672 | CMT-372 |
| RS | DESG-673 | CMT-373 |
| RC | DESG-674 | CMT-373 |
| ATCSE | DESG-675 | CMT-373 |
| Training Chief | DESG-676 | CMT-474 |
| | | TLC-310; all ATCS ratings at assigned |
| FWO | DESG-677 | facility and min of 5 yrs ATC |
| | | experience |
| MATCD NCOIC | DESG-681 | BMT-481 |
| MACS Ops Chief | DESG-682 | BMT-482 |
| WC | DESG-683 | BMT-483 |

9. MATC Training Progression Philosophy

- a. MATC training is unique amongst other MACCS MOS training because of the requirement to function in both tactical and civilian ATC environments, whether assigned to a MATCD or MCAS. The controller provides Marine aviation the requisite interface required to conduct wartime operations or peacetime training exercises by integrating seamlessly into the U.S. National Airspace System (NAS) or a host nation's airspace. The extensive training and qualification requirements which controllers are required to meet, under both Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and international regulations, ensure the ability of Marine aviation to operate safely and legally anywhere in the world.
- b. This training progression philosophy applies to the Marine Corps Reserve air traffic controller.
- c. The enlisted ATC training progression model (fig. 2-1) provides a clear logical progression of qualifications within a unit. The emphasis of this model is on personnel qualifications in Core Skill Basic and Core Skill Advanced stages; with this model, training officers have the guidance needed to produce viable training plans. Units should use the model as a point of departure to generate weekly, monthly, quarterly and annual training plans.
- d. MARADMIN 229/04, amplifies the ATC progression model by providing ATC skill sets trained to, MOS and CTO/ATCS ratings available based on CNO N785F assigned ATC facility classifications (appendix D). MARADMIN 230/04, provides maximum MOS training timelines for enlisted Marines (appendix E).

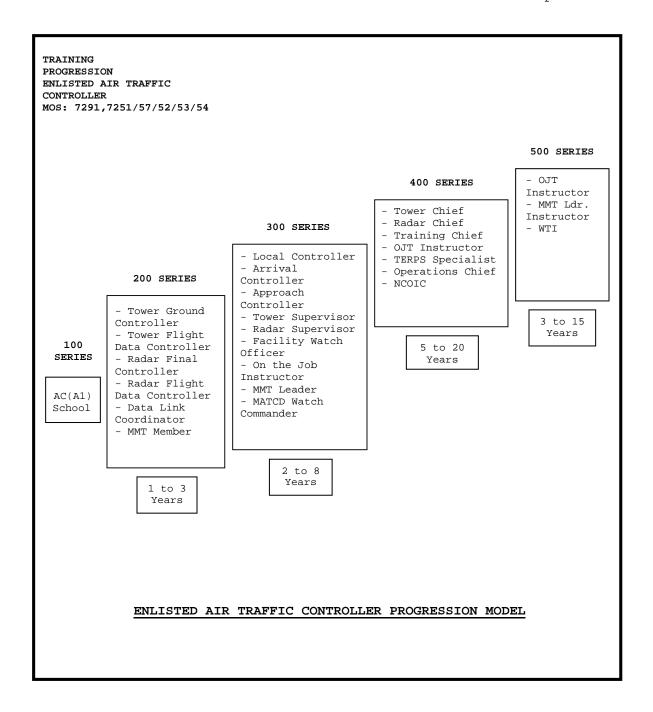


Figure 2-1.--Enlisted Air Traffic Controller Progression Model.

201. PROGRAMS OF INSTRUCTION (POI) FOR ENLISTED AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS

1. Basic or Transition Enlisted Air Traffic Controller

| Months | <u>Phase</u> | <u>Activity</u> |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 1-4 | Core Introduction Training | NATTC |
| 5-36 | Core Skill Basic | MACS/MCAS |
| 37-96 | Core Skill Advanced | MACS/MCAS |
| 60-144 | Core Plus | MACS/MCAS |

2. Refresher Enlisted Air Traffic Controller

| Months | Phase | <u>Activity</u> |
|--------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1-24 | Core Skill Basic | MACS/MCAS |
| 25-60 | Core Skill Advanced | MACS/MCAS |
| 61-120 | Core Plus | MACS/MCAS |

202. MATC PERSONNEL TRAINING

1. Core Skill Introduction Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------|
| ACA1 SCHOOL NATTC PENSACOLA | 29 | 60.0% |

2. Core Skill Basic Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|--------------------|--------|---------|
| BTC | 10 | 6.1 |
| BRC | 7 | 3.9 |
| DLC | 4 | 1.6 |
| MMT | 7 | 3.4 |
| TOTAL | 28 | 15.00 |
| ACCUMULATION TOTAL | 57 | 75.00 |

3. Core Skill Advanced Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|--------------------|--------|---------|
| TLC | 3 | 2.2 |
| ADC | 3 | 2.0 |
| APC | 6 | 3.8 |
| MMT | 2 | 1.5 |
| CMT | 4 | 2.0 |
| BMT | 14 | 7.0 |
| TERP | 2 | 1.5 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 20.00 |
| ACCUMULATION TOTAL | 91 | 95.00 |

4. Core Plus Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|--------------------|--------|---------|
| CMT | 1 | .5 |
| BMT | 8 | 4.0 |
| TERP | 1 | .5 |
| TOTAL | 10 | 5.00 |
| ACCUMULATION TOTAL | 101 | 100.00 |

5. Instructor Training

| STAGE | EVENTS |
|-----------------------|--------|
| OJTI INSTRUCTOR | 1 |
| WTI | 1 |
| MMT LEADER INSTRUCTOR | 1 |
| TERPS SPECIALIST 1 | |

203. MATC PERSONNEL REFRESHER TRAINING

1. <u>Core Skill Introduction Training</u>. The initial core skill introduction training is a one-time occurrence that remains current and accounts for 60% of core skills training.

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|----------------------------|--------|---------|
| BTC | 8 | 8.0 |
| BRC | 6 | 6.0 |
| DLC | 1 | 1.0 |
| MMT | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 15 | 15.00 |
| ACCUMULATION FOR REFRESHER | 15 | 75.00 |

2. Core Skill Advanced Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|----------------------------|--------|---------|
| TLC | 2 | 2.0 |
| ADC | 2 | 2.0 |
| APC | 6 | 6.0 |
| MMT | 0 | 0 |
| CMT | 4 | 4.0 |
| BMT | 5 | 5.0 |
| TERP | 1 | 1.0 |
| TOTAL | 20 | 20.00 |
| ACCUMULATION FOR REFRESHER | 35 | 95.00 |

3. Core Plus Training

| STAGE | EVENTS | PERCENT |
|----------------------------|--------|---------|
| CMT | 0 | 0 |
| BMT | 4 | 4.0 |
| TERP | 1 | 1.0 |
| TOTAL | 5 | 5.00 |
| ACCUMULATION FOR REFRESHER | 40 | 100.00 |

204. ACADEMIC/GROUND TRAINING

- 1. Academic training shall be conducted for each phase/stage of the syllabus. Commanders shall incorporate the lectures in Appendix A into the unit's training plans. Where indicated, standardized academic training materials exist and may be obtained from the sponsoring activity.
- 2. Academic training listed in 700 and 800 levels is applicable to personnel assigned to any ATC MOS.
- 3. External academic courses of instruction available to complete the syllabus are listed below:

| COURSE | ACTIVITY |
|---|-------------------|
| Air Traffic Controller Course | NATTC, FL |
| Advanced Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment Course | NATTC, FL |
| Advanced Radar Air Traffic Control Course | NATTC, FL |
| ATC Managers Course | NATTC, FL |
| Terminal Instrument Procedures Course | FAA MTT |
| Military Airspace Management Course | Keesler AFB, MS |
| Weapons Tactics Instructor C3 Course | MAWTS-1 |
| Marine ATC Mobile Team Leader Course | MAWTS-1 |
| Joint Air Tasking Order Procedures Course | Hurlburt Field,FL |
| Joint Air and Space Operation Center Initial, | Hurlburt Field,FL |
| Qualification Training (AOCIQT); Airspace Course | |
| Multi-TADIL Advanced Joint Interoperability Course | Fort McPherson,GA |

205. EVENT PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The purpose of this section is to provide the commander with standardized training program for all ATC personnel. The overall goal is to develop unit warfighting capabilities and not to measure the proficiency of individuals. Syllabi are based on specific performance standards designed to ensure proficiency in core competencies. An effective T&R program is the first step in providing the MAGTF commander with an Aviation Combat Element (ACE) capable of accomplishing any and all of its stated missions. The T&R program provides the fundamental tools for commanders to build and maintain unit combat readiness. Using these tools, training managers can construct and execute an effective training plan that supports the unit's mission essential tasks.
- 2. Unit training management is the application of the Marine Corps Training Principles and the Systems Approach to Training to satisfy the training

requirements of commanders at all levels in order to accomplish their wartime mission. Guidance concerning unit training management and the process for establishing effective unit training management programs are contained in MCRP 3-0A, <u>Unit Training Management Guide</u>, and formed the basis for the development of this T&R Directive. Familiarity with MCRP 3-0A will enhance understanding of the Systems Approach to Training used in T&R development and Marine Corps UTM principles.

- 3. MACCS Integrated System Training. All elements of the MACCS shall maintain the capability to effectively function as part of an integrated airspace command and control system. The MACCS should conduct MACCS Integrated System Training Exercises (MISTEX) on a regular basis to qualify units and personnel per their respective T&R syllabus because large exercises may not always offer sufficient training opportunity for all crewmembers. MISTEXs should focus on the establishment of necessary communications and data links between MACCS agencies. Therefore, sufficient simulation and Marine Simulation Events List (MSEL) items should be incorporated to exercise and analyze system integration, crew coordination, and critical information flow wherever possible. Tactical Digital Link (TDL) capable agencies should conduct frequent "Link" training exercises to maintain proficiency.
- 4. The majority of the enlisted ATC syllabus is ground training, which requires in-depth integration within the MACCS. Likewise, development of MAGTF training involving extensive integration with applicable elements of the MAGTF is mandatory in the development of core skills. Training not conducted in a live training environment shall be replaced with simulation where applicable and as indicated in the condition code for each event.
- 5. All air traffic controllers are required to achieve initial MOS qualification at MCAS/MCAF ATC facilities. Additionally, Fleet Assistance Program (FAP) agreements between MACS and MCAS are in place to provide a venue for training and core skill proficiency for controllers at the air stations and the MACSs.

206. CORE SKILL INTRODUCTION TRAINING

1. <u>General</u>

a. This phase provides classroom entry-level instruction on ATC concepts, regulations, procedures, and operating techniques. Basic skills required by the controller are taught using state of the art simulation and intensive classroom instruction. Upon completion of the MOS producing school, the controller possesses the same certification obtained by FAA controllers graduating from the National FAA Air Traffic Control School. This training enables the controller to understand and apply ATC rules and regulations, qualify and perform the functions of an ATC controller in an MATCD or an MCAS.

b. Core Skill Introduction Stages

- (1) Familiarization (FAM).
- (2) Systems (SYS).
- (3) Simulation (SIM).

2. Familiarization (FAM), System (SYS) and Simulation (SIM)

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop basic knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations. Completion of AC(A1) School at Naval Air Technical Training Center (NATTC), Pensacola, FL is mandatory to satisfy the requirements of this phase. Core Skill Introduction training does not require refly. Upon completion of this phase, the controller is trained in basic MATC operations.
- b. <u>Prerequisite</u>. Appropriate medical certificate, GT 105, 18 years old upon completion of the ACA1 course, and US citizenship.
 - c. Academic Training. Formal school.
 - d. Classroom and Simulator Event Training. 29 events.

3. Familiarization (FAM)

| FAM-100 | E L |
|---------|---|
| | Goal. Introduce weather as applied to ATC. |
| | Requirement. Describe aviation weather to include: |
| | (1) Basic weather characteristics. (2) Weather hazards. (3) Aviation weather observations. (4) Aviation weather forecasts. (5) Weather advisories. (6) Weather observing programs. (7) Aviation sequence reports. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-101 | E L |
| | $\frac{\text{Goal}}{\text{ATC.}}$. Introduce airspace, navigation, and time as applied in |
| | Requirement. Describe the National Airspace System (NAS), time conversions, and basic navigation. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-102 | E N/A L |
| | <u>Goal</u> . Introduce Special Use Airspace (SUA) used by the military. |
| | Requirement. Describe controller responsibilities within SUAs. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-103 | E L |
| | <u>Goal</u> . Introduce Navigational Aids (NAVAIDS). |
| | Requirement. Describe basic radio theory and NAVAIDS. |

| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
|---------|--|
| FAM-104 | E L |
| | Goal. Introduce charts and publications used in ATC. |
| | Requirement. Given aeronautical charts and publications, locate information and complete statements in accordance with the Flight Information Publications (FLIP) program. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-105 | E L |
| | <u>Goal</u> . Introduce communications as applied in ATC. |
| | Requirement. Describe communication procedures used in ATC. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-106 | <u> </u> |
| | Goal. Introduce airport design and ATC equipment. |
| | Requirement. Describe airport design and ATC equipment. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-107 | E L |
| | Goal. Introduce general ATC procedures. |
| | Requirement. Describe general ATC procedures to include: |
| | (1) General Control.(2) Weather information.(3) Federal Aviation Regulation (CFR) Part 91. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-108 | E L |
| | Goal. Introduce ATC terminal procedures. |
| | Requirement. Select statements that describe general ATC procedures used in a terminal environment. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |
| FAM-109 | E L |
| | Goal. Introduce emergencies and special handling. |
| | Requirement. Describe handling of emergency aircraft and special situations in a control tower environment. |
| | Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. |

FAM-110 E $_{
m L}$ Goal. Introduce non-radar procedures. Requirement. Describe general non-radar procedures as applied in ATC. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-111 E L Goal. Pass the Airmen's Written Test (AWT). Requirement. Conduct a thorough review of all information taught in FAM-100 through FAM-110. Performance Standards. Pass the AWT with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-112 Goal. Control tower indoctrination. Requirement. Describe the different operating positions in a control tower and their individual responsibilities. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-113 Goal. Introduce basic radar knowledge. Requirement. Describe the different operating positions in a radar facility, define basic radar theory, and identify associated equipment. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-114 Goal. Introduce basic radar services provided by ATC. Requirement. Describe basic radar services and procedures used by ATC. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%. FAM-115 E Goal. Introduce Airport Surveillance Radar (ASR). Requirement. Describe terms and procedures used by an ASR Final Controller. Refer to FAA 7110.65 and Navy Millington Facility Directive. Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-116 E L

Goal. Introduce Precision Approach Radar (PAR).

<u>Requirement</u>. Describe terms and procedures used by a PAR Final Controller.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-117 E L

Goal. Introduce arrival control.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Describe terms and procedures used by an Arrival Controller.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-118 E L

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}_{}.$ Introduce the Marine Air Traffic Control and Landing System (MATCALS).

Requirement. Describe the components and basic operation of the MATCALS, to include:

- (1) AN/TPS-73 Air Traffic Control Subsystem (ATCS).
- (2) AN/TPN-22 Automatic Landing System (ALS).
- (3) AN/TSQ-131 Control and Communication Subsystem (CCS).

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Execute the following functions with 70% accuracy:

- (1) Load FOC software into MMD via Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU).
- (2) Load FOC software into MMD via Serial Data Bus (SDB).
- (3) Set up an MMD for surveillance usage (ADC).
- (4) Set up an MMD for a Final Controller (FC) Trainee.
- (5) Set up a Final Control (FC) simulation scenario.
- (6) Set up a Arrival Control (ADC) simulation scenario.

FAM-119 E L

Goal. Introduce the six functions of Marine aviation.

Requirement. Describe the six functions of Marine aviation:

- (1) AAW.
- (2) OAS.
- (3) Assault support.
- (4) Electronic Warfare.
- (5) Reconnaissance.
- (6) Control of aircraft and missiles.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

FAM-120 E L

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Introduce the role, mission, and organization of the $\underline{\text{MACCS}}$.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. State the role, mission, and organization of the $\underline{\text{MACCS}}$ to include:

- (1) Tactical Air Command Center (TACC).
- (2) Tactical Air Operations Center (TAOC).
- (3) Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment (MATCD).
- (4) Direct Air Support Center (DASC).
- (5) Low Altitude Air Defense (LAAD) Battalion.
- (6) Marine Wing Communication Squadron (MWCS)
- (7) Marine Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (VMU) Squadron.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

4. Systems (SYS)

SYS-130 E L/S

Goal. Introduce the CCS equipment.

Requirement. Identify and describe the equipment found in the CCS, to include:

- (1) Processor Display Set (PDS).
- (2) Cartridge Magnetic Tape Unit (CMTU).
- (3) Line Printer.
- (4) Wind indicator.
- (5) TDL-B modem.
- (6) Digitizer Switching Set (DSS).
- (7) Control and Distribution Set (CDS).
- (8) Radios.
- (9) Intercom.
- (10) Telephones.
- (11) TDL-C.
- (12) TDL-B.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Identify equipment listed above by visual sight with a minimum 70% accuracy.

Prerequisite. FAM-118.

5. Simulation (SIM)

SIM-140 L/S

Goal. Introduce basic tower operations.

Requirement. Observe and begin to apply basic tower operations in a Static Lab environment.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Utilizing proper phraseology and tower procedures, the trainee will demonstrate the proficiency to progress to the Tower Operator Training System (TOTS).

Prerequisite. FAM-112.

SIM-141 S

Goal. Perform as a Control Tower Operator.

Requirement. Using the 15G32 Tower Operator Training System (TOTS), perform as:

- (1) Flight Data Operator per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.
- (2) Ground Control Operator per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.
- (3) Local Control Operator per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70% on each operating position.

Prerequisite. SIM-130.

SIM-142 E S

Goal. Perform as an ASR Final Controller.

Requirement. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, perform the duties of an ASR Final Controller per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. FAM-115.

SIM-143 E

Goal. Perform as a PAR Final Controller.

<u>Requirement</u>. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, perform duties of a PAR Final Controller per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. FAM-116.

SIM-144

Goal. Identify and vector an aircraft.

Requirement. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, identify and vector an aircraft through a series of corridors.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. An aircraft shall be vectored from its initial position to the approach gate without touching the sides of the corridors or the airspace boundary.

Prerequisite. FAM-117.

SIM-145 E S

Goal. Perform as an Arrival Controller.

Requirement. Utilizing the 15G31 voice-recognition training device, perform the duties of an Arrival Controller per FAA 7110.65 and applicable instructions while observing all safety precautions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. FAM-117.

SIM-146 E

Goal. Perform as a MATCALS basic equipment operator.

<u>Requirement</u>. Perform the functions of a MATCALS basic equipment operator, in all modes of operation, while observing safety precautions to include:

- (1) Arrival Departure Control (ADC) Mode.
- (2) Final Control (FC) Mode.
- (3) Training Modes.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance test with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. SYS-130.

207. CORE SKILL BASIC TRAINING (7257)

1. General

a. This phase provides for controllers to apply skills and knowledge obtained at the Core Skill Introduction (100-level) phase by manning crew positions at a MCAS or Forward Operating Base, under the direct supervision of qualified controllers in an OJT environment. Initial individual core skills are learned and mastered using a mix of live aircraft and simulation. Training progresses incrementally and includes introduction to the MATCD equipment, MACCS, MMT, and Data Link Coordinator (DLC). This phase culminates with the controller achieving Naval Air Training and Operating Procedures Standardization (NATOPS) certifications on basic ATC operating positions such as Tower Flight Data Control (FD), Clearance Delivery (CD), Tower Ground Control (TGC), Radar Flight Data Control (RFD), and/or Radar

Final Control (RFC). At this point the controller is prepared to be a crewmember in a MATCD or MMT.

b. Core Skill Basic Stages

- (1) Basic Tower Control (BTC).
- (2) Basic Radar Control (BRC).
- (3) Data Link Coordination (DLC).
- (4) MATC Mobile Team (MMT).

2. Basic Tower Control (BTC) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop basic knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations in a tower environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. Successfully complete the 100-level.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Basic qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 200-level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 10 events.

BTC-200YR Y,R L/S

Goal. Operate fixed control tower equipment.

Requirement. Operate the following equipment:

- (1) Transmitter/receiver control panel(s).
- (2) Backup/emergency transmitter/receiver location and controls.
- (3) Airfield lighting console/computer.
- (4) Intercom units.
- (5) Telephones.
- (6) Altimeter.
- (7) Aldis lamp.
- (8) Wind instruments.
- (9) Clocks.
- (10) NAVAID monitors.
- (11) Console and cab lighting.
- (12) Cooling and heating controls.
- (13) P. A. system.
- (14) Emergency alert system.
- (15) Fire extinguishers.
- (16) Emergency power cutoff.
- (17) Traffic tabulators.
- (18) FDIO.

- (19) BRANDS/BRITE.
- (20) Tower Display Workstation (TDW).
- (21) Personal Computer.
- (22) Weather reporting monitor.
- (23) VIDS

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully operate all equipment during O.IT.

Prerequisite. KTWR-801.

BTC-201R R L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate the Expeditionary Control Tower (AN/TSQ-120) and associated equipment.

Requirement. Locate and operate the following equipment:

- (1) Power distribution panel.
- (2) Internal and external lights.
- (3) Aldis lamp.
- (4) Overhead speakers and adjustment knobs.
- (5) Flare gun assembly and firing switch.
- (6) Digital clock.
- (7) Thermostat.
- (8) Convert barometric pressure reading to altimeter setting.
- (9) Wind direction and speed indicator operation.
- (10) TELCO (intercom/land line).
- (11) VHF and UHF tunable radios.
- (12) Radio selector buttons.
- (13) Speaker selector switch.
- (14) ATIS.
- (15) Microphone and headset/handset jacks.
- (16) Crash alarm.
- (17) Fire detector.
- (18) Operator Control Unit (OCU).

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully operate all equipment during OJT.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701.

BTC-202R R L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate the Remote Landing Site Tower (AN/TSQ-216) and associated equipment.

Requirement. Locate and operate the following equipment:

- (1) Power distribution panel.
- (2) Internal and external lights.
- (3) Aldis lamp (IR and visible light).
- (4) Flare gun.
- (5) Digital clock.
- (6) ECU.
- (7) Laptop computer.
- (8) Wind direction and speed indicator operation.

- (9) TELCO (intercom/land line).
- (10) VHF, UHF and HF tunable radios.
- (11) Radio selector buttons.
- (12) Speaker selector switch.
- (13) ATIS.
- (14) Microphone and headset/handset jacks.
- (15) Crash alarm.
- (16) Fire detector.
- (17) Operator's Control Unit (OCU).
- (18) Antenna construction.
- (19) Generator.

Performance Standards. Successfully operate all equipment during OJT.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701.

BTC-203

<u>Goal</u>. Perform duties of a Tower Flight Data Controller (TFD).

<u>Requirement</u>. In a control tower, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of a TFD Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a TFD controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-200, KFAM-800 through KFAM-804, and all KTWR
and KTFD knowledge events.

BTC-204

Goal. Perform duties of a Clearance Delivery Controller (CD).

Requirement. While under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of CD Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a CD controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-200 and KTFD-821.

BTC-205

Goal. Perform the duties of a Tower Ground Controller (TGC).

<u>Requirement</u>. In a control tower, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform duties and responsibilities of a TGC Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate the proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a TGC Controller.

 $\underline{\text{Prerequisite}}$. BTC-200, KFAM-800 through KFAM-804, and all KTWR and KTGC knowledge events.

BTC-206 L/S

Goal. Conduct launches and recoveries in EMCON conditions.

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, conduct EMCON launches and recoveries. Demonstrate usage of the following:

- (1) Pro-words and brevity codes.
- (2) Light gun signals.

Performance Standards. Successfully launch and recover aircraft during EMCON operations.

Prerequisite. KTGC-823.

BTC-207EYR

E,Y,R L

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Flight Data Controller (TFD).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner at the TFD position per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

Performance Standards. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing the above requirement as a TFD Controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-203.

BTC-208EYR

E,Y,R

L

Goal. Qualify as a Clearance Delivery (CD) Controller.

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner on the CD position per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

Performance Standards. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing the above as a CD Controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-204.

BTC-209EYR

E,Y,R L

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller (TGC).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner at the TGC position per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing the above as a TGC.

Prerequisite. BTC-205.

3. Basic Radar Control (BRC) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop basic knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations in a radar environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. Successfully complete all 100-level events.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Basic qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 200 series syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. <u>Live and Simulator Event Training</u>. 7 events.

BRC-220YR Y,R L/S

Goal. Operate fixed radar equipment.

Requirement. Operate the following radar equipment:

- (1) Surveillance Radar.
- (2) Precision Radar.
- (3) Transmitter/receiver control panel(s).
- (4) Backup/emergency transmitter/receiver location and controls.
- (5) Intercom units.
- (6) Telephones.
- (7) Altimeter.
- (8) Wind instruments.
- (9) Clocks.
- (10) NAVAID monitors.
- (11) Console lighting.
- (12) Cooling and heating controls.
- (13) Emergency alert system.
- (14) Fire extinguishers.
- (15) Emergency power cutoff.
- (16) FDIO.
- (17) Personal Computer.
- (18) Weather reporting monitor.
- (19) VISCOM.
- (20) Simulator.
- (21) VIDS

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully operate all equipment during OJT.

Prerequisite. KRDR-800.

BRC-221R R L/S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Configure the Control and Communications Subsystem $\overline{\text{(AN/TSQ-131)}}$ and associated equipment for basic operation.

Requirement. Execute the following functions:

- (1) Operate the Operator Control Unit (OCU).
- (2) Set up communications for a final approach.
- (3) Program Multi-Mode Display (MMD) for elevation/azimuth.
- (4) Set up an MMD for surveillance usage (ADC).
- (5) Set up an MMD for a Final Controller (FC) Trainee.
- (6) Set up a Final Control (FC) simulation scenario.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully operate all equipment during OJT.

Prerequisite. KFAM-717, KFAM-718.

BRC-222R R S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Control precision/surveillance approaches using the $\underline{\text{simulation}}$ mode of the AN/TSQ-131.

Requirement. Utilize the AN/TSQ-131 equipment under the supervision of an OJTI. Control 20 simulated approaches using the following RFC modes of the MATCALS:

- (1) Simulated Mode-3 final approach.
- (2) Simulated Mode-2 final approach.
- (3) Simulated Mode-2 final using track update menu.
- (4) Simulated Mode II, ACLS, TDL-C.
- (5) Simulated emergencies and unusual circumstances incorporated into all of the above simulations.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully control aircraft during <u>simulated final approaches</u>.

Prerequisite. KFAM-717, KFAM-718.

BRC-223

Goal. Perform duties of a Radar Flight Data Controller (RFD).

<u>Requirement</u>. In a radar environment, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of a Radar Flight Data Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate the proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a RFD controller.

 $\frac{\text{Prerequisite}}{\text{and KRFD knowledge events}}$. BRC-220, KFAM-800 through KFAM-804, and all KRDR

BRC-224

Goal. Perform the duties of a Radar Final Controller (RFC).

<u>Requirement</u>. In a radar environment, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of a RFC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate the proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a RFC.

 $\underline{\text{Prerequisite}}$. BRC-220, KFAM-800 through KFAM-804, and all KRDR and KRFC knowledge events.

BRC-225EYR E,Y,R L

Goal. Qualify as a Radar Flight Data Controller (RFD).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner on the RFD position per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency as a RFD Controller:

Prerequisite. BRC-223.

BRC-226EYR E,Y,R L

Goal. Qualify as a Radar Final Controller (RFC).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria, apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner on the RFC position per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT examination demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing as a RFC

Prerequisite. BRC-224.

4. Data Link Coordination (DLC) Training

- a. Purpose. To develop basic knowledge of Tactical Data Link (TDL) use.
- b. Administrative Notes. None.
- c. <u>Prerequisite</u>. None.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Basic qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months

or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 200-level of this syllabus.

- e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 4 events.

DLC-230

Goal. Identify standard data link symbology.

 $\frac{\text{Requirement}}{\text{TDL-B link.}}$ Identify and manipulate standard symbology over a TDL-B link. The exercise should include friendlies, hostiles, unknowns and pending.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Visually identify data link symbology with a minimum of 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-730, KFAM-731.

DLC-231

Goal. Introduce Tactical Digital Information Link (TDL) theory.

Requirement. Explain TDL theory to include:

- (1) Identify the characteristics of existing TDLs.
- (2) Identify the meaning of Data Link Reference Point (DLRP), Unit System Coordination Center (USCC), Unit Position (UPOS) and the difference between data grid and display grid.
- (3) Identify the capabilities of each service's command and control agencies to conduct one or more of the TDLs.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-730, KFAM-731.

DLC-232

Goal. Describe MACCS TDL interoperability.

Requirement. Describe MACCS TDL interoperability to include:

- (1) Major interface considerations with the following:
 - (a) TDL-A.
 - (b) TDL-B.
 - (c) GBDL.
 - (d) TDL-C.
 - (e) TDL-J.
- (2) Specific considerations for data link operation.

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- (3) Voice nets to be activated for joint service operations.
- (4) Major considerations for selecting TDL systems.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

DLC-233EYR E,Y,R L/S

Goal. Qualify as a DLC.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or a training exercise, establish, operate, and exit MATCALS TDL-B and TDL-C links.

- (1) Track Management.
- (2) Emergency circuit exit TDL-B.
- (3) Mode II, ACLS, TDL-C.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing as a Data Link Coordinator (DLC) in compliance with established evaluation criteria.

Prerequisite. KFAM-730, KFAM-731, DLC-230, DLC-231, DLC-232.

External Syllabus Support. Operational TACC and/or TAOC equipment (TDL-B) NAWCAD MTT.

5. Marine ATC Mobile Team (MMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop basic knowledge of MMT tactics and procedures.
- b. Administrative Notes. None.
- c. Prerequisite. BTC-207 and BTC-209, or BRC-225 and BRC-226.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Basic qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 200-level of this syllabus.
 - e. <u>Crew Requirements</u>. A minimum of a 6-member MMT.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 7 events.

MMT-260

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate communications equipment in secure/nonsecure mode and frequency agile mode.

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, communicate with other agencies using the secure/nonsecure mode of organic MMT radios.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Establish two-way communications using organic UHF/VHF/HF/SATCOM radios.

Prerequisite. Lecture A-19, KFAM-704, KFAM-710.

MMT-261

Goal. Construct a field expedient antenna.

<u>Requirement</u>. Using necessary materials, construct a field expedient antenna for communication.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Establish two-way communications using organic UHF/VHF/HF/SATCOM radios with field expedient antennas.

Prerequisite. KFAM-704, KFAM-710.

External Syllabus Support. Field radio(s), antenna construction
materials.

MMT-262 S

Goal. Encode and decode messages.

<u>Requirement</u>. Given an ACEOI, encode and decode messages and exchange coded alpha or numeric characters, to authenticate radio communications.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform proper authentication of radio communication.

Prerequisite. Lecture A-18, KFAM-704.

MMT-263

Goal. Operate and use MMT equipment.

Requirement. Demonstrate use and operation of following MMT
equipment:

- (1) AN/PVS-5/7 and AN/AVS-9 Night Vision Devices.
- (2) VS-17 Marker Panels.
- (3) Field Marker Lights (i.e. ACR/L-32 lights).
- (4) AN/GRA-39.
- (5) AN/TPN-30A Marine Remote Area Approach & Landing System (MRAALS).
- (6) AN/TPN-46 DAME.
- (7) MEP-531.
- (8) AN/PSN-11 Precision Lightweight Global Positioning System Receiver (PLGR).
- (9) AN/PPN-19 Portable Radar Beacon.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Accurately identify and demonstrate the proper use of the above MMT equipment.

Prerequisite. Lectures B-17, KFAM-702, KFAM-710.

MMT-264

Goal. Perform as a MMT member.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or training exercise, perform as an MMT member utilizing required equipment, while under the supervision of a qualified MMT Leader. Conduct the following:

- (1) Equipment readiness.
- (2) MMT and aircrew briefings.
- (3) Site set up and tear down.
- (4) Insertion and extraction.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully perform operations as an MMT member.

Prerequisite. MMT-260, MMT-262, MMT-263.

External Syllabus Support. TLZ lighting and marking equipment.

MMT-265

Goal. Conduct launches and recoveries in EMCON conditions.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. In a field environment, conduct EMCON launches and recoveries. Demonstrate usage of the following:

- (1) Prowords and brevity codes.
- (2) Light gun signals.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Successfully launch and recover aircraft during $\underline{\text{EMCON}}$ conditions.

Prerequisite. KTGC-823.

MMT-266E E L

Goal. Qualify as an MMT member.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or a field exercise, demonstrate proficiency as an MMT member. Perform the following:

- (1) Planning.
- (2) Personnel and equipment readiness.
- (3) MMT and aircrew briefing.
- (4) Site set up and tear down.
- (5) Insertion and extraction.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}_{\mbox{least one day and one night HLZ/TLZ.}}$

Prerequisite. MMT-260 through MMT-264.

208. CORE SKILL ADVANCED TRAINING (7252/7253/7254)

1. General

a. This phase progresses the controller through the remaining core skills required to be qualified on all combat crewmember positions. The controller shall continue training and achieve NATOPS certifications on advanced operating positions, Tower Local Control, Radar Arrival/Departure Control and/or Radar Approach Control. The controller will begin to integrate acquired ATC skills into the MACCS, Joint Air Command and Control Systems, and international military and civilian command and control to include ATC architectures. During this period training is focused on the expeditionary capabilities of the MATCD with additional qualification as an MMT Leader. Additional formal training will occur late in the 300 series through completion of the On the Job Trainer Instruction (OJTI), Advanced MATCD Course, and Advanced Radar Air Traffic Control Course (ARATC). These courses, in combination with the completion of core skills training, will prepare the controller to function as a trainer for controllers entering the 200 and 300 levels of this syllabus.

b. Core Skill Basic Stages

- (1) Tower Local Control (TLC).
- (2) Arrival/Departure Control (ADC).
- (3) Approach Control (APC).
- (4) MACS Mobile Team (MMT).
- (5) Crew Management (CMT).
- (6) Battle Management (BMT).
- (7) Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERP).

2. Tower Local Control (TLC) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations in a tower environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. Completion of all BTC qualifications.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 300-level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 3 events.

TLC-310 L

Goal. Perform the duties of a Tower Local Controller (TLC).

<u>Requirement</u>. In a control tower, under the supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of a TLC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate the proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as a TLC.

Prerequisite. All KTWR and KTLC knowledge events.

TLC-311

Goal. Conduct launches and recoveries in EMCON conditions.

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, conduct EMCON launches and recoveries. Demonstrate usage of the following:

- (1) Prowords and brevity codes.
- (2) Light gun signals.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully launch and recover aircraft during EMCON operations.

Prerequisite. KTGC-823.

TLC-312EYR

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Local Controller (TLC).

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision of a CTO Examiner and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria; apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner at the TLC position.

 $\underline{\text{Performance Standards}}.$ Pass an OJT examination demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing as a TLC.

 $\underline{\text{Prerequisite}}$. TLC-310, and 6 months as a controller at one location (per CFR Part 65.39).

3. Arrival/Departure Control (ADC) Training

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop advanced knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations in a radar environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. Completion of all BRC qualifications.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 300 level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition to MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to be familiar with knowledge syllabus events

in the 700 and 800-levels. All knowledge events must be evaluated through using an oral or written test with a minimum score of 80%.

g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 3 events.

ADC-340 S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Control in an Arrival/Departure Control (ADC) environment using the simulation mode of the AN/TSQ-131.

Requirement. Utilizing the AN/TSQ-131 equipment under the supervision of an OJTI perform the functions of an ADC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully conduct a simulated Arrival scenario of five A/C simultaneously, incorporating inter/intra facility handoffs, point-outs, approval requests, and approved strip marking.

Prerequisite. BRC-221.

ADC-341

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Perform the duties of an Arrival/Departure Controller $\overline{(\text{ADC})}$.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a radar environment, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of an ADC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Demonstrate proficiency required to be recommended for qualification as an ADC position.

Prerequisite. All KRDR and KAPC knowledge events.

ADC-342EYR

Goal. Qualify as an Arrival/Departure Controller (ADC).

Requirement. In a garrison environment, under direct supervision of an ATCSE and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria; apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner at the ADC position.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT examination demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing as an ADC.

Prerequisite. ADC-341.

4. Approach Control (APC) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}.$ To develop advanced knowledge of ATC rules, procedures and operations in a radar environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. Completion of all BRC qualifications.

- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 300 level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 6 events.

APC-350 S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Control in an Approach Control (APC) environment using the simulation mode of the AN/TSQ-131.

Requirement. Utilizing the AN/TSQ-131 equipment under the supervision of an OJTI perform the functions of an APC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Must successfully conduct a simulated <u>Approach scenario of five A/C simultaneously</u>, incorporating inter/intra facility handoffs, point-outs, approval requests, and approved strip marking.

Prerequisite. BRC-221.

APC-351YR Y,R S

<u>Goal</u>. Perform non-radar approach control services.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a non-radar environment, under the supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of a non-radar Approach Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Must successfully conduct a simulated non-radar scenario of five A/C simultaneously, incorporating inter/intra facility handoffs, point-outs, approval requests, and approved strip marking.

Prerequisite. KAPC-842.

APC-352 L

Goal. Perform the duties of an Approach Controller (APC).

 $\frac{\text{Requirement}}{\text{a OJTI, perform duties}}$. In a radar environment, under direct supervision of a OJTI, perform duties and responsibilities of an APC Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform the duties and responsibilities of an Approach Controller under direct supervision.

Prerequisite. All KRDR and KAPC knowledge events.

APC-353EYR E,Y,R L

Goal. Qualify as an Approach Controller (APC).

<u>Requirement</u>. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision of a ATCS Examiner and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria; apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner at the APC position.

 $\frac{\text{Performance Standards}.}{\text{knowledge and proficiency to perform an APC}}.$

Prerequisite. APC-352.

APC-354

Goal. Perform the duties of a Sector Controller.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a radar environment, under direct supervision of an OJTI, perform the duties and responsibilities of a Sector Controller.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform the duties and responsibilities of a Sector Controller as defined in NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

 $\frac{\text{Prerequisite}}{\text{knowledge events}}$. All BRC Qualifications. All KRDR and KAPC

APC-355EYR E,Y,R L

<u>Goal</u>. Qualify as a Sector Controller.

Requirement. In a garrison or field environment, under direct supervision of a ATCS Examiner and in compliance with established NATOPS evaluation criteria; apply knowledge and conduct ATC procedures in a safe, orderly, and expeditious manner at the Sector Control position.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency to perform as a Sector Controller.

Prerequisite. APC-354.

5. Marine ATC Mobile Team (MMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of MMT tactics and procedures.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. MMT-266E.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 300 level of this syllabus.

- e. Crew Requirements. A minimum 6 Marine MMT / MMT Leader Instructor.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 2 events.

MMT-360

Goal. Perform as an MMT Leader.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or training exercise while utilizing required equipment and under the supervision of a qualified MMT Leader, perform as an MMT Leader.

- (1) Recommend/assist in TLZ/HLZ site selection and survey.
- (2) Coordinate with civil and military control agencies.
- (3) Prepare personnel and equipment readiness.
- (4) Conduct MMT and aircrew briefings.
- (5) Insertion and extraction methods.
- (6) Mark TLZ/HLZs.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. With assistance from a qualified MMT leader, perform the above requirements.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. KFAM-700, KFAM-702, KFAM-703, KFAM-704, KFAM-716, MMT-266.

MMT-361E E L

Goal. Qualify as an MMT Leader in a field exercise.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or field exercise, with a qualified MMT Leader Instructor, qualify as an MMT Leader. Demonstrate proficiency in the following:

- (1) Site selection.
- (2) Personnel and equipment readiness.
- (3) MMT and aircrew briefings.
- (4) Insertion and extraction.
- (5) Mark TLZ/HLZs.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Without assistance, successfully perform the above requirements.

Prerequisite. MMT-360.

6. Crew Management (CMT) Training

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop basic knowledge of management techniques and procedures required leading and supervising an ATC crew.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.

- c. Prerequisite. None.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 300 level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 4 events.

CMT-370

Goal. Extract pertinent information from the ATO and ACO.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or a training exercise, extract pertinent information and aircraft operating constraints from the ATO/SPINS and ACO.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Develop a flight schedule utilizing the information found in the ATO/SPINS and ACO.

Prerequisite. Lecture A-09 and KFAM-711.

CMT-371

<u>Goal</u>. Conduct an ATC tactical crew brief.

Requirement. During an operation, training exercise or through
simulation, properly conduct an ATC tactical crew brief. Brief
the following areas:

- (1) Enemy and friendly situation.
- (2) Base Defense Zone (BDZ) status.
- (3) Air defense warning condition.
- (4) Status of alert.
- (5) Weapons release condition.
- (6) Continuing missions.
- (7) Scheduled events.
- (8) Published ATO.
- (9) Assigned frequencies/call signs.
- (10) Weather.
- (11) Equipment status.
- (12) Crew requirements.
- (13) Watch Schedule.
- (14) Training Plan.
- (15) Casualty procedures.
- (16) Emergency procedures.
- (17) Casualty procedures.
- (18) Emergency procedures.
 (19) ACM's/Range Information
- (20) SPINS Information

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully conduct a tactical ATC crew brief that contains the information above.

Prerequisite. KFAM-716, Lectures A-12, A-13, B-1 through B-13.

CMT-372EYR E,Y,R

Goal. Perform as a Tower Supervisor (TS).

<u>Requirement</u>. Under direct supervision of a qualified evaluator, perform the duties and responsibilities of a TS per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing as a TS.

Prerequisite. KFAM-806, TLC-312.

$\underline{\text{CMT-373EYR}} \qquad \qquad \underline{\text{E,Y,R}} \qquad \qquad \underline{\text{L}}$

Goal. Perform as a Radar Supervisor (RS).

Requirement. Under direct supervision of a qualified evaluator, perform the duties and responsibilities of a RS per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass an OJT exam demonstrating knowledge and proficiency while performing as a RS.

Prerequisite. KFAM-806, ADC-342 or APC-353 (as applicable).

7. Battle Management (BMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of tactical requirements in an ATC environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. None.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the ATCFO will complete "R" coded events in the 300 level of this syllabus.
- e. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - f. Live and Simulator Event Training. 14 events.

BMT-380 S/L

<u>Goal</u>. Plan and develop MATCD communications interface with MACCS and external agencies.

<u>Requirement</u>. During simulation or actual operation, plan, develop, and implement the communications architecture for MATCD interface with the MACCS and external agencies by using an ACEOI, and Annex K of an operations order (OPORD).

- (1) Identify and submit communications requirements.
- (2) Provide a communications connectivity chart.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%

Prerequisite. KFAM-700, KFAM-704 through KFAM-706, Lecture B-26.

BMT-381

<u>Goal</u>. Prepare, request, and supervise an FAA flight inspection/certification.

Requirement. During an operation, a field exercise, or while in garrison, conduct a tactical or FAA flight inspection.

- (1) Request tactical or FAA flight inspection from the appropriate agency.
- (2) Prepare for NAVAID/RADAR certification.
- (3) Submit for approval applicable instrument flight procedures for a NAVAID/RADAR.
- (4) Prepare tactical flight check profiles associated with permissive and restrictive environments.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully schedule and plan for a flight inspection.

BMT-382

Goal. Identify and plot air control measures on a map.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or a training/simulated exercise, identify, describe, and plot the designated air control measures. Plot the following items on a map:

- (1) Base Defense Zones (BDZ).
- (2) Minimum Risk Routes (MRR).
- (3) High Density Airspace Control Zone (HIDACZ).
- (4) Standard Use Army Aircraft Flight Routes (SAFFR).
- (5) Low Level Transit Routes (LLTR).
- (6) Amphibious Objective Area (AOA).
- (7) Airspace Coordination Area (ACA).
- (8) Multi-Use Control Points.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum of 80%

Prerequisite. Lecture B-18.

BMT-383 S/L

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Operate the Marine Air Traffic Control and Landing System $\overline{\text{(MATCALS)}}$ software.

Requirement. Describe the components of and operate the MATCALS,
to include:

- (1) AN/TPS-73 Air Traffic Control Subsystem (ATCS).
- (2) AN/TPN-22 Automatic Landing System (ALS).
- (3) AN/TSQ-131 Control and Communication Subsystem (CCS).

Execute the following functions:

- (1) Load FOC software into MMD via Magnetic Tape Unit (MTU).
- (2) Load FOC software into MMD via Serial Data Bus (SDB).
- (3) Load and verify System Initialization (SI) Data.
- (4) Establish and exit a TDL-B circuit.
- (5) Emergency circuit exit TDL-B.
- (6) Use of filters against TDL-B.
- (7) Build maps.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a written and performance exam with a minimum of 80%.

BMT-384 E

Goal. Explain the six functions of Marine aviation.

Requirement. Describe the six functions of Marine aviation:

- (1) AAW.
- (2) OAS.
- (3) Assault support.
- (4) Electronic warfare.
- (5) Reconnaissance.
- (6) Control of aircraft and missiles.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

BMT-385 S/I

<u>Goal</u>. Identify and employ the MATCD equipment.

Requirement. Describe capabilities of all MATCD equipment to include:

- (1) AN/HD-1099, Air Conditioner.
- (2) AN/MEP-006A, 60 kW, 60Hz, Generator with Loadbank.
- (3) AN/MEP-531 Generator.
- (4) VM-1503 Mobilizer.
- (5) 9503 Mobilizer.
- (6) M1022 Mobilizer.
- (7) M998, HMMWV.
- (8) SM-170, Maintenance Vans.
- (9) AN/TPN-30A, Marine Remote Area Approach Landing System.

- (10) AN/TPS-73, Air Traffic Control Subsystem.
- (11) AN/TPN-22, All-weather Landing Subsystem.
- (12) AN/TSQ-131, Control and Communication Subsystem.
- (13) AN/TRN-44, TACAN.
- (14) AN/TSQ-216, Remote Landing Site Tower.
- (15) AN/TSQ-120, Expeditionary Control Tower.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701, KFAM-710, KFAM-712.

BMT-386

т.

Goal. Introduce the role, mission and organization of the MACCS.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. State the role, mission and organization of the $\underline{\text{MACCS}}$ to include:

- (1) Fundamental mission, combat force structure and organization.
- (2) Basic air control/air defense operational agencies, their missions and organization within the MACCS.
- (3) Roles, functions, ranks, job titles and chain of command of key decision-making personnel in the TACC, TAOC, DASC, and MATCD.
- (4) Capabilities, functions and configurations of the MACCS agencies:
 - (a) Tactical Air Command Center (TACC).
 - (b) Tactical Air Operations Center (TAOC).
 - (c) Sector Anti-Air Warfare Center (SAAWC).
 - (d) Early Warning Control Site (EW/C).
 - (e) Direct Air Support Center (DASC).
 - (f) Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment (MATCD).
- (5) Mission and capabilities of LAAD Bn, MWCS, and VMU.
- - (a) Main Air Base.
 - (b) Air Facility.
 - (c) Rapid Ground Refueling (RGR) procedures.
 - (d) Air Sites (Tactical Landing Zone (TLZ), Helicopter Landing Zones (HLZ).
 - (e) Air Points (Forward Arming and Refueling Point [CFRP], Rapid Ground Refueling [RGR], Lager Point).

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700, KFAM-708, KFAM-709.

BMT-387

S/L

Goal. Introduction to Tactical Digital Link (TDL).

Requirement. State TDL knowledge to include:

- (1) Define TDL.
- (2) Identify existing TDLs and the characteristic of each.
- (3) List TDLs utilized by the Marine Corps.

- (4) List TDLs utilized by the MATCD.
- (5) Define Data Link Reference Point (DLRP), Unit System Coordination Center (USCC), Unit Position (UPOS) and describe the difference between data grid and display grid.
- (6) Identify the capabilities of each Service's command and control agencies to conduct one or more of the TDLs.
- (7) Identify major interface considerations with the following:
 - (a) TDL-A.
 - (b) TDL-B.
 - (c) GBDL.
 - (d) TDL-C.
 - (e) TDL-J.
- (8) Specific considerations for data link operation.
- (9) Voice nets to be activated for joint service operations.
- (10) Major considerations for selecting TDL systems.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 70%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-730, KFAM-731.

BMT-388 S/L

Goal. Introduce MATCD site selection.

<u>Requirement</u>. Participate in the planning and conduct of a site survey for the placement of a MATCD. Perform the following:

- (1) Select a MATCD site considering:
 - (a) Mission.
 - (b) Tower site with best view of airport, Class D airspace, and patterns.
 - (c) PAR site that affords clear avenues.
 - (d) Reconnaissance of selected sites.
 - (e) ASR site that provides minimal terrain masking.
 - (f) Radar coverage of the area of ATC responsibility.
 - (q) Camouflage.
 - (h) Site security.
 - (i) Support equipment.
- (2) Account for the following MATCD equipment characteristics:
 - (a) Sighting limits of the radar set.
 - (b) Optimum runway/sector coverage.
 - (c) Obstructions to radar view.
 - (d) Terrain characteristics.
 - (e) Typical sighting configurations.
 - (f) Power requirements.
 - (g) Installation requirements.
 - (h) Wind survival tie-down procedures.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701, KFAM-713.

BMT-389 S/L

Goal. Conduct embarkation of ATC equipment.

Requirement. Identify requirements and prepare required data to aid in the construction of a load plan for amphibious shipping and fixed wing air transport platforms including C-5A, C-141B, C-17 and C-130. Specifically describe how many lifts of each aircraft listed above it would take to move each of the following systems with associated support equipment:

- (1) AN/TSQ-120 Expeditionary Control Tower.
- (2) AN/TRC-195 Mobile Control Tower.
- (3) AN/TSQ-216 Remote Landing Site Tower.
- (4) AN/TSQ-131 Control and Communication Subsystem.
- (5) AN/TRN-44 TACAN.
- (6) AN/TPN-30A Marine Remote Area Approach Landing System.
- (7) AN/TPN-22 All-Weather Landing Subsystem.
- (8) TSM-170 Maintenance Van.
- (9) AN/TSQ-73 Surveillance Radar.
- (10) Equipment requiring movement with a 30-ton crane.
- (11) Equipment requiring movement with a 7.5-ton crane.
- (12) Equipment requiring movement with a 10,000 lb forklift.
- (13) Equipment requiring movement with a 6,000 lb forklift.
- (14) Ground transportation requirements to the POE/site.
- (15) Equipment requiring movement with a RATCH.
- (16) Pallet construction and packing.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-701.

BMT-390

Goal. Understand civil and combat airspace management.

<u>Requirement</u>. Manage airspace issues in a civil or combat environment. Describe the following:

- Principal airspace control facilities and the types of control they employ.
- (2) Characteristics of control points.
- (3) The four airspace management principles.
- (4) Factors used to determine mix of positive and procedural control.
- (5) MACCS intelligence collection and dissemination procedures and capabilities.
- (6) Command and control information flow.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

BMT-391 L

<u>Goal</u>. Understand the Theater Air Ground System (TAGS).

<u>Requirement</u>. Demonstrate knowledge of the operational facilities and units that comprise the TAGS. Address the organization, roles, capabilities, and limitations of these facilities and how they participate in and contribute to the joint air fight.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

BMT-392

Goal. Introduce two-way communications with MACCS agencies.

Requirement. In a classroom setting, field environment, or during a simulated exercise, using appropriate communications equipment: relay aircraft launch and recovery information as necessary, complete a communication transfer/handover of an aircraft to/from TAOC or DASC.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Establish a communication link with at least one receiving unit utilizing either voice or TDL and complete the requirement.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700, KFAM-705, KFAM-706.

CMT-393 S

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Conduct ATC operations in a Nuclear, Biological and Chemical (NBC) environment.

Requirement. In a simulated NBC environment utilizing ATC detachment equipment and in MOPP level IV, perform ATC functions.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. While in MOPP IV, provide for the safe, orderly, and expeditious movement of air traffic, in either a radar or tower environment.

External Syllabus Support. Voice amplifier.

8. Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERP) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop basic knowledge of TERPS development and construction.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. None.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Skill Advanced qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the ATCFO will complete "R" coded events in the 300 level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. <u>Live and Simulator Event Training</u>. 2 events.

TERP-395

Goal. Introduce Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS).

Requirement. State the following:

- (1) Purpose of TERPS.
- (2) Two types of TERPS.
- (3) Four segments in procedures construction.
- (4) ATC NAVAIDS.
- (5) Two areas of each segment.
- (6) Required obstacle clearance for each approach segment.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-805.

TERP-396E E

Goal. Develop an instrument approach.

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Research and develop an instrument approach procedure.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. With the aid of references, develop a minimum of two instrument approaches (precision/non-precision) for each NAVAID/radar system assigned to a MCAS or MATCD using TERPS.

Prerequisite. TERP-395, KFAM-805.

209. CORE PLUS TRAINING (7252/7253/7254/7291)

1. <u>General</u>

a. This phase focuses on controller functions solely in managerial leadership positions as a Tower or Radar Supervisor, Branch and/or Crew Chief, NCOIC and MACS Operations Chief. As such, the controller assists facility officers, detachment commanders and operations officers in the planning and execution of all phases of garrison and expeditionary ATC services and the integration of this ability into the warfighting capability of Marine Corps aviation worldwide. They will require extensive knowledge and experience running the gamut of ATC and air command and control arenas. Formal training offered through various academic courses of instruction is available (listed in par. 210) to obtain the knowledge base that enables the controller to be fully functional as an assistant planner in joint and combined operations and exercises involving the MACCS. Additionally, the controller will bring a broad base of experience to the Marine Corps ability to integrate seamlessly into the civil and military ATC architecture in the U.S. and internationally.

b. Core Plus Stages

- (1) Crew Management (CMT).
- (2) Battle Management (BMT).
- (3) Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERP).

2. Crew Management (CMT) Training

- a. <u>Purpose</u>. To develop advanced knowledge of management techniques and procedures required leading and supervising an ATC crew.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
- c. <u>Prerequisite</u>. Attain a Skill Designator 7252, 7253, or 7254, or MOS 7291.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Plus qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 400 level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
- g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 1 event.

CMT-470

 \underline{Goal} . Perform as an Air Traffic Control Facility Watch Officer (ATCFWO).

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Perform the duties and responsibilities of an ATCFWO per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

Performance Standards. Pass an exam with a minimum score of 80%.

Prerequisite. KFAM-800 through KFAM-804, KFAM-806, BTC-224 and BRC-233.

3. Battle Management (BMT) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of tactical requirements in an ATC environment.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. None.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Plus qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 400 level of this syllabus.
 - e. Crew Requirements. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 8 events.

BMT-480 L

Goal. Perform as a MATCD NCOIC.

Requirement

- (1) Assist and make recommendations to the MATCD commander concerning all aspects of the detachment.
- (2) Provide input to the MATCD commander with regard to the management of personnel.
- (3) Coordinate assignment and supervision of enlisted Marines to include FAP requirements.
- (4) Supervise the professional development of enlisted Marines.
- (5) Coordinate with internal and external agencies as required.
- (6) Coordinate and supervise the administrative functions of the detachment including tracking and reporting the training status of unit controllers.
- (7) Assist the MATCD commander in preparing the following:
 - (a) Deployment plans and orders.
 - (b) Embarkation planning.
 - (c) TERPS for deployment locations.
 - (d) Recommendations for airspace requirements for deployments.
 - (e) Universal Needs Statement (UNS).
 - (f) Submission of Military Training Requirement Review (MTRR).

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform at minimum 80% of the above requirements and be permanently assigned as a MATCD NCOIC.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700, KFAM-701, KFAM-712, KFAM-714, KFAM-715.

BMT-481

Goal. Perform as a MACS Operations Chief (Ops Chief).

Requirement

- (1) Provide assistance and make recommendations to the operations officer concerning all aspects of the operational employment of the squadron, both in garrison and while deployed to include:
 - (a) TEEP preparation.
 - (b) SORTS review.
 - (c) Intelligence requirements.
- (2) Supervise the administration of the S-3 section.
- (3) Direct the preparation, editing, routing and maintenance of all correspondence and reports required.
- (4) Assist in the preparation of squadron operations plans, orders and training schedules.
- (5) Advise the operations officer on assignment of all enlisted personnel.
- (6) Provide guidance and assist the ATC Chief, Training Chief, MATCD NCOIC, and NBC Chief.
- (7) Supervise the professional development of enlisted Marines assigned.
- (8) Coordinate all squadron operational, training, and inspection requirements with higher headquarters.

L

(9) Conduct other duties as assigned by the operations officer.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform at least 80% of the requirements and be assigned to a MACCS as an Ops Chief.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

BMT-482

Goal. Perform as a MATCD Watch Commander (WC).

Requirement. During an operation or a field exercise, perform the duties and responsibilities of a WC. Demonstrate proficiency in the following:

- (1) Crew management.
- (2) MACCS information flow if required.
- (3) Interface with external MACCS agencies as required.
- (4) Control judgment.
- (5) Traffic management.
- (6) Operating procedures and method.
- (7) Coordination and communication.
- (8) Phraseology.
- (9) Equipment.

BMT-484

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Perform at minimum 80% of the above requirements and be assigned to a MATCD as a WC. The MATCD commander determines qualification as an MATCD WC.

BMT-483

Goal. Operate within a TACC.

Requirement. Work within a TACC during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe the functions of the leadership and operational positions within the TACC with 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700, KFAM-711.

<u>Goal</u>. Operate within a TAOC.

Requirement. Work within a TAOC during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe the functions of leadership and operational positions within the TAOC with 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700, KFAM-708, KFAM-709.

BMT-485

Goal. Operate within a DASC.

Requirement. Work within a DASC during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe the functions of the leadership and operational positions within the DASC with 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700 and KFAM-703.

BMT-486

L

Goal. Operate within LAAD.

Requirement. Work within LAAD during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe the functions of the leadership and operational positions within LAAD with 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700.

BMT-487

L

Goal. Operate within VMU.

Requirement. Work within VMU during an exercise or operation.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Describe the functions of the leadership and operational positions within VMU with 80% accuracy.

Prerequisite. KFAM-700 .

4. Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERP) Training

- a. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. To develop advanced knowledge of TERPS development and construction.
 - b. Administrative Notes. None.
 - c. Prerequisite. None.
- d. <u>Refresher Training</u>. Refresher training is required once a Core Plus qualified controller has been absent from an ATC billet for 18 months or longer. Upon return to an appropriate ATC billet, the controller will complete "R" coded events in the 400 level of this syllabus.
 - e. <u>Crew Requirements</u>. None.
- f. <u>Academic Training</u>. In addition MAWTS-1 ASPs in appendix A, some events require the controller to complete 700 and 800 level events. All knowledge events must be evaluated through performance or written test with a minimum score of 80%.
 - g. Live and Simulator Event Training. 1 event.

TERP-495E

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 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Qualify as a Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) Specialist.

Requirement. While at a MCAS or MATCD, manage and maintain a
TERPS program.

- (1) Review all current terminal instrument procedures.
- (2) Develop new procedures as required.
- (3) Maintain and file obstacle evaluations.
- (4) Perform and submit required reviews.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Be certified full mission capable during an evaluation or pass an FAA flight check and submit procedure for publication.

Prerequisite. TERP-395, TERP-396, KFAM-805, TERPS Basic Course, and MarineNet Course completion.

210. INSTRUCTOR (INST) TRAINING

1. <u>Purpose</u>. Instructor training prepares the instructor for certification and designation as an On-The-Job Training Instructor (OJTI), a Weapons and Tactics Instructor (WTI)-Air Control, or MATC Mobile Team (MMT) Leader Instructor. At the completion of this level, the controller is capable of instructing all aspects of ATC in a garrison or field environment.

a. Administrative Notes

- (1) Instructor certification requirements are delineated in the approved MAWTS-1 guides. This POI is to be completed prior to designation as an instructor.
- (2) The controller must be experienced enough to be able to instruct others in ATC leadership and supervisory functions.
 - b. Live and Simulator Event Training. 3 events.

INST-500

Goal. Certify as an OJT Instructor (OJTI).

Requirement. Perform as an OJT Instructor. In a garrison or field environment, provide OJTI instruction to student controllers. Demonstrate proficiency in the following:

- (1) Preferred methods of teaching through a combination of direction, demonstration, and practical application.
- (2) Documentation of training on the Air Traffic Controller Position Evaluation.
- (3) Communicating to a trainee an evaluation of their performance to include their overall performance, an identification of strengths and weaknesses, and specific recommendations for improvement.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Successfully complete the TYCOM OJTI Instructor Course and applicable NATOPS qualifications.

INST-501

<u>Goal</u>. Certify as a Weapons Tactics Instructor (WTI)-Air Control.

Requirement. Perform as a WTI for the unit assigned.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Graduate the WTI C3 Course and be certified by MAWTS-1.

INST-502

Goal. Certify as a MMT Leader Instructor.

Requirement. Perform as the MMT Leader Instructor.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Graduate the MMT Leaders Course and be certified by MAWTS-1 to be an MMT Leader Instructor.

211. QUALIFICATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

1. General

- a. This phase contains tracking codes and events designed to facilitate training management. This level also provides community standardization for combat leadership designation.
- b. The 600-level events are for the sole purpose of tracking qualifications and designations.
- c. The controller must be experienced enough to successfully provide ATC leadership and supervision in the air traffic control community.

2. Enlisted Controller Qualifications

- a. Qualification codes do not constitute events themselves. Rather, they will be logged upon completion of qualification requirements; after the commander has signed the qualification letter and filed it the MACCS performance record (MPR); and other administrative actions are completed. Requirements for maintaining qualifications are detailed in the Aviation T&R Program Directive. Refer to the Core Skills and Core Plus qualification events for requirements.
- b. Tower Flight Data (TFD) qualification. An enlisted controller is TFD qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- c. <u>Clearance Delivery (CD) Controller qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is Clearance Delivery qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- d. Tower Ground Control (TGC) qualification. An enlisted controller is TGC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- e. <u>Tower Local Controller (TLC) qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is TLC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Advanced events. An

entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.

- f. Radar Flight Data (RFD) qualification. An enlisted controller is RFD qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- g. Radar Final Controller (RFC) qualification. An enlisted controller is RFC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- h. <u>Data Link Coordinator (DLC) qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is DLC qualified upon completion of required familiarization training in the 700 and 800 level events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- i. <u>Arrival/Departure Controller (ADC) qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is ADC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Advanced events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- j. Approach Controller (APC) qualification. An enlisted controller is APC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Advanced events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- k. <u>Sector Controller (SC) qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is SC qualified upon completion of required Core Skill Advanced events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- l. Marine ATC Mobile (MMT) Team Leader qualification. An enlisted controller is qualified as MMT leader upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- m. <u>Marine ATC Mobile Team Member (MMT) qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is qualified as an MMT member upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
- n. TERPS Specialist <u>qualification</u>. An enlisted controller is qualified as a TERPS Specialist upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events. An entry shall be made in the individual MACCS performance record stating the qualification.
 - o. Tracking Events. 13 events.

QUAL-600

Goal. Qualify as On -The -Job Instructor (OJTI).

Prerequisite. INST-500.

QUAL-601

Goal. Qualify as Enlisted Weapons and Tactics Instructor

Prerequisite. INST-501.

QUAL-602

Goal. Qualify as MMT Leader Instructor.

Prerequisite. INST-502.

QUAL-607

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Flight Data Controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-207.

QUAL-608

Goal. Qualify as a Clearance Delivery Controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-208.

QUAL-609

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller.

Prerequisite. BTC-209.

QUAL-611

Goal. Qualify as a Tower Local Controller.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. TLC-312 and 6 continuous months as a controller at one location (per CFR Part 65.39).

QUAL-625

Goal. Qualify as a Radar Flight Data Controller.

Prerequisite. BRC-225.

QUAL-626

Goal. Qualify as a Radar Final Controller.

Prerequisite. BRC-226.

QUAL-633

<u>Goal</u>. Qualify as a Data Link Coordinator in compliance with

established evaluation criteria.

Prerequisite. DLC-233.

QUAL-642

Goal. Qualify as an Arrival/Departure Controller.

Prerequisite. ADC-342.

QUAL-653

Goal. Qualify as an Approach Controller.

Prerequisite. APC-353.

QUAL-655

Goal. Qualify as a Sector Controller.

Prerequisite. APC-355.

QUAL-661

Goal. Qualify as an MMT Leader in a field exercise.

Prerequisite. MMT-361.

QUAL-666

Goal. Qualify as an MMT member.

Prerequisite. MMT-266.

QUAL-695

Goal. Qualify as a TERPS Specialist.

Prerequisite. TERP-495.

3. Designations

- a. Designation codes do not constitute events themselves. Rather, they will be logged upon being designated by the commanding officer or a direct representative; the designation letter shall be filed in the controller's MACCS performance record (MPR), and other administrative actions taken as appropriate. Requirements for designations are detailed in the Aviation T&R Program directive.
- b. On-The-Job Instructor (OJTI) designation. An enlisted controller is designated an OJTI by the ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Skill and Core Plus events, and INST 500. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- c. Weapons Tactics Instructor (WTI)-Air Control designation. An enlisted controller is certified as a WTI by the commanding officer or a direct representative when certified by MAWTS-1 upon graduation from the WTI C3 Course, and upon completion of INST-501. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- d. Marine ATC Mobile Team Leader (MMT) Instructor designation. An enlisted controller is certified as a MMT Leader Instructor by the commanding officer or the MATCD commander when certified by MAWTS-1 upon graduation from the MMT Leaders Course, and upon completion of INST-502. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- e. <u>Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) Specialist designation</u>. An enlisted controller is certified as TERPS Specialist by NAVFIG and designated by the commanding officer, MATCD Commander or ATCFO upon completion of required events in the Core Skill and Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- f. Control Tower Chief designation. An enlisted controller is designated a Control Tower Chief by the ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- g. Control Tower Operator Examiner (CTOE) designation. An enlisted controller is designated a CTOE by the FAA upon completion of required Core

Skills and Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.

- h. Radar Chief designation. An enlisted controller is designated a Radar Chief by the ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- i. Air Traffic Control Specialist Examiner (ATCSE) designation. The ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events designates an enlisted controller as ATCSE. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- j. Facility Watch Officer (FWO) designation. An enlisted controller is designated as FWO by the ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required events in the Core Basic stage of training. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- k. <u>Training Chief designation</u>. An enlisted controller is designated a Training Chief by the ATCFO or MATCD commander. Upon completion of required Core Skills and Core Plus events, a letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- 1. Tower Supervisor (TS) designation. An enlisted controller is designated a TS by the ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- m. Radar Supervisor (RS) designation. An enlisted controller is designated an RS by the ATCFO or MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- n. MATCD NCOIC designation. An enlisted controller is designated as a MATCD NCOIC by the commanding officer upon completion of required Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- o. <u>Operations Chief (OpsChf) designation</u>. An enlisted controller is designated as OpsChf by the commanding officer or a direct representative upon completion of required Core Plus events. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
- p. <u>MATCD Watch Commander (WC) designation</u>. The MATCD commander upon completion of required Core Skill Basic events designates an enlisted controller as WC. A letter shall be inserted in the individual MACCS performance record stating the designation.
 - q. Tracking Events. 15 events.

DESG-600

Goal. Designate as an On The Job Training Instructor (OJTI).

Prerequisite. INST-500.

DESG-601

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. Designate as a Weapons Tactics Instructor (WTI)-Air Control.

Prerequisite. INST-501.

DESG-602

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. Designate as a Marine ATC Mobile Team (MMT) Leader Instructor.

Prerequisite. INST-502.

DESG-603

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Designate as a Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) Specialist.

Prerequisite. TERP-495.

DESG-670

 $\frac{\text{Goal}}{114}$. Designate as a Tower Supervisor (TS) per NAVAIR 00-80T-

Prerequisite. CMT-372.

DESG-671

Goal. Designate as a Control Tower Chief per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

Prerequisite. CMT-372.

DESG-672

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Designate as a CTO Examiner (CTOE) per FAA 7220.1, CFR Part 65, and NAVAIR 00-80T-114

Prerequisite. CMT-372.

DESG-673

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Designate as a Radar Supervisor (RS) per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

Prerequisite. CMT-373.

DESG-674

Goal. Designate as a Radar Chief per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. CMT-373.

DESG-675

 $\frac{\text{Goal}}{7220}$. Designate as an ATC Specialist Examiner (ATCSE) per FAA $\frac{1}{120}$. 1 and NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

Prerequisite. CMT-373.

DESG-676

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Designate as a Facility Watch Officer (FWO) per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. CMT-474. Designation as FWO is determined by the ATCFO.

DESG-677

Goal. Designate as a Training Chief per NAVAIR 00-80T-114.

<u>Prerequisite</u>. TLC-310, and all ATCS ratings at the assigned facility and a minimum of 5 years ATC experience.

DESG-681

Goal. Designate as a MATCD NCOIC.

Prerequisite. BMT-481.

DESG-682

Goal. Designate as an Operations Chief (Ops Chief).

Prerequisite. BMT-482.

DESG-683

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Designate as a Marine Air Traffic Control Detachment Watch Commander (WC).

<u>Prerequisite</u>. BMT-483. The MATCD commander determines this designation.

212. TACTICAL KNOWLEDGE TRAINING

- 1. $\underline{\text{Purpose}}$. This section provides the knowledge required for successful completion of events throughout this syllabus.
 - a. Prerequisite. None.
- b. <u>Academic Training</u>. All knowledge events must be tested using a written or oral exam and passed with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM-700

Goal. Mission, tasks and organization of the MACS.

Requirement

- (1) Mission of the MACS.
- (2) MAGTF commander concept of employment.
- (3) Three operational sections of a MACS ATC detachment (MATCD).
- (4) Relationship of MATCD to the MACCS.
- (5) MAGTF MACS employment options as applicable to:
 - (a) Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU).
 - (b) Marine Expeditionary Brigade (MEB).
 - (c) Marine Expeditionary Force (MEF).
 - (d) Special Purpose MAGTF (SPMAGTF).

Reference. Lectures A-01 through A-08, MAWTS-1 ASP, and NAVAIR 00-80T-115.

KFAM-701

Goal. MATCD systems and support equipment.

<u>Requirement</u>. Locate, identify and state the nomenclature of the following MATCD support equipment:

- (1) AN/HD-1099, Air Conditioner.
- (2) AN/MEP-006A, Generator With Load Bank.
- (3) AN/MEP-15, Generator.
- (4) VM-1503, Mobilizer.
- (5) 9503, Mobilizer.
- (6) M1022, Mobilizer.
- (7) M998, HMMWV.
- (8) TSM-170, Maintenance Van.
- (9) AN/ARC-210, UHF/VHF Radio
- (10) AN/GRC-211, VHF Radio.
- (11) AN/URC-94(V)2, VHF-FM/HF-AM SSB Radio.
- (12) AN/VRC-82, VHF-FM Radio.
- (13) AN/TPN-30, (MRAALS).
- (14) AN/TPS-73, Air Traffic Control Subsystem (ATCS).
- (15) AN/TPN-22, Automatic Landing Subsystem (ALS).
- (16) AN/TSQ-131, Control and Communication Subsystem (CCS).
- (17) AN/TRN-44, TACAN.
- (18) AN/TPN-46, DAME.
- (19) AN/TSQ-216, Remote Landing Site Tower (RLST).
- (20) AN/TSQ-120A/B, Control Tower.

KFAM-702

Goal. Establish Tactical Landing Zone (TLZ) procedures.

Requirement. Describe the correct procedures for establishing a TLZ.

Reference. AFI 13-217, NAVAIR 01-75GAA-1T, MAWTS-1 ASP, and MMT SOP.

KFAM-703

Goal. Obtain, record and relay a close air support brief.

Requirement. With an Air Support Request, receive and relay a nineline brief to appropriate agencies.

Prerequisite. Lectures A-04, B-09, B-16.

KFAM-704

Goal. Understand organic communications equipment.

<u>Requirement</u>. Explain the characteristics of each piece of equipment and the purposes, responsibilities and components of COMSEC and the principles of transmission, physical and cryptographic security (as applicable) of the following:

- (1) ARC-210
- (2) AN/GRC-211.
- (3) AN/URC-94 (V).

- (4) AN/VRC-82.
- (5) KG-84C.
- (6) KY-58,99.
- (7) KIR-1C.
- (8) KY-75.
- (9) KYK-13.
- (10) KOI-18.
- (11) ARC-210.
- (12) CYZ-10.
- (13) AN/PRC-150 HF.
- (14) AN/PRC-119 FM.
- (15) AN/PRC-104 HF.
- (16) AN/PRC-113 UHF/VHF (AM).
- (17) AN/PRC-117F.
- (18) AN/PRC-138.

Prerequisite. Lecture A-19.

KFAM-705

Goal. Understand communications plans and orders.

Requirement. With an Automated Communications Electronic Operating Instruction (ACEOI), MCI 25.4, and other references as required, explain the purpose and use of a communications plan, ACEOI (with specific emphasis on ATC items), and Annex K of an operations order/plan.

KFAM-706

Goal. Understand communications flow within the MACCS.

Requirement. Describe the communications flow within the MACCS to include agency connectivity using the following nets:

- (1) Track Supervision Net (TSN).
- (2) Tactical Coordination Net (TCN).
- (3) Combat Information/Detection Net (CI/D).
- (4) Tactical Air Command Net (TAC CMD).
- (5) Tactical Air Traffic Control Net (TATC).
- (6) Direct Air Support Net (DAS).
- (7) Command Coordination Net (COMM COORD).

Prerequisite. Lectures B-15 and B-22.

KFAM-707

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Understand Electronic Warfare (EW) and its effects on MATCD equipment.

Requirement. Explain the following EW subjects:

- (1) Electronic Attack Brevity Codes (EA).
- (2) Electronic Protection (EP).
- (3) Radiation Control (RADCON).
- (4) Emission Control (EMCON) as it applies to ATC.
- (5) The effects of chaff on ATC radars.

- (6) Definition of the types of active EP.
- (7) Definition of different types of EA techniques.
- (8) Meaconing, Intrusion, Jamming and Interference (MIJI) reporting as it applies to the following ATC equipment:
 - (a) AN/TSQ-120.
 - (b) AN/TRN-44.
 - (c) AN/TPN-30.
 - (d) AN/TSQ-131.
 - (e) AN/TPS-73.
 - (f) AN/TPN-22.

Prerequisite. Lecture B-14.

KFAM-708

<u>Goal</u>. Understand the Early Warning Control Site (EWC) and Tactical Air Operations Center (TAOC).

Requirement. Describe the Early Warning Control site (EWC) and TAOC to
include:

- (1) Radar types and capabilities.
- (2) TAOM capabilities.
- (3) TDL capabilities.
- (4) Communications assets.

Prerequisite. Lecture B-08.

KFAM-709

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Understand role of the Short Range Air Defense (SHORAD) $\overline{\text{deta}}$ chment and its integration into the MACCS (REIN).

 $\underline{\text{Requirement}}$. Explain the following aspects of the Low Altitude Air Defense (LAAD) detachment:

- (1) Tactical role within the MACCS.
- (2) Structure Firing battery, Remote Engagement Site (RES), Secondary Acquisition Sector (SAS).
- (3) Radar types Continuous Wave Acquisition Radar (CWAR), Sentinel, Tactical Defense Alert Radar (TDAR).
- (4) Datalink connectivity (ATDL-1).

Prerequisite. Lecture B-11.

KFAM-710

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Understand Forward Operating Bases (FOBs) and how the MATCD supports them.

Requirement. Describe each FOB and how the MATCD is employed in support of:

- (1) Main Air Base.
- (2) Air Facility.
- (3) Rapid Ground Refueling (RGR) procedures.

- (4) Air Site Tactical Landing Zone (TLZ), Helicopter Landing Zones (HLZ).
- (5) Air Point Forward Arming and Refueling Point, Rapid Ground Refueling (RGR), Lager Point.

KFAM-711

 $\frac{\text{Goal}}{(\text{ATO})}$. Understand the development process of the Air Tasking Order $\frac{\text{Goal}}{(\text{ATO})}$.

Requirement. Describe the elements and process used to develop an ATO and ACO using the ATO Construction Directive.

KFAM-712

<u>Goal</u>. Understand and be proficient to execute the fundamental principles of rear area security planning.

<u>Requirement</u>. Apply the concepts and terminology common to the conduct of rear area security operations. Describe the interrelationships between:

- (1) Joint Rear Area Coordination (JRAC).
- (2) Combat Service Support Operations Center (CSSOC).
- (3) Rear Area Security Coordinator (RASC).
- (4) Rear Area Operations Center (RAOC).
- (5) Tactical Security Officer (TSO).
- (6) Assistant TSO (ATSO).
- (7) Patrol Leader (PL).
- (8) Roving Patrol/Reaction Team.
- (9) Sentry Posts (SPs).
- (10) Observation Posts (OPs).
- (11) Listening Posts (LPs).

KFAM-713

Goal. Understand the site selection process for a MATCD.

<u>Requirement</u>. With appropriate maps and/or aerial photographs, references, and mission statement, demonstrate the site selection process for a MATCD to include:

(1) Select an ATC Detachment site considering:

Mission.

Reconnaissance of selected sites.

Tower placement.

PAR placement.

ASR placement.

CCS placement.

Radar coverage.

Camouflage.

Site security.

Communications.

Support equipment.

(2) Account for the following ATC equipment characteristics:

Sighting limits of the radar set.

Optimum runway/sector coverage.

Obstructions to radar view.
Terrain characteristics.
Typical site configurations.
Power requirements.
Installation requirements.
Wind survival tie down procedures.

KFAM-714

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Develop and staff a Letter of Agreement (LOA)/Letter of Instruction (LOI).

 $\frac{\text{Requirement}}{\text{learn how to prepare an LOA}}$ and an LOI to include:

- (1) Purpose.
- (2) Content.
- (3) Controlling agencies involved.
- (4) Distribution.
- (5) Applicability.

KFAM-715

<u>Goal</u>. Staff a waiver request to required FAA regulations through chain of command/CNO.

<u>Requirement</u>. In a classroom setting, with reference and scenario information provided, learn how to prepare a waiver to include.

- (1) Purpose.
- (2) Content.
- (3) Justification.
- (4) Controlling agencies involved.
- (5) Distribution.
- (6) Applicability.
- (7) Alternate and safe procedures.

KFAM-716

Goal. Conduct an ATC tactical crew brief.

<u>Requirement</u>. During an operation or a training exercise, properly conduct an ATC tactical crew brief to include:

- (1) Enemy and friendly situation.
- (2) Air defense warning condition.
- (3) Air defense alert state.
- (4) Air defense weapons release condition.
- (5) Continuing missions.
- (6) Scheduled events.
- (7) Published air tasking order (ATO).
- (8) Assigned frequencies/call signs.
- (9) Weather.
- (10) Equipment status.
- (11) Crew requirements.
- (12) Emergency procedures.

Prerequisite. Lectures A-12, A-13, B-1 through B-13.

KFAM 717

Goal. AN/TSQ-131 Command and Communication Subsystem.

Requirement: Demonstrate the knowledge to properly operate the MMD in the following modes:

- (1) DC.
- (2) FC
- (3) ADC Instructor.
- (4) FC Instructor.
- (5) ADC Trainee.
- (6) FC Trainee.
- (7) ADC Maint.
- (8) Maint.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KFAM 718

Goal. Operator Control Unit (OCU).

Requirement: Demonstrate knowledge to properly operate the OCU.

- (1) Radios.
- (2) Telephone/Landline.
- (3) Interphones.

<u>Performance Standards</u>. Pass a performance exam with a minimum score of 80%.

KDLC-730

Goal. Understand data link theory.

Requirement. Explain data link theory to include:

- (1) Identify the characteristics of each of the five existing TDLs.
- (2) Identify the meaning of data link reference point (DLRP), unit system coordinate center (USCC), unit position (UPOS).
- (3) Identify the difference between the data grid and the display grid.
- (4) Identify the capabilities of each service's command and control agencies to conduct one or more of the five data links.
- (5) Specific considerations for data link operation.
- (6) Describe the use of filters with TDL-B.
- (7) Identify voice nets to be activated for joint service operations
- (8) List major considerations for selecting TDL systems.
- (9) List major considerations in the following MACCS interfaces:

TDL-A.

 $\mathtt{TDL-B}$.

ATDL-1.

TDL-C.

TDL-J.

Reference. MAWTS-1 Lessons: "MACCS Data Link Interoperability" (U), $\overline{\text{MAWTS-1}}$ "Data Link Theory."

KDLC-731

Goal. Understand MATCALS Tactical Digital Links (TDL)-B and -C.

Requirement. Describe the use and capability of MATCALS TDL-B and TDLC to include:

- (1) Establishing and exiting TDL-B circuits.
- (2) Emergency circuit exit TDL-B.
- (3) Use of Filters with TDL-B.
- (4) Mode I, ACLS, TDL-C.
- (5) Mode II, ACLS, TDL-C.

Reference. MAWTS-1 ASP.

213. NON-TACTICAL KNOWLEDGE TRAINING

1. General

a. <u>Purpose</u>. The MATC MOS is knowledge intensive. The 800 level events contain knowledge required of all MATCOs to obtain not only for position qualifications but also core skill competency. There is common knowledge applicable to both the tower and radar branches of a facility. In addition, each branch has specific knowledge required for qualification.

b. Knowledge Event Abbreviations

- (1) Common Knowledge (KFAM).
- (2) Tower Knowledge (KTWR).
- (3) Tower Flight Data Knowledge (KTFD).
- (4) Tower Ground Control Knowledge (KTGC).
- (5) Tower Local Control Knowledge (KTLC).
- (6) Radar Knowledge (KRDR).
- (7) Radar Final Data Knowledge (KRFD).
- (8) Radar Final Control Knowledge (KRFC).
- (9) Approach Control Knowledge (KAPC).
- c. Administrative Note: Should conflict exist between the training and operating procedures found in the NAVAIR 00-80T-114 and those found in other publications, the NAVAIR 00-80T-114 will govern.
- d. <u>Prerequisite</u>. All knowledge events in this section are a prerequisite for events throughout the syllabus. Knowledge associated with a control position will be taught and tested during student training.
- e. <u>Academic Training</u>. All knowledge events must be tested using a written or oral exam and passed with a minimum score of 80%.

2. <u>Common Knowledge</u>

KFAM-800

Goal. Memorize the airfield layout.

Requirement. Draw/label from memory an airfield diagram to include: (1) Runways. Numbering/marking. Length and width. Aircraft weight bearing capacity. Crash Fire Rescue standby positions. Windsocks (type/capacity). Optical landing system positions. (2) Helicopter landing areas/spots. Name/designation. Restrictions. (3) Taxiways. Length and width. Directional usage. Aircraft weight bearing capacity. Designation (name/number). Special use areas (hazardous cargo, hot brakes, ordnance Load/offload, arm/dearm, etc). Special routes (VIP, ordnance carrying, etc.). Restrictions. (4) Fuel Pits. Number of fueling points. Directional usage. Types of fuel available. (5) Aircraft wash racks. Restrictions. Directional usage. (6) Tenant aircraft parking ramps. Squadron assigned. Type of aircraft. Tactical call sign/MODEX. Hangar assigned. Taxi routes. (7) Transient parking ramps. Restrictions. VIP spots. Taxi routes. (8) Crash Fire Rescue. Location. Types of vehicles. (9) Hangars. Building number. Unit assigned. Special usage (if applicable). (10) Vehicular traffic. Restrictions. Routes. Clearances. Control devices (road lights, traffic arms, etc.). (11) Visual aids. Runway lights. Approach lights.

Taxiway lights.

Airfield beacon.
Obstruction lights.
Optical landing systems.

(12) Navigation aids.

Type and channel/frequency.
Location and monitoring capability.
Compass rose.

- (13) Obstructions on the airfield: Type, height, and location.
- (14) ATC radar types and location.

Reference. Local publications and Flight Information Publications.

KFAM-801

Goal. General ATC knowledge.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65 Ch1 Sec1 (Introduction) General. Ch1 Sec2 Terms of Reference. Ch2 Sec1 (General Control) General. Ch2 Sec2 Forwarding Amended and UTM Data. Ch2 Sec4 Radio and Interphone Communication. Ch2 Sec8 Runway Visibility Reporting - Terminal. Ch2 Sec10 Team Position Responsibilities. Establishing Two Way Communications. Ch3 Sec1 Ch9 Sec1 (Special Flights). General. Ch10 Sec1 (Emergencies).General.

(2) Glossary Terms

Additional Service.

Advisory Frequencies.

Aerial Refueling.

Affirmative.

Roger.

Wilco.

Aircraft Classes.

AirMet.

Approach Gate.

Final Approach Fix.

Final Approach Course.

Decision Height.

Overhead Maneuver.

Pilot's Discretion.

Pilot Weather Report.

Preferential Routes.

Procedure Turn.

Segments of an Instrument Approach Procedure.

Short Range Clearances.

Simulated Flameout.

Missed Approach

Tower EnRoute Control Service.

(3) Local publications.

KFAM-802

<u>Goal</u>. Local area/airfield specific knowledge.

Reference

> Alternate/Divert Airfield. Adjacent Airfields.

Airport Surface Area Description.

Facility Frequencies.

KFAM-803

Goal. Emergency/Safety knowledge.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7 | 110.65 | |
|-----------|--------------|--|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | In-flight Equipment Malfunctions. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Minimum Fuel. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Below Minima Report by Pilot. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Emergency Code Assignment. |
| Ch1 |) Sec1 | (Emergencies) General. |
| Ch1 | Sec2 | Emergency Assistance. |
| Ch1 | Sec3 | Overdue Aircraft. |
| Ch1 | Sec4 | Control Actions. |
| (2) NAVAI | R 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch3 | Sec 4 | Facility Operation. |
| Ch3 | Sec 6 | Security of Facilities. |
| Ch3 | Sec 7 | Aircraft Accidents and Incidents. |
| Ch3 | Sec 8 | Air Traffic Control Hazards (Operational |
| | | Errors/Deviations). |

(3) Local publications.

KFAM-804

Goal. Weather knowledge.

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ch2 Sec6 | Weather Information. |
| Ch2 Sec7 | Altimeter Settings. |
| Ch2 Sec8 | Runway Vsby Reporting-Terminal. |
| Ch2 Sec9 | ATIS Procedures. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Low Level Wind shear Advisories. |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | |
| Ch12 Sec3 | Instrument Operations Area. |
| Ch14 | Aviation Meteorological Services. |

(3) Local publications.

KFAM-805

Goal. Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS).

Requirement. Explain the purpose of TERPS to include:

- (1) Two types of terminal instrument procedures.
- (2) Four segments in procedures construction.
- (3) ATC NAVAIDS equipment.
- (4) Two areas of each segment.
- (5) Required obstacle clearance for each approach segment.

KFAM-806

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Facility/Personnel/Operations/Training Management knowledge applied in OJT environment.

| (1) FAA 7220.1 (2) FAA 7110.65 (3) FAA 7210.3 (4) FAA 7340.1 (5) CFR 91 (6) AIM (7) AOM (8) ATC FacMan (9) IFR Supplement | Operational Position Standards. Air Traffic Control. Facility Operations. Contractions Directive. General Operating. Aeronautical Information Directive Airfield Operations. Facility Operations. | |
|---|--|--|
| (10) VFR Supplement | General notices. | |
| (11) NOTAMS | | |
| (12) AP1B | North American Military Training Route. | |
| (13) Local Sectional | Manager de la Company de la co | |
| (14) SECNAV 5216.5C | Memorandum Of Understanding. | |
| (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | a 1 | |
| Ch2 | General. | |
| Ch3 | Facility Management. | |
| Ch4 | Naval Certification Procedures. | |
| Ch6 | Control Tower. | |
| Ch8 | Training, Standardization, and Air | |
| | Traffic Controller Performance | |
| | Evaluations. | |
| Appendix C | Sample format for FAA/USN Letter of | |
| | Agreement Concerning Control of Air | |
| | Traffic. | |
| Appendix D | Memorandum of Agreement. | |
| (16) RATCF DAIR Operato | or's Directive. | |
| (17) STARS Training Directive. | | |
| (18) Low Altitude United States. | | |

- (19) High Altitude United States.
- (20) Local publications.

3. Tower Knowledge

KTWR-801

<u>Goal</u>. Tower equipment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ch2 Sec1 | NAVAID Malfunction. |
| Ch2 Sec9 | ATIS. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Tower Radar Displays. |
| Ch3 Sec2 | Light Gun. |
| Ch3 Sec2 | Receiver Only Acknowledgment. |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Airport Lighting (all applicable |
| | airport lighting). |
| Ch3 Sec6 | ASDE (if applicable). |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | |
| Ch3 Sec1 | (Facility Equipment) General. |
| (3) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch2 Sec6 | Airport Facilities. |
| Ch6 Sec 2 | (Control Tower) Equipment. |
| (4) Tower Visibility Cha | art. |
| (5) MCO 3501.9 | MACCS MCCRES. |
| (6) Local publications. | |

KTWR-802

Goal. Strip marking.

Reference

KTWR-803

Goal. Airfield Lighting.

| FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|--------|---|---|
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Emergency Lighting. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Runway End Identifier Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | VASI Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Approach Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | ALS Intensity. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Sequenced Flashing Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | MALS. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | ALSF-2. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Runway Edge Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | High Intensity Runway, Centerline Light. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | HIRL Associated With MALSR. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | HIRL Changes. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Medium Intensity Runway Lights. |
| | Ch3 | Ch3 Sec4 |

| Ch3 Sec4 | Simultaneous Approach/Runway Edge. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Ch3 Sec4 | High Speed Turnoff Light. |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Taxiway Lights. |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Obstruction Lights. |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Rotating Beacon. |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Precision Approach Path Indicators (PAPI). |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | |
| Ch10 Sec6 | Airport Lighting. |
| (3) NAVAIR 51-50AAA-2 | (All Airfield markings). |
| | |

(4) Local publications.

KTFD-820

Goal. Phraseology/Communications.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch2 Sec4 Radio and Interphone Communications.

(2) Local publications.

KTFD-821

Goal. Clearance/coordination.

Reference

| (1) | FAA 7 | 110.65 | |
|-----|-------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| | Ch2 | Sec5 | Route and NAVAID Description. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearances. |
| | Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Procedures. |
| | Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Use. |
| | Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Structure Transitions. |
| | Ch4 | Sec4 | Class G Airspace. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Flight Direction. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Exceptions. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Lowest Usable Flight Level. |
| (2) | Local | publications. | |

(2) Local publications.

KTFD-822

Goal. Letters of Agreements/Facility Directives/Facility Memos/Publications.

| (1) | FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| (2) | FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) | FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) | FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) | CFR 91 | General Operating. |
| (6) | AIM | Airman's Information Directive. |
| (7) | AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (8) | ATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |
| (9) | IFR Supplement | |
| (10) | VFR Supplement | |

(11) NOTAMS General Notices.

(12) AP1B Military Training Route.

(13) Local Sectional

(14) SECNAVINST 5216.5C Memorandum of Understanding.

(15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114

Ch3 Facility Management.

Appendix C Sample Format for FAA/USN Letter of Agreement Concerning Control of Air

Traffic.

Appendix D Memorandum of Agreement.

(16) Low Altitude United States.

(17) High Altitude United States.

(18) Letters of Agreement.

KTGC-823

Goal. Phraseology/communications.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch2 Sec4 Radio and Interphone Communications.

Ch3 Sec2 Light Signals.

(2) Local publications.

KTGC-824

Goal. Clearance/coordination.

Reference

| (1) FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Ch2 | Sec5 | Route and NAVAID Description. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Items. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Prefix. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Delivery Instructions. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Relay. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Route or Altitude Amendments. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Through Clearances. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | ALTRV Clearance. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | IFR-VFR and VFR-IFR Flights. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Items. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Procedures. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Use. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Structure Transitions. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Class G Airspace. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Flight Direction. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Exceptions. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Lowest Usable Flight Level. |
| (2) Local | publications. | |

KTGC-825

Goal. Separation.

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Ch3 Sec1 | Provide Service. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Preventive Control. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Use of Active Runways. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Coordination Local and Ground. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Vehicles/Equipment/Personnel on Runway. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Traffic Information. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Position Determination. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Low Level Wind shear Advisories. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Observed Abnormalities. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Visually Scanning Runways. |
| Ch3 Sec3 | Landing Area Condition. |
| Ch3 Sec3 | Closed/Unsafe Runway Information. |
| Ch3 Sec3 | Timely Information. |
| Ch3 Sec3 | Braking Action. |
| Ch3 Sec3 | Braking Action Advisories. |
| Ch3 Sec3 | Arresting System Operation. |
| Ch3 Sec7 | Ground Traffic Movement. |
| Ch3 Sec7 | Taxi/Ground Movement Operations. |
| Ch3 Sec7 | Ground Operations. |
| Ch3 Sec7 | Runway Proximity. |
| Ch3 Sec7 | Precision Approach Critical Area. |
| Ch3 Sec11 | Taxi/Ground Movement Operation. |
| (2) Local publications. | |

KTGC-826

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}_{}.$ Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/ $\underline{\text{Memos}}/$ Publications.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|--------------------------|--|
| (2) FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) CFR 91 | General Operating. |
| ` ' | Airman's Information Directive. |
| (6) AIM | |
| (7) AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (8) ATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |
| (9) IFR Supplement. | |
| (10) VFR Supplement. | |
| (11) NOTAMS | General Notices. |
| (12) AP1B | North American Military Training Routes. |
| (13) Local Sectional. | |
| (14) SECNAVINST 5216.5C | Memorandum of Understanding. |
| (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114: | |
| Ch 3 | Facility Management. |
| Appendix C | Sample Format for FAA/USN Letter of |
| | Agreement Concerning Control of Air |
| | Traffic. |
| Appendix D | Memorandum of Agreement. |
| (16) Low Altitude United | d States. |
| | |

(17) High Altitude United States.

KTWR-826

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Tower equipment as applied on the Tower Local Control position.

Reference

| (1) FAA 711 | 0.65 | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | NAVAID Malfunction. |
| Ch2 | Sec9 | ATIS. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Tower Radar Displays. |
| Ch3 | Sec2 | Light Gun. |
| Ch3 | Sec2 | Receiver Only Acknowledgment. |
| Ch3 | Sec6 | ASDE (If Applicable). |
| (2) FAA 721 | 0.3 | |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | (Facility Equipment) General. |
| (3) NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch2 | Sec6 | Airport Facilities. |
| Ch6 | Sec2 | (Control Tower) Equipment. |
| Ch6 | Sec3 | Tower Visibility Chart. |
| (4) Local p | ublications. | |

KTWR-827

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. General ATC knowledge in a Tower Local Control environment.

| FAA 713 | 10.65 | |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Ch1 | Sec1 | (Introduction) General. |
| Ch1 | Sec2 | Terms of Reference. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | (General Control) General. |
| Ch2 | Sec2 | Forwarding Amended And UTM Data. |
| Ch2 | Sec4 | Radio and Interphone Communication. |
| Ch2 | Sec8 | Runway Visibility Reporting - Terminal. |
| Ch2 | Sec10 | Team Position Responsibilities. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Establishing Two-way Communications. |
| Ch9 | Sec1 | (Special Flights) General. |
| Ch10 | Sec1 | (Emergencies) General. |
| Glossa | ry Terms. | |
| Addi | tional Servic | e. |
| Advi | sory Frequenc | ies. |
| Aerial Refueling. | | |
| Affirmative. | | |
| Roger. | | |
| Wilco. | | |
| AirMet. | | |
| Approach Gate. | | |
| Final Approach Fix. | | |
| Final Approach Course. | | |
| Decision Height. | | |
| Overhead Maneuver. | | |
| Pilots Discretion. | | |
| Pilot Weather Report. | | |
| Preferential Routes. | | |
| Proc | edure Turn. | |
| | Ch1 Ch2 Ch2 Ch2 Ch2 Ch3 Ch9 Ch10 Glossa: Addi Advi Aeri Affi Roge Wilc AirM Appr Fina Fina Deci Over Pilo Pref | Affirmative. Roger. Wilco. AirMet. Approach Gate. Final Approach Fi. Final Approach Co Decision Height. Overhead Maneuver Pilots Discretion Pilot Weather Rep |

Segment of an Instrument Approach Procedure.

Short Range Clearances.

Simulated Flameout.

Missed Approach.

Tower Enroute Control Service.

(3) Local publications.

KTWR-828

<u>Goal</u>. Local area/airfield specific knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch3 Sec3 Arresting System Operation.

Ch3 Sec5 Selection.

(2) Facility Directive

Airfield Weather Minimums.

Type Aircraft Assigned Each Local Squadron.

Modex/Tactical Call of Each Local Squadron.

Traffic Patterns and NAVAID Procedures.

Alternate/Divert Airfield.

Adjacent Airfields.

Airport Surface Area Description (FAA 7400.8).

Facility Frequencies.

KTWR-829

<u>Goal</u>. Strip marking knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch2 Sec2 Flight Plans and Control Information.

Ch2 Sec3 Flight Progress Strips.

(2) Local publications.

KTWR-830

<u>Goal</u>. Emergency/safety knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

| (1) | FAA | 71 | 10.65 |
|-----|-----|----|-------|
| | C] | n2 | Sec1 |

Ch2 Sec1 In-flight Equipment Malfunctions.

Ch2 Sec1 Minimum Fuel.

Ch4 Sec7 Below Minima Report by Pilot.

Ch5 Sec2 Emergency Code Assignment.

Ch10 Sec1 General.

Ch10 Sec2 Emergency Assistance.

Ch10 Sec3 Overdue Aircraft. Ch10 Sec4 Control Actions.

(2) NAVAIR 00-80T-114

Ch3 Sec4 Facility Operation.

| Ch3 Sec6 | Security of Facilities. |
|----------|--|
| Ch3 Sec7 | Aircraft Accidents and Incidents. |
| Ch3 Sec8 | Air Traffic Control Hazards (Operational |
| | Errors/Deviations) |

KTWR-831

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Weather knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ch2 Sec6 | Weather Information. |
| Ch2 Sec7 | Altimeter Settings. |
| Ch2 Sec8 | Runway Vsby Reporting - Terminal. |
| Ch2 Sec9 | ATIS Procedures. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Low Level Wind Shear/Microburst |
| | Advisories. |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | |
| Ch12 Sec3 | Instrument Operations Data. |
| Ch14 | Aviation Meteorological Services and |
| | Equipment. |

(3) Local publications.

KTWR-832

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}\,.$ Airfield lighting knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Emergency Lighting. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Runway End Identifier Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | VASI Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Approach Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | ALS Intensity. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Sequenced Flashing Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | MALS. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | ALSF-2. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Runway Edge Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | High Intensity Runway, Centerline Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | HIRL Associated With MALSR. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | HIRL Changes. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Medium Intensity Runway Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Simultaneous Approach/Runway Edge. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | High Speed Turnoff Light. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Taxiway Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Obstruction Lights. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Rotating Beacon. |
| Ch3 | Sec4 | Precision Approach Path Indicators (PAPI) |
| (2) FAA 72 | 10.3 | |
| Ch12 | Sec6 | Airport Lighting. |
| (3) NAVAIR | 51-50AAA-2 | (All Airfield markings). |
| / 1 \ T = = = 1 . | | |

(4) Local publications.

KTLC-833

Goal. Communications in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch2 Sec4 Radio and Interphone Communications.

Ch3 Sec2 Light Signals.

(2) Local publications.

KTLC-834

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Clearance/coordination applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 711 | 0.65 | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Ch2 | Sec5 | Route and Navaid Description. |
| Ch3 | Sec9 | Take Off Clearances. |
| Ch3 | Sec9 | Cancellation of Take Off Clearance. |
| Ch3 | Sec11 | Helicopter Takeoff Clearance. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearances. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Depart Procedures. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Use. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Structure Transitions. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Class "G" Airspace. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Flight Direction. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Exceptions. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Lowest Usable Flight Level. |
| (2) Local p | ublications. | |

KTLC-835

<u>Goal</u>. Spacing/sequencing/separation applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Ch3 Sec8 | Spacing and Sequencing. |
| Ch3 Sec9 | Departure Procedures/Separation. |
| Ch3 Sec10 | Arrival Procedures/Separation. |
| Ch3 Sec11 | Helicopter Departure Separation. |
| Ch3 Sec11 | Helicopter Arrival Separation. |
| Ch3 Sec11 | Simultaneous Landing/Takeoffs. |
| Ch3 Sec11 | Helicopter Landing Clearance. |
| Ch3 Sec12 | Sea Lane Operations. |
| Ch5 Sec5 | Minima. |
| Ch5 Sec8 | Successive Simultaneous Departures. |
| Ch5 Sec8 | Departure and Arrival. |
| Ch5 Sec8 | Departures/Arrivals on Parallel or Non- |
| | Intersecting Diverging Runways. |
| Ch7 Sec2 | Visual Separation. |
| Ch7 Sec5 | SVFR. |
| (2) Local publications. | |

KTLC-836

<u>Goal</u>. Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/Memos/Publications applied in a Tower Local Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| (2) FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. | | |
| (3) FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. | | |
| (4) FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. | | |
| (5) CFR 91 | General Operating. | | |
| (6) AIM | Airman's Information Directive. | | |
| (7) AOM | Airfield Operations. | | |
| (8) ATC FacMan | Facility Operations. | | |
| (9) IFR Supplement. | | | |
| (10) VFR Supplement. | | | |
| (11) NOTAMS | General Notices. | | |
| (12) AP1B | Military Training Route. | | |
| (13) Local Sectional. | | | |
| (14) SECNAVINST 5216. | 5C Memorandum of Understanding. | | |
| (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | 4 | | |
| Ch 3 | Facility Management. | | |
| Appendix C | Sample Format for FAA/USN Letter of | | |
| | Agreement Concerning Control of Air | | |
| | Traffic. | | |
| Appendix D | Memorandum of Agreement. | | |
| (16) RATCF DAIR Operat | tor's Directive. | | |
| (17) STARS Training D: |) STARS Training Directive. | | |
| (18) Low Altitude Unit | 8) Low Altitude United States. | | |
| (19) High Altitude United States. | | | |
| (20) Local publication | ns. | | |

4. Radar Section

KRDR-800

Goal. Radar equipment.

| (1) FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|------------|-------|---|
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Presentation and equip/performance. |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Alignment check. |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Radar use. |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Beacon range accuracy. |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Electronic cursor. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Standby/low sensitivity operation. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Inoperative interrogator. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | In-flight deviations from transponder. |
| Ch5 | Sec15 | Automated Radar Terminal Systems (ARTS) - |
| | | Terminal. |
| Ch5 | Sec16 | TPX-42 - Terminal. |
| (2) FAA 72 | 10.3 | |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | (Facility Equipment) General. |
| Ch3 | Sec7 | Radar Use. |
| | | |

Ch3 Sec8 Video Maps.

(3) NAVAIR 00-80T-114

Ch2 Sec6 Airport Facilities.
Ch7 Sec2 (Radar Operations) Equipment.
Appendix J OJT Performance Evaluation
Appendix O Precision Approach Landing System
Approach Criteria.

(4) Local publications.

KRDR-801

Goal. Strip marking.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch2 Sec2 Flight Plans and Control Information.
Ch2 Sec3 Flight Progress Strips.

(2) Local publications.

KRDR-802

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. Radar equipment knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | | | |
|-----------------|------------|--|--|
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Presentation/Equipment Check. | |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Alignment Check. | |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Radar Use. | |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Beacon Range Accuracy. | |
| Ch5 | Sec1 | Electronic Cursor. | |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Standby/Low Sensitivity Operation. | |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Inoperative/Malfunctioning Interrogator. | |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | In-Flight Deviations from Transponder. | |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Altitude Filters. | |
| Ch5 | Sec15 | ARTS - Terminal. | |
| Ch5 | Sec16 | TPX-42 - Terminal. | |
| (2) FAA 72 | 10.3 | | |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | General. | |
| Ch3 | Sec7 | Radar Use. | |
| Ch3 | Sec8 | Video Maps. | |
| (3) NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | | |
| Ch2 | Sec6 | Airport Facilities. | |
| Ch7 | Sec2 | (Radar Operations) Equipment. | |
| Appe | ndix J | OJT Performance Evaluation. | |
| Appe | ndix O | Precision Approach Landing System Approach Criteria. | |

KRDR-803

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Local area/airfield specific knowledge applied in a Radar $\overline{\text{Approach}}$ Control environment.

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch3 Sec3 Arresting System Operation.

Ch3 Sec5 Selection.

(2) Facility Directive

Airfield Weather Minimums.

Type aircraft assigned each local Squadron.

Modex/Tactical call of each local squadron.

Traffic patterns and NAVAID procedures.

Alternate/Divert airfield.

Adjacent airfields.

Airport surface area description (FAA 7400.8).

Facility Frequencies.

KRDR-804

<u>Goal</u>. General ATC knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

Ch1 Sec1 (Introduction) General.

Ch1 Sec2 Terms of Reference.

Ch2 Sec1 (General Control) General.

Ch2 Sec2 Forwarding Amended And UTM Data.

Ch2 Sec4 Radio and Interphone Communication.

Ch2 Sec10 Team Position Responsibilities.

Ch3 Sec1 Establishing Two-Way Communications.

Ch9 Sec1 (Special Flights) General.

Ch10 Sec1 (Emergencies) General.

(2) Glossary Terms

Additional Service.

Advisory Frequencies.

Aerial Refueling.

Affirmative.

Roger.

Wilco.

Aircraft Classes.

AirMet.

Approach Gate.

Final Approach Fix.

Final Approach Course.

Decision Height.

Overhead Maneuver.

Pilots Discretion.

Pilot Weather Report.

Preferential Routes.

Procedure Turn.

Segment of an Instrument Approach Procedure.

Short Range Clearances.

Simulated Flameout.

Missed Approach.

Tower Enroute Control Service.

Local publications.

KRDR-805

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Strip marking applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

Reference

(1) FAA 7110.65

 -Ch2 Sec2
 -Ch2 Sec3

 Flight Plans and Control Information.
 Flight Progress Strips.
 (2) Local publications.

KRDR-806

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Emergency/Safety applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Ch2 Sec1 | In-flight Equipment Malfunction. |
| Ch2 Sec1 | Minimum Fuel. |
| Ch4 Sec7 | Below minima report by pilot. |
| Ch5 Sec2 | Emergency Code Assignment. |
| Ch10 Sec1 | (Emergencies) General. |
| Ch10 Sec2 | Emergency Assistance. |
| Ch10 Sec3 | Overdue Aircraft. |
| Ch10 Sec4 | Control Actions. |
| (2) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch3 Sec4 | Facility Operation. |
| Ch3 Sec6 | Security of Facilities. |
| Ch3 Sec7 | Aircraft Accidents and Incidents. |
| Ch3 Sec8 | Air Traffic Control Hazards (Operational |
| | Errors/Deviations). |

(3) Local publications.

KRDR-807

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. Weather knowledge applied in an Approach Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ch2 Sec6 | Weather Information. |
| Ch2 Sec7 | Altimeter Settings. |
| Ch2 Sec8 | Runway Vsby Reporting - Terminal. |
| Ch2 Sec9 | ATIS Procedures. |
| Ch3 Sec1 | Low Level Wind shear Advisories. |
| (2) FAA 7210.3 | |
| Ch12 Sec3 | Instrument Operations Data. |
| Ch14 | Aviation Meteorological Services and |
| | Equipment. |

(3) Local publications.

KRFD-830

Goal. Phraseology/Communications.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7 | 110.65 | |
|-----------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Single frequency approaches (SFA). |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Communications release. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance relay. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Terms (Transfer of Radar ID). |
| Ch5 | Sec6 | Methods (Vectoring). |
| Ch5 | Sec7 | Application (Speed Adjustment). |
| (2) Local | publications. | |

KRFD-831

Goal. Clearance/Coordination.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Ch4 | Sec2 | ALTRV Clearances. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Items. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Terminology. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Restrictions, Clearance Void Times, Hold for Release, and Release Times. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | VFR Release of IFR Departure. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Flight Direction. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Exceptions. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Lowest Usable Flight Level. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Altitude Information. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Anticipated Altitude Changes. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Clearance Beyond Fix. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Unmonitored NAVAIDS. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | ILS Protection/Critical Areas. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Clearance Information. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Approach Clearance. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Clearance Limit. |
| (2) Local pu | ublications. | |

KRFD-832

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/Memos/Publications.

| (1) | FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|-----|-------------|---------------------------------|
| (2) | FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) | FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) | FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) | CFR 91 | General Operating. |
| (6) | AIM | Airman's Information Directive. |
| (7) | AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (8) | ATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |

- (9) IFR Supplement.
- (10) VFR Supplement.
- (11) NOTAMS General Notices.
- (12) AP1B North America Military Training Route.
- (13) Local Sectional
- (14) SECNAVINST 5216.5C Memorandum of Understanding.
- (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114

Ch3 Facility Management.

Appendix C Sample Format for FAA/USN Letter of Agreement Concerning Control of Air

Traffic.

Appendix D Memorandum of Agreement.

- (16) RATCF DAIR Operator's Directive.
- (17) STARS Training Directive.
- (18) Low Altitude United States.
- (19) High Altitude United States.
- (20) Local publications.

KRFC-833

Goal. Phraseology/Communications.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7 | 110.65 | |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Wheels Down Check. |
| Ch2 | Sec4 | Radio and Interphone. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Relay. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Single Frequency Approaches (SFA). |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Communications Release. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Terms. |
| Ch5 | Sec6 | Methods (Vectoring). |
| Ch5 | Sec7 | Application (Radar Approaches). |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | No-Gyro Approach. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Lost Communications. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Radar Contact Lost. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Landing Check. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Position Information. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Final Controller Changeover. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Communications Check. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Transmission Acknowledgment. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Missed Approach. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Low Approach and Touch-and-Go. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Tower Clearance. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Final Approach Abnormalities. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Military Single Frequency Approaches. |
| Ch5 | Sec11 | Surveillance Approaches Terminal. |
| Ch5 | Sec12 | PAR Approaches-Terminal. |
| Ch5 | Sec13 | Use of PAR for Approach Monitoring. |
| (2) Local | publications. | |

KRFC-834

Goal. Clearance/coordination.

Reference

| (1) FAA 71 | 110.65 | |
|------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Low Level Wind Shear/Microburst |
| | | Advisories. |
| Ch3 | Sec10 | Altitude Restricted Approach. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Circling Approach. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Missed Approach. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Low Approach and Touch-and-Go. |
| (2) Local | publications. | |

KRFC-835

<u>Goal</u>. Separation knowledge.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Formation flights. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Wake turbulence. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Wake Turbulence Cautionary Advisories. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Traffic advisories. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Bird activity information. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Traffic information. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Vertical separation minima. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Beacon Identification Methods. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Primary Radar Identification Methods. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Methods (Transfer of Radar ID). |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Traffic (Radar Separation). |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Target separation. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Minima (Radar separation). |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Additional separation for formation |
| | | flights. |
| Ch5 | Sec9 | Approach separation responsibility. |
| Ch7 | Sec2 | Visual separation. |
| (2) Local p | ublications. | |

KRFC-836

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/Memos/Publications.

| (1) FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|---------------------|---|
| (2) FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) CFR 91 | General Operating. |
| (6) AIM | Airman's Information Directive. |
| (7) AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (8) ATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |
| (9) IFR Supplement | |
| (10) VFR Supplement | |
| (11) NOTAMS | General Notices. |
| (12) AP1B | North American Military training route. |

- (13) Local Sectional
- (14) SECNAVINST 5216.5C Memorandum Of Understanding.
- (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114

Ch3 Facility Management.

Appendix C Sample Format for FAA/USN Letter of Agreement Concerning Control of Air

Traffic.

Appendix D Memorandum of Agreement.

- (16) RATCF DAIR Operator's Directive.
- (17) STARS Training Directive.
- (18) Low Altitude United States.
- (19) High Altitude United States.
- (20) Local publications.

KAPC-840

 $\underline{\operatorname{Goal}}$. Advanced ATC applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ch4 Sec1 | NAVAID Use Limitation. |
| Ch4 Sec5 | Altitude Assignment/Verification. |
| Ch4 Sec6 | Holding Aircraft. |
| Ch4 Sec7 | Arrival Procedures. |
| Ch5 Sec1 | General. |
| Ch5 Sec2 | Beacon Systems. |
| Ch5 Sec6 | Vectoring. |
| Ch5 Sec7 | Speed Adjustments. |
| (2) Glossary Terms | (All applicable terms). |

KAPC-841

<u>Goal</u>. Advanced airfield specific knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

| (1) FAA 711 | 0.65 | |
|-------------|------|------------------------------|
| Ch2 | Sec1 | NAVAID Malfunctions. |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | Military Procedures. |
| Ch2 | Sec5 | NAVAID Terms. |
| Ch2 | Sec5 | NAVAIDS Fixes. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Observed Abnormalities. |
| Ch3 | Sec3 | Landing Area condition. |
| Ch3 | Sec3 | Timely Information. |
| Ch3 | Sec3 | Braking Action. |
| Ch3 | Sec3 | Braking Action Advisories. |
| Ch3 | Sec3 | Arresting System Operation. |
| Ch3 | Sec5 | Runway Selection. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Use. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Route Structure Transitions. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Degree-Distance Route. |
| Ch4 | Sec4 | Alternative Routes. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Holding Instructions. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Switching ILS / MLS Runways. |

| Ch5 | Sec2 | Assignment Criteria. |
|-------------|------------|--|
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Discrete Environment. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Non-Discrete Environment. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Mixed Environment. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Automatic Altitude Reporting. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Beacon Termination. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Position Information. |
| Ch5 | Sec7 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec9 | Arrival Instructions. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec10 | Approach Information. |
| Ch9 | Sec1 | (Special Flights) General. |
| (2) FAA 721 | .0.3 | |
| Ch10 | Sec6 | Airport Lighting. |
| (3) NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch9 | Sec3 | Terminal Instrument Approach Procedures. |
| Apper | ndix A | Memorandum of Agreement Between |
| | | Department of Transportation Federal |
| | | Aviation Administration, and the U.S. |
| | | Army, the U.S. Navy, and the U.S. Air |
| | | Force. |

(4) Local publications.

KAPC-842

 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Non-radar knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

| (1) FAA 71 | .10.65 | |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| Ch1 | Sec2 | Terms of Reference (Review). |
| Ch2 | Sec1 | General (Review). |
| Ch2 | Sec3 | Flight Progress Strips. |
| Ch2 | Sec5 | Route and NAVAID Description. |
| Ch4 | Sec1 | NAVAID Use Limitations (Review). |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Altitude Assignment/Verification |
| | | (Review). |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Holding Aircraft (Review). |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Arrival Procedures (Review). |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Approach Clearance Procedures. |
| Ch6 | Sec1 | (Nonradar) General. |
| Ch6 | Sec2 | Initial Separation of Successive |
| | | Departing Aircraft. |
| Ch6 | Sec3 | Initial separation of Departing and |
| | | Arriving Aircraft. |
| Ch6 | Sec4 | Longitudinal Separation. |
| Ch6 | Sec5 | Lateral Separation. |
| Ch6 | Sec6 | Vertical Separation. |
| Ch6 | Sec7 | Timed Approaches. |
| (2) NAVAIF | R 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch4 | | Naval Certification Procedures. |
| Ch7 | | (Radar Operations) General. |
| Ch8 | | Training, Standardization, and Air |
| | | Traffic Controller Performance |
| | | Evaluations. |
| Appendix G | | Air Traffic Control Specialist Mishap |

Statement.

Appendix I Minimum Altitude Vectoring Chart.

KAPC-843

Goal. Coordination in a Radar Approach Control environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Ch2 Sec1 | Reporting Essential Flight Info. |
| Ch2 Sec1 | Coordinate Use of Airspace. |
| Ch2 Sec1 | Control Transfer. |
| Ch2 Sec1 | Surface Areas. |
| Ch2 Sec1 | Supervisory Notification. |
| Ch2 Sec4 | Monitoring (Radar & Interphone Comm). |
| Ch2 Sec4 | Authorized Interruptions. |
| Ch2 Sec4 | Authorized Relays. |
| Ch3 Sec10 | Altitude Restricted Low Approach. |
| Ch4 Sec2 | Clearance Prefix. |
| Ch4 Sec3 | Departure Clearances. |
| Ch4 Sec3 | Abbreviated Departure Clearance. |
| Ch4 Sec3 | Delay Sequencing. |
| Ch4 Sec3 | Forward Departure Delay Info. |
| Ch4 Sec3 | Coordination W/Receiving Facility. |
| Ch4 Sec3 | Forwarding Departure Times. |
| Ch4 Sec8 | Circling Approach. |
| Ch4 Sec8 | Missed Approach. |
| Ch4 Sec8 | Low Approach and Touch-And-Go. |
| Ch5 Sec2 | Radar Beacon Code Changes. |
| Ch5 Sec2 | Radio Failure. |
| (2) Local publications. | |

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 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Clearance knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

| (1) FAA 7110.65 | | 10.65 | |
|-----------------|-----|-------|--|
| | Ch2 | Sec1 | TCAS Resolution Advisories. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | ALTRV Clearances. |
| | Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Items. |
| | Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Terminology. |
| | Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Restrictions, Clearance Void |
| | | | Times, Hold for Release, and Release |
| | | | Times. |
| | Ch4 | Sec3 | VFR Release of IFR Departure. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Vertical Separation Minima. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Flight Direction. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Exceptions. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Lowest Usable Flight Level. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Altitude Information. |
| | Ch4 | Sec5 | Anticipated Altitude Changes. |
| | Ch4 | Sec6 | Clearance Beyond Fix. |
| | Ch4 | Sec6 | Visual Holding Points. |

| | Ch4 | Sec6 | Holding Flight Path Deviation. |
|-----|-------|---------------|---|
| | Ch4 | Sec6 | Unmonitored NAVAIDS. |
| | Ch4 | Sec6 | ILS Protection/Critical Areas. |
| | Ch4 | Sec7 | Clearance Information. |
| | Ch4 | Sec8 | Approach Clearance. |
| | Ch4 | Sec8 | Clearance Limit. |
| | Ch4 | Sec8 | Specifying Altitude. |
| | Ch4 | Sec8 | Circling Approach. |
| | Ch5 | Sec7 | Minima. |
| | Ch5 | Sec7 | Termination. |
| | Ch5 | Sec8 | Procedures. |
| | Ch5 | Sec8 | Initial Heading. |
| | Ch5 | Sec8 | Successive/Simultaneous Departures. |
| | Ch5 | Sec8 | Departure And Arrival. |
| | Ch5 | Sec8 | Departures And Arrivals On Parallel Or |
| | | | Non-Intersecting diverging Runways. |
| | Ch5 | Sec16 | TPX-42-Terminal. |
| | Ch7 | Sec1 | Approach Control Service for VFR Arriving |
| | | | Aircraft. |
| | Ch7 | Sec2 | Visual Separation. |
| | Ch7 | Sec4 | Visual Approach. |
| | Ch7 | Sec4 | Vectors for Visual Approach. |
| | Ch7 | Sec4 | Clearances for Visual Approach. |
| | Ch7 | Sec4 | Approaches to Multiple Runways. |
| | Ch7 | Sec4 | Contact Approach. |
| | Ch7 | Sec5 | Special VFR. |
| | Ch7 | Sec6 | Basic Radar Service To VFR Aircraft - |
| | | | Terminal |
| | Ch9 | Sec4 | Special Use and ATC Assigned Airspace. |
| | Ch9 | Sec5 | Fuel Dumping. |
| | Ch9 | Sec6 | Jettisoning of External Stores. |
| | Ch9 | Sec8 | Class D Airspace. |
| | Ch9 | Sec8 | Other Control Airspace. |
| (2) | Local | publications. | |
| | | | |

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 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Spacing/Sequencing applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

| (1) FAA 71: | 10.65 | |
|-------------|-------|--|
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Traffic Information. |
| Ch3 | Sec9 | Same Runway Separation. |
| Ch3 | Sec9 | Intersecting Runway Separation. |
| Ch3 | Sec10 | Same Runway Separation. |
| Ch3 | Sec10 | Intersecting Runway Separation. |
| Ch3 | Sec10 | Altitude Restricted Low Approach. |
| Ch3 | Sec10 | Closed Traffic. |
| Ch3 | Sec10 | Simulated Flameout (SFO) Approaches/ |
| | | Practice Precautionary Approaches. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | ALTRV Clearances. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Restrictions, Clearance Void |
| | | Times, Hold for Release, and Release |
| | | Times. |
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Altitude Information. |

| Ch4 | Sec5 | Anticipated Altitude Changes. |
|------------|--------------|--|
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Missed Approach. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Methods. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Traffic. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Target Separation. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Minima. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Passing or Diverging. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Additional Separation for Formation Flights. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Separation From Obstructions. |
| Ch5 | Sec8 | Procedures. |
| Ch5 | | Initial Heading. |
| Ch5 | | Successive/Simultaneous Departures. |
| Ch5 | | Departure And Arrival. |
| Ch5 | Sec8 | Departures And Arrivals On Parallel Or |
| 0110 | 2000 | Non-Intersecting diverging Runways. |
| Ch5 | Sec9 | Approach Separation Responsibility. |
| Ch7 | | Visual Separation. |
| Ch7 | | Basic Radar Service To VFR Aircraft - |
| CII, | 5000 | Terminal. |
| (2) NAVAIR | 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch4 | | Naval Certification Procedures. |
| Ch7 S | Sec 1 | (Radar Operations) General. |
| Ch8 | | Training, Standardization, and Air |
| | | Traffic Controller Performance |
| | | Evaluations. |
| Apper | ndix G | Air Traffic Control Specialist Mishap |
| | | Statement. |
| Apper | ndix I | Minimum Altitude Vectoring Chart. |
| | ublications. | 3 |
| . , | | |

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 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Phraseology/Communications applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

| (1) FAA 711 | .0.65 | |
|-------------|-------|--|
| Ch2 | Sec4 | Radio/Interphone Communications. |
| Ch3 | Sec1 | Establishing Two-way. |
| Ch4 | Sec2 | Clearance Prefix. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Departure Clearances. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Abbreviated Departure Clearance. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Delay Sequencing. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Forward Departure Delay Info. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Coordination W/Receiving Facility. |
| Ch4 | Sec3 | Forwarding Departure Times. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Delays. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Single Frequency Approaches (SFA). |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Radio Frequency and Radar Beacon Changes |
| | | For Military Aircraft. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Approach Information. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Arrival Information By Approach Control |
| | | Facilities. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Communications Release. |

| Ch5 | Sec2 | Radar Beacon Code Changes. |
|-----|------|---|
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Radio Failure. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | VFR Code Assignments. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Failure to Display Assigned Beacon Code |
| | | or Inoperative/Malfunctioning |
| | | Transponder. |

(2) Local publications.

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 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Separation knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment.

| (1) FAA 71 | 10.65 | |
|------------|-------|--|
| Ch4 | Sec5 | Vertical Separation Minima. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Clearance Beyond Fix. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Visual Holding Points. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Holding Flight Path Deviation. |
| Ch4 | Sec6 | Unmonitored NAVAIDS. |
| Ch4 | Sec7 | Transfer of Jurisdiction. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Approach Clearance. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Clearance Limit. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Circling Approach. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Missed Approach. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Practice Approaches. |
| Ch4 | Sec8 | Low Approach and Touch and Go. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Validation of Mode C Readout. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Altitude Confirmation - Mode C. |
| Ch5 | Sec2 | Altitude Confirmation-Non Mode C. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Primary Radar Identification Methods. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Beacon Identification Methods. |
| Ch5 | Sec3 | Questionable Identification. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Transferring Controller Handoff. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Receiving Controller Handoff. |
| Ch5 | Sec4 | Point Out. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Application. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Target Separation. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Minima. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Passing or Diverging. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Additional Separation for Formation |
| Ql- F | G = F | Flights. |
| Ch5 | Sec5 | Separation From Obstructions. |
| Ch5 | Sec8 | Procedures. |
| Ch5 | | Initial Heading. |
| Ch5 | Sec8 | Successive/Simultaneous Departures. |
| Ch5 | Sec8 | Departure And Arrivals On Barallal On |
| Ch5 | Sec8 | Departures And Arrivals On Parallel Or Non-Intersecting Diverging Runways. |
| Ch5 | Sec9 | Approach Separation Responsibility |
| Ch5 | Sec15 | Responsibility (ARTS). |
| Ch5 | Sec15 | System Requirements. |
| Ch5 | | CA/MCI . |
| Ch5 | Sec15 | Inhibiting Minimum Safe Altitude Warning |

(MSAW).

Ch5 Sec15 Track Suspend Function.

Ch7 Sec1 Approach Control Service for VFR Arriving Aircraft.

Ch7 Sec2 Visual Separation.

Ch7 Sec5 SVFR.

(2) Local publications.

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 $\underline{\text{Goal}}$. Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/ Facility Memos/Publications as applied in a Radar Approach Control OJT environment.

Reference

| (1) FAA 7220.1 | Operational Position Standards. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (2) FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control. |
| (3) FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operations. |
| (4) FAA 7340.1 | Contractions Directive. |
| (5) CFR 91 | General Operating. |
| (6) AIM | Aeronautical Information Directive. |
| (7) AOM | Airfield Operations. |
| (8) ATC FacMan | Facility Operations. |
| (9) IFR Supplement. | |
| (10) VFR Supplement. | |
| (11) NOTAMS | General Notices. |
| (12) AP1B | Military Training Route |
| (13) Local Sectional | |
| | Memorandum of Understanding. |
| (15) NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | |
| Ch3 | Facility Management. |
| Appendix C | Sample format for FAA/USN Letter of |
| | Agreement Concerning Control of Air |
| | Traffic. |
| Appendix D | Memorandum of Agreement. |
| (16) RATCF DAIR Operato | |
| (17) STARS Training Dir | |
| (18) Low Altitude Unite | |
| (19) High Altitude Unit | |
| (20) Local publications | • |

214. EXPENDABLE ORDNANCE REQUIREMENTS. None.

215. PROFICIENCY INTERVALS. Tables 2-12, 2-13 and 2-14 contain the proficiency intervals for Core Skills and Core Plus training.

Table 2-12.--Enlisted ATC Proficiency Interval for Core Skill Basic Training.

| EVENT | PROFICIENCY INTERVAL (Months) | CRP |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----|
| BTC-200YR | 12 | 0.4 |
| BTC-201R | NA | 0.4 |
| BTC-202R | NA | 0.4 |
| BTC-203 | NA | 0.4 |
| BTC-204 | NA | 0.4 |
| BTC-205 | NA | 0.5 |
| BTC-206 | NA | 0.4 |
| BTC-207EYR | 12 | 1.0 |
| BTC-208EYR | 12 | 1.0 |
| BTC-209EYR | 12 | 1.0 |
| BRC-220YR | 12 | 0.4 |
| BRC-221R | NA | 0.4 |
| BRC-222 | NA | 0.4 |
| BRC-223 | NA | 0.4 |
| BRC-224 | NA | 0.5 |
| BRC-225EYR | 12 | 1.0 |
| BRC-226EYR | 12 | 1.0 |
| DLC-230 | NA | 0.4 |
| DLC-231 | NA | 0.4 |
| DLC-232 | NA | 0.4 |
| DLC-233EYR | 12 | 0.4 |
| MMT-260 | NA | 0.4 |
| MMT-261 | NA | 0.4 |
| MMT-262 | NA | 0.4 |
| MMT-263 | NA | 0.4 |
| MMT-264 | NA | 0.4 |
| MMT-265 | NA | 0.4 |
| MMT-266E | NA | 1.0 |

Table 2-13.--Enlisted ATC Proficiency Interval for Core Skill Advanced Training.

| TLC-310 NA 0.6 TLC-311 NA 0.6 TLC-312EYR 12 1.0 ADC-340 NA 0.5 ADC-341 NA 0.5 ADC-341 NA 0.6 APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.6 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 BMT-393 NA 0.5 | EVENT | PROFICIENCY INTERVAL (Months) | CRP |
|---|------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| TLC-311 NA 0.6 TLC-312EYR 12 1.0 ADC-340 NA 0.5 ADC-341 NA 0.5 ADC-341 NA 0.5 ADC-342EYR 12 1.0 APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0. | TT C_210 | | 0.6 |
| TLC-312EYR 12 1.0 ADC-340 NA 0.5 ADC-341 NA 0.5 ADC-342EYR 12 1.0 APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0. | | | |
| ADC-340 NA 0.5 ADC-341 NA 0.5 ADC-342EYR 12 1.0 APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| ADC-341 NA 0.5 ADC-342EYR 12 1.0 APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 | | | |
| ADC-342EYR 12 1.0 APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| APC-350 NA 0.6 APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| APC-351YR NA 0.6 APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | + |
| APC-352 NA 0.6 APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| APC-353EYR 12 1.0 APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| APC-354 NA 0.5 APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| APC-355EYR 12 0.5 MMT-360 NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| MMT-361E NA 0.5 MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| MMT-361E NA 1.0 CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| CMT-370 NA 0.5 CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| CMT-371 NA 0.5 CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| CMT-372EYR 12 0.5 CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| CMT-373EYR 12 0.5 BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | = | |
| BMT-380 NA 0.5 BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| BMT-381 NA 0.5 BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| BMT-382 NA 0.5 BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| BMT-383 NA 0.5 BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| BMT-384 NA 0.5 BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | | | |
| BMT-385 NA 0.5 BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-383 | NA | |
| BMT-386 NA 0.5 BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-384 NA | | 0.5 |
| BMT-387 NA 0.5 BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-385 NA | | 0.5 |
| BMT-388 NA 0.5 BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-386 | NA | 0.5 |
| BMT-389 NA 0.5 BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-387 | NA | 0.5 |
| BMT-390 NA 0.5 BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-388 | NA NA | |
| BMT-391 NA 0.5 BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-389 | MT-389 NA | |
| BMT-392 NA 0.5 | BMT-390 | NA | 0.5 |
| | BMT-391 | NA | 0.5 |
| | BMT-392 | '-392 NA | |
| | | NA | 0.5 |
| TERP-395 NA 0.5 | TERP-395 | NA | 0.5 |
| TERP-396E NA 1.0 | | NA | |

Table 2-14.--Enlisted ATC Proficiency Interval for Core Plus Training.

| EVENT | PROFICIENCY | CRP |
|-----------|-------------------|-----|
| | INTERVAL (Months) | |
| CMT-470 | NA | 0.5 |
| BMT-480 | NA | 0.6 |
| BMT-481 | NA | 0.6 |
| BMT-482 | NA | 0.6 |
| BMT-483 | NA | 0.6 |
| BMT-484 | NA | 0.4 |
| BMT-485 | NA | 0.4 |
| BMT-486 | NA | 0.4 |
| BMT-487 | NA | 0.4 |
| TERP-495E | NA | 0.5 |

216. ENLISTED ATC EVENT UPDATE CHAINING. Table 2-15 contains update chaining events for the enlisted air traffic controller. Only those events with update chaining are listed in table 2-15.

Table 2-15.--Enlisted ATC Event Update Chaining.

| EVENT | EVENTS UPDATED | EVENT | EVENTS UPDATED |
|-------|----------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| 205 | 204 | 361 | 260,261,262,263,264,265,266 |
| 209 | 204 | 380 | 262, 392 |
| 222 | 221 | 383 | 221,222 |
| 265 | 206 | 387 | 232 |
| 311 | 206, 265 | | |

217. ENLISTED ATC EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX. Appendix G provides a conversion matrix of all events in this new enlisted air traffic controller syllabus as they correspond to the previous syllabus that this chapter replaced.

APPENDIX A

MATC TRAINING LECTURES

| | | | | | | | | | | | | PAGE |
|-----|-----|----------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| T&R | ATC | TRAINING | LECTURES | | | | | | | | | A-3 |

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APPENDIX A

T&R ATC TRAINING LECTURES

1. Training requirements for MATC personnel shall be conducted for each phase/stage of the syllabus. The lectures contained in this appendix are strongly encouraged to be incorporated as part of a sound unit training plan. Where indicated, standardized academic training materials exist and may be obtained from the activity listed as the sponsor.

| LECTURE | LECTURE TITLE | SPONSOR |
|---------|---|------------|
| | 200-Level: Core Skill Basic Training | |
| A-01* | MAGTF Organization | MCCES |
| A-02* | MACCS Organization | MCCES |
| | The Six Functions of Marine Aviation | |
| A-03* | Control of Aircraft & Missiles | MAWTS-1 |
| A-04* | Offensive Air Support | MAWTS-1 |
| A-05* | Assault Support | MAWTS-1 |
| A-06* | Electronic Warfare | MAWTS-1 |
| A-07* | Aerial Reconnaissance | MAWTS-1 |
| A-08* | Anti-Air Warfare | MAWTS-1 |
| A-09* | Air Tasking Order/Special Instructions | MCCES |
| A-10* | MACCS Training Management | Local MACG |
| A-11* | MACCS Reference Material | MCCES |
| A-12* | Local AOR Contingencies & OP PLANS | Local MACG |
| A-13* | ROE Overview | Local MACG |
| A-14* | MACCS Communications | MAWTS-1 |
| A-15* | TBMCS Overview | MAWTS-1 |
| A-16* | Data Link Symbology | Local MACG |
| A-17* | Directive Crosstell Procedures | Local MACG |
| A-18* | Encryption & Authentication Procedures | MCCES |
| A-19* | COMSEC & Crypto Handling | MCCES |
| | 300-Level: Core Skill Advanced Training | |
| B-01* | Missile and UAV Threat to the MAGTF | MAWTS-1 |
| B-02* | Fixed Wing Threat to the MAGTF | MAWTS-1 |
| B-03* | Rotary Wing Threat to the MAGTF | MAWTS-1 |
| B-04* | REC Threat | MAWTS-1 |
| B-05* | Armor Threat to the MAGTF | MAWTS-1 |
| B-06* | AOR Specific Threat & OP PLANS | Local MACG |
| | MACCS Agencies | |
| B-07* | TACC | MAWTS-1 |
| B-08* | TAOC | MAWTS-1 |
| B-09* | DASC | MAWTS-1 |
| B-10* | ATC Detachment | MAWTS-1 |
| B-11* | LAAD Bn | MAWTS-1 |
| B-13* | MWCS | MAWTS-1 |
| B-14* | AC2W-ISR | MAWTS-1 |
| B-15* | Multi TADIL Network | MAWTS-1 |

| LECTURE CODE | LECTURE TITLE | SPONSOR | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| B-16* | USMC Aviation Ordnance | MCCES | | | | | | | | |
| B-17* | Phasing Control Ashore | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| B-18* | Airspace Planning/Management (Combat Airspace) | Local MACG | | | | | | | | |
| B-19* | Tanker Management | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| B-20* | Armed Reconnaissance | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| B-21* | UAV Overview | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| B-22* | Link Architecture & Procedures | Local MACG | | | | | | | | |
| B-23* | Introduction to Personnel Recovery | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| B-24* | NEO Execution | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| B-25* | Execution Checklist | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| | 400-Level: Core Plus Training | | | | | | | | | |
| C-01* | Integrated Combat Airspace Command & Control (ICAC ²) | Local MACG MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| C-02* | Joint Air Operations | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| C-03* | TBM and CM Defense | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| C-04* | JTAO Procedures | MCCES | | | | | | | | |
| C-05* | Law of War and ROE | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |
| C-06* | SIS Aircraft | MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | |

^(*) The lecture code is standardized throughout all MACCS related syllabi and is used to link the ATRIMS software to a specific T&R event within this syllabus. Lecture codes may not be listed sequentially.

APPENDIX B

TRAINING REFERENCES

| | | | | | | | | | | | PAGE |
|-----|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| ATC | TRAINING | REFERENCES | | | | | | | | | B-3 |

APPENDIX B

ATC TRAINING REFERENCES

1. Tables B-1 through B-6 provide training references that shall be utilized to ensure safe and standardized training procedures, performance steps, grading criteria, and equipment operation.

Table B-1.--FAA Training References.

| FAA | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | TITLE | | | | | | |
| FAA 7110.65 | Air Traffic Control Directive | | | | | | |
| FAA 7110.10 | Flight Services | | | | | | |
| FAA 7210.3 | Facility Operation and Administration | | | | | | |
| FAA 7400.8 | Special Use Airspace | | | | | | |
| FAA 7220.1 | Certification and Rating Procedures | | | | | | |
| FAA 7340.1 | Contractions | | | | | | |
| FAR 65 | Certification of Airmen Other Than Flight Crewmembers | | | | | | |
| FAR 91 | General Operating and Flight Rules | | | | | | |
| | Aeronautical Information Directive (AIM) | | | | | | |
| | IFR Supplement | | | | | | |
| | VFR Supplement | | | | | | |
| | Low Altitude United States | | | | | | |
| | High Altitude United States | | | | | | |
| FAA Handbook OAP 8200.1 | U.S. Standard Flight Inspection Directive | | | | | | |
| | Notices to Airmen (NOTAM) | | | | | | |
| AP1 A | Area Planning for North and South America | | | | | | |
| AP1 B | Military Training Routes for North and South America | | | | | | |
| | Local Sectional | | | | | | |
| DOC-4444/501 | ICAO Rules of the Air and ATC Service | | | | | | |
| | Airfield Operations Directive (AOM) | | | | | | |
| | Facility Directive (FACMAN) | | | | | | |
| | Daily Flight Schedule | | | | | | |
| | RATCF DAIR Operator's Directive | | | | | | |
| | Facility Directives | | | | | | |
| | Letters of Agreement | | | | | | |
| | Facility Memorandums | | | | | | |
| | Facility Forms | | | | | | |
| | Pilot Controller Handbook (PCH) | | | | | | |
| | TERPS Directive | | | | | | |
| | STARS Training Guide | | | | | | |

Table B-2.--Navy Training References.

| NAVY | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | TITLE | | | | | | |
| SECNAVINST 5216.5C | Memorandum of Agreement | | | | | | |
| OPNAVINST 5510.1 | Department of the Navy Information and Personnel | | | | | | |
| | Security Program Regulation | | | | | | |
| OPNAVINST 3770.2 | Airspace Procedures Directive | | | | | | |
| OPNAVINST 3722.16 | U.S. Standard Flight Inspection Directive | | | | | | |
| NAVAIR 00-80T-114 | ATC Facilities Directive | | | | | | |
| NAVAIR 00-80T-115 | Expeditionary Airfields | | | | | | |
| NAVAIR 51-50AAA-2 | Airfield Markings | | | | | | |

Table B-3.--Marine Corps Training References.

| MARINE CORPS | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | TITLE | | | | | | |
| MCDP 6 | Command and Control | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-2 | Aviation Operations | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-22 | Anti-Air Warfare | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-22.2 | SEAD | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-23 | OAS | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-24 | Assault Operations | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25 | Control of Aircraft and Missiles | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25A | Multi-service Procedures for JATC | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25B | Multi-Service Brevity Codes | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25C | Introduction to TADIL-J | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25D | Integrated Combat Airspace Command and Control | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25.3 | MACCS Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25.4 | TACC Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25.5 | DASC Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25.7 | TAOC Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25.8 | MATCD Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-25.9 | MACCS Communications Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-11.2 | Marine Rifle Squad | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-11.3 | Scouting and Patrolling | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-11.4 | Helicopter borne Operations | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-11.4A | Helicopter Insert/Extraction | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-17 | Engineer Operations | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-31.5 | Ship to Shore Movement | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-33 | Military Operations Other Than War (MOOTW) | | | | | | |
| MCRP 3-33A | Counter-Guerilla Operations | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-33.2 | Civil Disturbance | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-33.6 | Humanitarian Assistance Operations | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-36 | Command and Control Warfare | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-36.1 | Electronic Warfare | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-37 | MAGTF NBC Defense Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-37A | NBC Field Handbook | | | | | | |
| MCWP 3-37.5 | NBC Defense of Fixed Sites, Ports, and Airfields | | | | | | |
| MCWP 5-1 | Marine Corps Planning Process | | | | | | |
| MCWP 5-11 | MAGTF Aviation Planning | | | | | | |
| MCWP 5-11.1A | Aviation Planning Documents | | | | | | |

Table B-3.--Marine Corps Training References (continued).

| MARINE CORPS | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | TITLE | | | | | | | | |
| MCWP 6-2 | MAGTF C-2 | | | | | | | | |
| MCWP 6-22 | Communications and Information Systems | | | | | | | | |
| MCWP 6-22A | Talk II SINCGARS | | | | | | | | |
| MCRP 3-02E | Individual Guide to Terrorism | | | | | | | | |
| MCRP 6-22D | Field Antenna Handbook | | | | | | | | |
| MCO 1510.28A Marine Air Traffic Control (ATC) and ATC Mainter Personnel Training, Qualification, and Proficies Records | | | | | | | | | |
| MCO 3501.9B | Marine Corps Combat Readiness Evaluation System (MCCRES) | | | | | | | | |
| MCO 5600.20 | Marine Corps War Fighting Publication System | | | | | | | | |
| ATO/ACO | Air Tasking Order/Air Control Order | | | | | | | | |
| CMS-1 | Communications Security Material System Directive | | | | | | | | |
| ACP | Aviation Campaign Plan | | | | | | | | |
| SPINS | Special Instructions | | | | | | | | |
| | Marine Aviation Command and Control System | | | | | | | | |
| | Information Flow Model dtd 30 Sep 1988 | | | | | | | | |

Table B-4.--Maintenance Training References.

| MAINTENANCE | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER TITLE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MATCALS Controller Handbook | | | | | | | | | |
| TM 2000 Series | HMMWV and Tactical Quiet Generator | | | | | | | | | |
| TM 119-MA-OMI-010 | Part II Expeditionary Control Tower Equipment Basic Course SA2257TSQ-120 | | | | | | | | | |
| | MATCALS System Operation Directive | | | | | | | | | |
| MATCALS Operator's Handbook | | | | | | | | | | |

Table B-5.--MAWTS-1 Training References.

| MAWTS-1 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | DIRECTIVE/ORDER TITLE | | | | | | | | | |
| MAWTS Course Catalog | | | | | | | | | | |
| MAWTS-1 ASP | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MAWTS-1 SOP | | | | | | | | | |
| | MAWTS-1 MACCS Reference Guide | | | | | | | | | |
| | MMT SOP | | | | | | | | | |

Table B-6.--MCI Training References.

| | MCI COURSES | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MCI | | TITLE | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 04.7 | Introduction to Amphibious Embarkation | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 06.32 | HF/UHF Field Radio Equipment | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 25.15 | Antenna Construction and Propagation of Radio Waves | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 25.20 | Communications for the FMF Marine | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 25.25 | Communications Security | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 57.6 | Chemical Warfare Defense | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 57.7 | Nuclear Warfare Defense | | | | | | | |
| MCI | 8500 | Amphibious Warfare School Non-resident Program | | | | | | | |

Table B-7.--Joint Multi-service and Allied Publications Training References.

| JOINT MULTISERVICE AND ALLIED PUBS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | TITLE | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 1 | Joint Warfare of the US Armed Forces | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 1-02 | DOD Dictionary of Military and Associated Terms, | | | | | | | |
| | March 1994 | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 0-2 | Unified Action Armed Forces | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-0 | Doctrine for Joint Operations | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-01-2 | Joint Doctrine for Theater Counter Air/Air Defense | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-01-3 | Air Defense from Overseas Land Areas | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-01.5 | Doctrine for Joint Theater Missile Defense | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-52 | Doctrine for Joint Airspace Control in a Combat Zone | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-56.1 | Command and Control for Joint Air Operations/Service Operations | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-56-23 | Air Control/Air Defense Procedures | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 3-56.24 | Tactical Command and Control Planning Guidance and | | | | | | | |
| 00111C Pub 3-30.24 | Procedures for Joint Operations | | | | | | | |
| Joint Pub 5-03.1 | Joint Operations Planning and Execution System | | | | | | | |
| Module 1 | Introduction to the JTAO Interface, JTAO CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 2 | Introduction to TADIL Operations, JTAO CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 4 | Introduction to Naval Warfare, JTAO CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 5 | NTDS and ATDS, JTAO CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 6 | Ground Elements of the Theater Air Control System | | | | | | | |
| | (TACS), JTAO CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 7 | Airborne Elements of the Air Control System (AEACS), CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 8 | Army Air Defense Command and Control System | | | | | | | |
| | (AADCCS), CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| Module 9 | Service and Joint Communications Systems in the JTAO | | | | | | | |
| | Interface, JTAO CBT Modules | | | | | | | |
| ACCI 13-10C | Air Operations Center | | | | | | | |
| ACCR 55-44 | Theater Air Control System Modular Control System | | | | | | | |
| AFM 2-1 | Tactical Air Operations, Counter Air, Close Air | | | | | | | |
| | Support and Air Interdiction | | | | | | | |

Table B-7.--Joint Multi-service and Allied Publications Training References (continued).

| | JOINT MULTISERVICE AND ALLIED PUBS | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| DIRECTIVE/ORDER | TITLE | | | | | | | | |
| FM 44-100 | U.S. Army Air Defense Operations | | | | | | | | |
| FM 44-100-2 | Air Defense Reference Handbook | | | | | | | | |
| FM 44-85 | Patriot Battalion and Battery Operations | | | | | | | | |
| FM 44-63 | FAADS/SHORAD Operations, Jane's Land Based Air | | | | | | | | |
| | Defense | | | | | | | | |
| FM 100-103 | Army Airspace Command and Control in a Combat Zone | | | | | | | | |
| | TBMCS Operator/Technician Course Advance Sheets | | | | | | | | |
| | ADS Software User's Directive (SUM) | | | | | | | | |
| | Operator Familiarization Course Training Materials | | | | | | | | |
| | for the Advanced Planning System (APS) | | | | | | | | |
| | Air Operations Center, ACCI 13, 1 Feb 95 | | | | | | | | |
| | Air Combat Command (ACC) C4I Systems Guide, Vol I, | | | | | | | | |
| | HQ ACC/SC, 24 Dec 1994 | | | | | | | | |
| | A History of the Contingency Theater Automated | | | | | | | | |
| | Planning System (CTAPS), Part One, Background, HQ | | | | | | | | |
| | TAC, Jan 91 | | | | | | | | |
| | Software User's Directive (SUM) for the Human- | | | | | | | | |
| | Machine-Interface (HMI) of the Theater Battle | | | | | | | | |
| | Management Core System (TBMCS) | | | | | | | | |
| | Air Combat Command Computer Systems Squadron, | | | | | | | | |
| | Langley Air Force Base, VA 23665-2091 | | | | | | | | |
| | ICAC2 Multi-service Procedures for Integrating | | | | | | | | |
| | Airspace Command and Control in the Combat Zone | | | | | | | | |
| ATP-40 | Doctrine for Airspace Control in Times of Crisis and | | | | | | | | |
| | War | | | | | | | | |

APPENDIX C

SYLLABUS EVALUATION

| | | | | | | | | | | | PAGE |
|-----|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| ATC | SYLLABUS | EVALUATION | | | | | | | | | C-3 |

APPENDIX C

ATC SYLLABUS EVALUATION

| 1. | Event: | (Numbe | er) | | | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------|----------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------|------|
| 2. | Goal: | (Enter | the T&R | syllabus | goal) | | | | |
| 3. | Require | ement: | (Enter | the T&R co | ondition | for the e | vent) | | |
| | Perform e met fo | | | : (Enter | the T&R | performan | ce standards | and how | they |
| 5. | Prerequ | ıisite(s | s) Met: | Evaluato | r's initi | ials: | | | |
| 6. | Additio | onal Cor | mments: | | | | | | |
| Eva | luator's | Signat | ture | Date | | Marine's | Signature | | Date |
| | CD Comma | ander/A | TCFO | Date | | | | | |

APPENDIX D

CAREER PROGRESSION TIMELINES

| | PAGE |
|--|------|
| RECOMMENDED ENLISTED CAREER PROGRESSION TIMELINE | D-3 |
| ENLISTED MAXIMUM TRAINING TIMELINE | D-4 |

APPENDIX D

Recommended Enlisted Career Progression Timeline

1. Recommended Training Timeline. The following table provides $\frac{\text{recommended}}{\text{MOS}}$ training timelines.

| TOWER | TIME | RADAR |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| TRAINING TRACK | | TRAINING TRACK |
| AMLO/Monitor/OPS CHF | 24 years | AMLO/Monitor/OPS CHF |
| NCOIC | 18 years | NCOIC |
| Training Chief | 15 years | Training Chief |
| Branch Chief | 12 Years | Branch Chief |
| WTI | 10 Years | WTI |
| Radar Supervisor | 9 Years | Tower Supervisor |
| FWO | 8 Years | FWO |
| Approach Controller | 7 Years | Local Controller |
| MMT Leader | 6 Years | RS/TFD/TGC/MMT Leader |
| Arrival Controller | 5 Years | Approach Controller |
| TS/RFD/RFC/DLC | 4 Years | |
| Local Controller | 40 months | Arrival Controller |
| MMT Member | 24 months | MMT Member |
| OJTI | 18 months | OJTI |
| TFD/TGC (Initial MOS) | 13 months | RFD/RFC (Initial MOS) |
| Graduate ACA1 Course | 4 months | Graduate ACA1 Course |
| ACA1 Course | Core Skill Introduction MATC training begins | ACA1 Course |

2. Enlisted Maximum Training Timeline

- a. MARADMIN 230/04 provides $\underline{\text{maximum}}$ MOS training timelines for enlisted Marines to obtain required primary and secondary MOS qualifications and the waiver process if not met.
- b. An active duty enlisted controller assigned to the Reserve ATC detachment (MACS-23) shall submit waiver packages if the controller does not meet applicable MARADMIN 230/04 requirements.
- c. Marine Corps Reserve Applicability. The ATC MOS skill progression and qualification standards listed below in MARADMIN 230/04 paragraph 100.7b through 100.7e do not apply to the Marine Corps Reserve. Waiver packages should not be submitted on behalf of Reserve controllers who have successfully completed their initial active duty training and obligations, and have returned to a drilling status.

MARADMIN 230/04

«----»»

Date signed: 05/19/2004 MARADMIN Number: 230/04

R 192030Z MAY 04

FM CMC WASHINGTON DC(uc)

TO AL MARADMIN(uc)

MARADMIN

UNCLASSIFIED

MARADMIN 230/04

MSGID/GENADMIN/CMC WASHINGTON DC AVN//

SUBJ: MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS FOR MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS//

REF/A/DOC/CMC MCO P3500.12/16APR01//

REF/B/MSG/CMC MARADMIN 435/99//

REF/C/DOC/NAVAIR 00-80T-114 (ATC NATOPS)//

REF/D/MSG/CG 3DMAW 042302Z NOV 03//

REF/E/MSG/CMC MARADMIN 229/04//

NARR/REF A, IS THE MARINE CORPS MACCS T&R MANUAL. REF B ESTABLISHED ATC QUALIFICATION REQUIRMENTS FOR USMC ATC PERSONNEL. REF C IS THE DON ATC NATOPS. REF D MARINE AIR CONTROL GROUP OPERATIONAL ADVISORY GROUP (MACG OAG) FALL 2003 EXECUTIVE STEERING COMMITTEE (ESC) RESULTS APPROVED NEW QUALIFICATION TIMELINES FOR USMC ATC PERSONNEL. REF E ESTABLISHED ATC SERVICES PROVIDED, ATC SKILL SETS TRAINED TO, MOS AND CTO/ATCS RATINGS AVAILABLE BASED ON CNO N785F ASSIGNED USMC ATC FACILITY CLASSIFICATIONS.//

POC/W.J. NIX/LTCOL/AVN APC-5/LOC: HQMC/TEL: DSN 224-1850/

EMAIL: NIXWJ@HQMC.USMC.MIL//

GENTEXT/REMARKS/1. PURPOSE: THE INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS MESSAGE COMPLETE THE ACTIONS APPROVED BY THE ABOVE REFERENCES FOR AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL (ATC) MOS 7257 AND ADDITIONAL ATC MOS SKILL DESIGNATORS.

- 2. MOS 7257 EQUATES TO 2 POSITION QUALIFICATIONS IN THE TOWER (GROUND AND FLIGHT DATA) OR 2 POSITION QUALIFICATIONS IN RADAR (RADAR FINAL CONTROLLER AND RADAR FLIGHT DATA).
- 3. ALL MARINES CURRENTLY HOLDING A RADAR FINAL CONTROLLER MOS SKILL DESIGNATION OF 7253 SHALL HAVE THEIR MOS SKILL DESIGNATION CHANGED TO MOS 7257.
- 4. ALL MARINES WHO HAVE RECEIVED A RADAR ARRIVAL/DEPARTURE CONTROL POSITION QUALIFICATION AT A CLASS IIIB, IVB OR VII ATC FACILITY (OR DETACHMENT) PER REF E SHALL BE AWARDED A MOS SKILL DESIGNATION OF 7253.
- 5. ALL MARINES WHO HAVE RECEIVED A RADAR APPROACH CONTROL POSITION QUALIFICATION AT A CLASS IVB OR VII ATC FACILITY OR ATC DETACHMENT PER REF C OR E SHALL BE AWARDED AN MOS SKILL DESIGNATION OF 7254.
- 6. THE TOWER LOCAL CONTROL MOS SKILL DESIGNATION OF 7252 REMAINS THE SAME.
- 7. ATC MOS SKILL PROGRESSION AND QUALIFICATION STANDARDS ARE AS FOLLOWS:
- A. MOS 7257 SHALL BE ACHIEVED BY MARINES WITHIN THE FIRST 9-MONTHS OF ARRIVING AT THEIR FIRST ATC FACILITY OR THEY WILL BE PROCESSED FOR MOS REVOKATION AND REASSIGNMENT TO ANOTHER OCCUPATIONAL FIELD.
- B. MARINES WITHIN 3 YEARS OF GRADUATION FROM ACA(1) SCHOOL SHALL ACHIEVE 7257/52 OR 7257/53 OR 7257/54 OR THEY WILL BE PROCESSED FOR MOS REVOKATION AND REASSIGNMENT TO ANOTHER OCCUPATIONAL FIELD.
- C. ALL MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS SHOULD OBTAIN TWO OF THE FOLLOWING MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS: 7252, 7253, OR 7254 WITHIN SIX (6) YEARS OF GRADUATION FROM ACA(1) SCHOOL.
- D. ALL MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS SHALL OBTAIN TWO OF THE FOLLOWING MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS: 7252, 7253, OR 7254 WITHIN NINE (9) YEARS OF GRADUATION FROM ACA(1) SCHOOL OR THEY WILL BE PROCESSED FOR MOS REVOKATION AND REASSIGNMENT TO ANOTHER OCCUPATIONAL FIELD.
- E. ALL MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS SHALL OBTAIN ALL THREE OF THE FOLLOWING MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS: 7252, 7253, AND 7254 WITHIN TWELVE (12) YEARS OF GRADUATION FROM ACA(1) SCHOOL OR THEY WILL BE PROCESSED FOR MOS REVOKATION AND REASSIGNMENT TO ANOTHER OCCUPATIONAL FIELD.
- 8. AS OF THE DTG OF THIS MARADMIN MARINES WITH 12 OR MORE YEARS OF QUALIFIED ATC

MARADMIN 230/04 ««-----(continued)-----»»

SERVICE FOLLOWING INITIAL 7252 OR 7253 OR 7254 MOS QUALIFICATION SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO OBTAIN ALL THREE MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS: 7252, 7253, AND 7254. HOWEVER THEY ARE STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS IF CIRCUMSTANCES PERMIT AND/OR DIRECTED BY THEIR CHAIN OF COMMAND.

- 9. ONLY HQMC APC (OCCFLD SPONSOR) CAN APPROVE WAIVERS TO THE ABOVE STANDARDS.
- ALL REQUESTS FOR WAIVERS SHALL BE HANDLED IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:
- A. SUBMIT WAIVER REQUESTS TO HQMC (APC) VIA NAVAL LETTER VIA THE CHAIN OF COMMAND. (NOTE: WAIVER PACKAGES ORIGINATED AT MCAS'S AND MCAF'S SHALL INCLUDE APPLICABLE ATC QUALITY ASSURANCE OFFICES AS PART OF THE ROUTING PROCESS)
- B. WAIVER REQUESTS SHALL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING REQUIRED ELEMENTS:
- (1) CONTROLLER EVALUATION BOARD (CEB) RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THOSE MARINES WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF QUALIFIED ATC SERVICE.
- (2) BRIEF ATC HISTORY OF THE MARINE FROM ATTACHMENT AT FIRST ATC FACILITY TO PRESENT.
- (3) ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT IS PERTINENT TO THE WAIVER REQUEST (I.E.
- ATC FACILITY STAFFING, DEPLOYMENTS, AND OTHER RELATED ISSUES).
- (4) AN ATC TRAINING PLAN TO INCLUDE A SPECIFIC TIMELINE, END DATE, AND STEPS FOR THE MARINE TO OBTAIN THE REQUIRED MOS QUALIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN REF A.
- (5) ATC MOS REVOCATION RECOMMENDATIONS WILL CONTINUE TO BE SUBMITTED PER NAVAIR 00-80T-114 AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL NATOPS MANUAL.
- C. COMMANDS RECEIVING AN ATC MARINE RETURNING FROM A "B" BILLET THAT REQUIRES A WAIVER, SHALL SUBMIT A WAIVER REQUEST FOR THAT MARINE IMMEDIATLEY UPON HIS/HER RETURN TO A PMOS DUTY STATION. A CEB IS NOT REQUIRED.
- D. IF A WAIVER IS APPROVED, A COPY OF THE WAIVER SHALL BE PLACED IN THE MARINES MACCS PERFORMANCE JACKET AND THE MARINE SHALL BE NOTIFIED OF THE PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS AND THE TIME FRAME ALLOTED TO OBTAIN REQUIRED POSITION QUALIFICATION(S) FOR MOS SKILL(S) DESIGNATION.//

APPENDIX E

USMC FACILITY CLASSIFICATIONS

| | | | | | | | | | PAGE |
|------|----------|-----------------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|--|------|
| USMC | FACILITY | CLASSIFICATIONS | (MARADMIN | 229/04). | | | | | E-3 |

APPENDIX E

USMC FACILITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Note: Policy set by MARADMIN 229/04 remains in effect until cancelled by the HQMC. A part of this message was reformatted for easier reading. However, the contents of the message have not been changed, below is the message verbatim.

```
MARADMIN 229/04
            ««----»»
Date signed: 05/19/2004 MARADMIN Number: 229/04
R 192000Z MAY 04
FM CMC WASHINGTON DC(uc)
TO AL MARADMIN(uc)
MARADMIN
BT
UNCLASSIFIED
MARADMIN 229/04
MSGID/GENADMIN/CMC WASHINGTON DC AVN//
SUBJ: USMC ATC FACILITY CLASSIFICATIONS //
REF/A/DOC/NAVAIR 00-80T-114 (ATC NATOPS)//
REF/B/DOC/CMC (C461/16APR01//
REF/C/MSG/2003 MACG OAG ESC MSG 042302Z NOV 03//
REF/D/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS YUMA//
REF/E/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS CHERRY POINT//
REF/F/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS BEAUFORT//
REF/G/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS NEW RIVER//
REF/H/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS IWAKUNI//
REF/I/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS FUTENMA//
REF/J/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS CAMP PENDLETON//
REF/K/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS MIRAMAR//
REF/L/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MCAS QUANTICO//
REF/M/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MACS-1 ATC DET SELF 29 PALMS//
REF/N/ATCF CLASSIFICATION LTR MACS-2 ATC DET MCALF BOGUE FIELD//
NARR/AMPN/REF A IS THE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL NATOPS. REF B IS THE USMC MOS MANUAL.
REF C IS THE MARINE AIR CONTROL GROUP OPERATIONAL ADVISORY GROUP (MACG OAG) FALL
2003 EXECUTIVE STEERING COMMITTEE (ESC) RESULTS. REF D THROUGH N ARE CNO N785F ATC
FACILITY CLASSIFICATION LETTERS.//
POC/BILL NIX/LTCOL/APC-5/LOC:HQMC/TEL: (703) 614-1850/TEL:DSN 224-1850/
EMAIL:NIXWJ@HQMC.USMC.MIL//
POC/PHIL KENOYER/LTCOL/N785F3/LOC:OPNAV/TEL:(703) 604-7728/TEL:DSN 664-7728
/EMAIL:PHILLIP.KENOYER@NAVY.MIL//
GENTEXT/REMARKS/1. PER REF A CNO N785F IS THE ATC FACILITY CLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY FOR DON ATC FACILITIES. REF A ALSO ESTABLISHES ATC SERVICES PROVIDED BY
DON ATC FACILITIES AND LISTS APPLICABLE ATCS RATINGS AND CTO REQUIREMENTS FOR NAVY
AND USMC AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS. REF B DESCRIBES THE MOS SKILL SETS REQUIRED FOR
USMC AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS. REF C ESTABLISHED ATC OCCFLD SKILL SETS AND TRAINING
STANDARDS FOR MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS TO SUPPORT MACS ATC DETACHMENTS.
MARINE CORPS AIR STATIONS AND MARINE CORPS AIR FACILITIES.
2. IN FEBRUARY 2003 CNO N785F PROVIDED ATC FACILITY CLASSIFICATION LETTERS, REF D
THROUGH N, TO EACH USMC ATC FACILITY TO INCLUDING MACS-1 ATC DET SELF 29-PALMS AND
MACS-2 ATC DET C MCALF BOGUE FIELD.
3. IN ACCORDANCE WITH REF A AND IN SUPPORT OF REF B, THIS MARADMIN ESTABLISHES
ATC SERVICES PROVIDED, ATC SKILL SETS TRAINED TO, MOS AND CTO/ATCS RATINGS
AVAILABLE BASED ON CNO N785F ASSIGNED ATC FACILITY CLASSIFICATIONS:
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MARADMIN 229/04 ««-----(continued)-----»»

| ATCF CLASSIFICATION | ATC SERVICES PROVIDED | SKILL SETS RATING | MOS | CTO/ATCS |
|------------------------|--|---------------------|------|----------|
| CLASS II NOTE(1) | AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL SERVICE | TOWER CONTROLLER | 7252 | CTO |
| | | | | |
| CLASS IIIA | AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL SERVICE | 7252 | СТО | |
| NOTE(2) | LOW APPROACH AND LANDING SERVICE | BASIC CONTROLLER | 7257 | RFC |
| | | | | |
| CLASS IIIB | AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL SERVICE | TOWER CONTROLLER | 7252 | CTO |
| CLASS IIID | LOW APPROACH AND | BASIC CONTROLLER | 7257 | RFC |
| | LANDING SERVICE | ARRIVAL CONTROLLER | 7253 | RATCF |
| | | | | |
| | AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL SERVICE | TOWER CONTROLLER | 7252 | CTO |
| CLASS IVB | LOW APPROACH AND | BASIC CONTROLLER | 7257 | RFC |
| CHASS IVB | LANDING SERVICE | ARRIVAL CONTROLLER | 7253 | RATCF |
| | TERMINAL AREA CONTROL SERVICE | APPROACH CONTROLLER | 7254 | TRACON |
| | | | | |
| | AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL SERVICE | TOWER CONTROLLER | 7252 | CTO |
| | LOW APPROACH AND | BASIC CONTROLLER | 7257 | RFC |
| CLASS VII | TERMINAL AREA CONTROL SERVICE | ARRIVAL CONTROLLER | 7253 | RATCF |
| | | APPROACH CONTROLLER | 7254 | TRACON |
| | SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE CONTROL SERVICE | ARTCC NOTE(3) | | |

NOTE 1: SELF 29-PALMS SUBSEQUENT CTO RATING ONLY

NOTE 2: MCALF BOGUE SUBSEQUENT CTO AND RFC RATING ONLY

NOTE 3: MCAS YUMA ONLY WHEN BOTH 7253 MOS AND 7254 MOS ARE ACHIEVED

- 4. CLASS IIIB AND IVB USMC ATC FACILITIES ARE ALLOWED TO PROVIDE SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE CONTROL SERVICE IN ASSIGNED AIRSPACE AS DELINEATED IN LETTERS OF AGREEMENT WITH APPROPRIATE FAA AND/OR MILITARY AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL FACILITIES/AGENCIES.
- 5. THOUGH NOT REQUIRED USMC ATC FACILITIES ARE NOT PRECLUDED FROM PROVIDING LIMITED ADDITIONAL ATC SERVICES ASSOCIATED WITH HIGHER CLASSIFIED ATC FACILITIES WHEN IN SUPPORT OF THE NATIONAL AIRSPACE SYSTEM AS DELINEATED IN LETTERS OF AGREEMENT WITH ADJACENT FAA AND/OR MILITARY ATC FACILITIES. HOWEVER, THIS DOES NOT AUTHORIZE MCAS OR MCAF COMMANDS TO AWARD A MOS SKILL DESIGNATION ASSOCIATED WITH A HIGHER CLASSIFIED ATC FACILITY.
- 6. FOR THOSE MARINE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS WHO RECEIVED AN INITIAL 7254 MOS SKILL DESIGNATION AT MCAF QUANTICO OR MCAS NEW RIVER ON OR AFTER 14 FEB 2003 SHALL HAVE THE 7254 MOS SKILL DESIGNATION REMOVED FROM APPROPRIATE RECORDS AND THE 7253 MOS SKILL DESIGNATION INSERTED.
- 7. A FOLLOW-ON MARADMIN WILL CLARIFY SPECIFIC MOS SKILL DESIGNATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.
- 8. THIS MARADMIN HAS BEEN COORDINATED WITH AND HAS CONCURRANCE OF CNO N785F.//

APPENDIX F

MATCO EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX

| | | | | | | | | | | | PAGE |
|-------|-------|------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| MATCO | EVENT | CONVERSION | MATRIX | | | | | | | | F-3 |

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APPENDIX F

MATCO EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX

1. This appendix provides the below conversion matrix of all events in this new MATCO syllabus as they correspond to the previous MATCO syllabus that this chapter replaced.

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENT # | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 200 LEVEL EVENTS | | | | | | | | | |
| BTC-220 | Operate fixed tower equipment | SYS-251 | | | | | | | | |
| BTC-221 | Operate the Expeditionary Control Tower (AN/TSQ-120) and associated equipment | SYS-256 | | | | | | | | |
| BTC-222 | Operate the Remote Landing Site Tower (AN/TSQ-216) and associated equipment | SYS-258 | | | | | | | | |
| BTC-223 | Perform duties as Tower Ground Controller | OPS-271 | | | | | | | | |
| BTC-224 | Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller | CK-281 | | | | | | | | |
| BRC-230 | Operate fixed RADAR equipment | SYS-250 | | | | | | | | |
| BRC-231 | Control precision/surveillence approaches | SIM-260 | | | | | | | | |
| BRC-232 | Perform the duties of a Radar Final Controller | OPS-270 | | | | | | | | |
| BRC-233 | Qualify as a Radar Final Controller | CK-280 | | | | | | | | |
| 300 LEVEL EVENTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMT-340 | Conduct a MATC standard facility crew brief and/or a tactical crew brief | OPS-340 | | | | | | | | |
| CMT-341 | Perform the duties of ATCFWO | NEW | | | | | | | | |
| CMT-342 | Perform duties as an assistant ATC Facility Officer | OPS-342 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-357 | Configure the Control and Communications Subsystem (AN/TSQ-131) for operations | SYS-320 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-358 | Develop an ACO utilizing a TBMCS AD Module | SYS-321 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-359 | Understand TBMCS ATO | NEW | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-360 | Describe airspace and MATC considerations in regard to FAA | FAM-311 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-361 | ICAO considerations | FAM-312 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-362 | ATC services ISO of FOB | SIM-330 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-363 | Understand communications planning | SIM-331 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-364 | Prepare, request and supervise flight inspection/certification | OPS-341 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-365 | Perform as MATCD WC | OPS-342 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-366 | MATCALS Electronic Protection (EP) measures | OPS-343 | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-367 | Plan and employ a Base Defense Zone | OPS-346 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENT # | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BMT-368 | Conduct TDL B and C operations | OPS-347 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-369 | ATO/ACO/ACP/OPTASKLINK/SPINS | FAM-305 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-370 | Understand VMU systems and VMU capabilities | FAM-316 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-371 | Conduct MATC operations in an NBC environment | SIM-332 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-372 | RAS | SIM-433 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-373 | EMCON/RADCON | OPS-441 | | | | | | | | | |
| MMT-380 | Operate communications in secure mode and freq agile mode | OPS-272 | | | | | | | | | |
| MMT-381 | Communications planning | SIM-331 | | | | | | | | | |
| MMT-382 | Perform as an MMT Leader | OPS-344 | | | | | | | | | |
| MMT-383E | Qualify as an MMT Leader | QUAL-390 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 400 LEVEL EVENTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMT-440 | Perform as an ATCFO | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-460 | TDL operations | FAM-405 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-461 | TBMCS Advanced Planning System | FAM-410 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-462 | Operate within a TAOC | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-463 | Operate within a DASC | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-464 | Operate within LAAD | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-465 | Integrated combat airspace and control | SIM-430 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-466 | MATCD deployment planning | SIM-431 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-467 | MISTEX | SIM-432 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-468 | Perform as a MATC Liaison Officer | SIM-433 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-469 | ACE planning staff member | OPS-443 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-470 | Theater missile and air defense planning | OPS-444 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-471 | ATO cycle | OPS-446 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-472 | ACP for joint combat operations | OPS-447 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-473 | ACO for joint combat operations | OPS-448 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-474 | Operate in a TACC | OPS-449 | | | | | | | | | |
| BMT-477 | Perform as Det Commander | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| MMT-480 | MMT/ATC liaison officer | OPS-442 | | | | | | | | | |

MATCO EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENT # | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 500 LEVEL EVENTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| INST-500 | Qualify as a WTI | | | | | | | | | | |
| INST-501 | Qualify as an MMT Leader Instructor. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 600 TRACKING CODES FOR QUALIFICATIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| QUAL-624 | Qualify as a TGC | CK-281 | | | | | | | | | |
| QUAL-633 | Qualify as a RFC | CK-280 | | | | | | | | | |
| QUAL-683 | Qualify as MMT Leader | QUAL-390 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 600 TRACKING CODES FOR DESIGNATIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-600 | Designate as WTI | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-601 | Designate as MMT Leader Instructor. | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-640 | Designate as ATCFO | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-642 | Designate as FWO | OPS-342 | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-665 | Designate as MATCD WC | OPS-342 | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-677 | Designate as MATCD Commander | OPS-342 | | | | | | | | | |
| DESG-683 | Designate as MMT Leader | NEW | | | | | | | | | |
| | TACTICAL KNOWLEDGE EVENTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-700 | Operate MATC communication assets and capabilities | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-701 | Identify standard data link symbology | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-702 | Describe Electronic Warfare | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-703 | Describe Operational Data (OPDAT) message preparation and use | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-704 | Describe phasing control ashore | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-705 | Describe Airspace Deconfliction System (ADS) | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-706 | Describe the Joint Air Operations Center (JAOC) | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-707 | Understand C2 of USMC TACAIR in joint operations | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-708 | Understand command and control warfare (C2W) | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-709 | Understand Anti-Radiation Missiles (ARM) Countermeasures for MACCS units | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-710 | Understand JTAO interface | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-711 | Understand the Theater Air Ground System (TAGS) | * | | | | | | | | | |
| KFAM-712 | Understand Airborne Elements of the Air Control System (AEACS) | * | | | | | | | | | |

MATCO EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENT # |
|-------------|---|-------------|
| KFAM-713 | Understand the Army Air Defense Command and Control System (AADCCS) | * |
| KFAM-714 | Understand Special Information Systems Aircraft (SIS A/C) | * |
| KFAM-715 | Understand the fundamental principles of Joint Combat Airspace Doctrine, Organizations and Procedure | * |
| | NONTACTICAL KNOWLEDGE EVENTS | |
| KFAM-800 | General knowledge of airfield layout | * |
| KFAM-801 | General ATC knowledge | * |
| KFAM-802 | Local area/Airfield specific knowledge | * |
| KFAM-803 | Emergency/Safety knowledge | * |
| KFAM-804 | Weather knowledge | * |
| KFAM-805 | Tower Equipment | * |
| KFAM-806 | Airfield lighting | * |
| KFAM-807 | Strip marking | * |
| KFAM-808 | Radar equipment | * |
| KFAM-809 | Flight schedule knowledge | * |
| KFAM-810 | Aircraft accident/incident reporting knowledge | * |
| KFAM-811 | Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) | * |
| KRFC-830 | RFC phraseology/communication knowledge | * |
| KRFC-831 | RFC clearance/coordination knowledge | * |
| KRFC-832 | RFC separation knowledge | * |
| KRFC-833 | RFC LOA and facility directives/memos/ publications | * |
| KTGC-840 | TGC phraseology/communication knowledge | * |
| KTGC-841 | TGC clearance/coordination knowledge | * |
| KTGC-842 | TGC separation knowledge | * |
| KTGC-843 | TGC LOA and facility directives/memos/ publications | * |

APPENDIX G

ENLISTED ATC EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | PAGE |
|----------|-----|-------|------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| ENLISTED | ATC | EVENT | CONVERSION | MATRIX | | | | | | | | | G-3 |

APPENDIX G

ENLISTED ATC EVENT CONVERSION MATRIX

1. This appendix provides the below conversion matrix of all events in this new Enlisted ATC syllabus as they correspond to the previous MATCO syllabus that this chapter replaced.

| NEW EVENT # | OLD EVENTS | |
|-------------|--|----------|
| | 200 LEVEL EVENTS | |
| BTC-200YR | Operate fixed control tower equipment. | SYS-220 |
| BTC-201R | Operate Expeditionary Control Tower (AN/TSQ-120) and associated equipment. | SYS-222 |
| BTC-202R | Operate Remote Landing Site Tower (AN/TSQ-216) and associated equipment. | SYS-223 |
| BTC-203 | Perform the duties of a Tower Flight Data Controller. | OPS-270 |
| BTC-204 | Perform the duties of a Clearance Delivery Controller. | OPS-271 |
| BTC-205 | Perform duties of a Tower Ground Controller. | OPS-272 |
| BTC-206 | Conduct launches and recoveries in EMCON conditions. | OPS-275 |
| BTC-207EYR | Qualify as a Tower Flight Data Controller. | CK-280 |
| BTC-208EYR | Qualify as a Clearance Delivery Controller. | CK-281 |
| BTC-209EYR | Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller. | CK-282 |
| BRC-220RY | Operate fixed radar equipment. | SYS-221 |
| BRC-221R | Configure the Control and Communication Subsystem (AN/TSQ-131) and associated equipment for basic operation. | SYS-224 |
| BRC-222R | Control precision/surveillance approaches using the simulation mode of the AN/TSQ-131. | SIM-230 |
| BRC-223 | Perform duties of a Radar Flight Data Controller. | OPS-273 |
| BRC-224 | Perform duties of a Radar Final Controller. | OPS-274 |
| BRC-225EYR | Qualify as a Radar Flight Data Controller. | CK-283 |
| BRC-226EYR | Qualify as a Radar Final Controller. | CK-284 |
| DLC-230 | Identify standard data link symbology. | NEW |
| DLC-231 | Introduce data link theory. | NEW |
| DLC-232 | Describe MACCS TADIL interoperability. | NEW |
| DLC-233EYR | Qualify as a Data Link Coordinator in compliance with established evaluation criteria. | QUAL-291 |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS |
|-------------|--|------------|
| MMT-260 | Operate communication equipment in secure and frequency agile modes (as applicable). | SYS-225 |
| MMT-261 | Construct a field expedient antenna. | SYS-226 |
| MMT-262 | Encode and decode messages. | SIM-231 |
| MMT-263 | Operate and use MMT radios and equipment. | MMT-260 |
| MMT-264 | Perform as an MMT member. | MMT-261 |
| MMT-265 | Conduct launches and recoveries in EMCON conditions. | OPS-275 |
| MMT-266E | Qualify as an MMT member. | QUAL-290 |
| BMT-280 | Introduce two way communication with MACCS agencies. | FAM-200 |
| BMT-281 | Encode and decode messages. | SIM-231 |
| | 300 LEVEL EVENTS | |
| TLC-310 | Perform duties of a Tower Local Controller. | OPS-370 |
| TLC-311 | Conduct launches and recoveries in EMCON conditions. | OPS-275 |
| TLC-312EYR | Qualify as a Tower Local Controller. | CK-380 |
| ADC-340 | Control in an Arrival/Departure Control (ADC) environment using the simulation mode of the AN/TSQ-131. | SIM-331 |
| ADC-341 | Perform duties of a Radar Arrival/Departure (RATCF)Controller. | OPS-371 |
| ADC-342YR | Qualify as an Arrival/Departure (RATCF) Controller. | CK-381 |
| APC-350 | Control in an Arrival/Departure Control (ADC) environment using the simulation mode of the AN/TSQ-131. | SIM-331 |
| APC-351YR | Perform non-radar approach control services. | SIM-332 |
| APC-352 | Perform the duties of an Approach Controller. | OPS-372 |
| APC-353EYR | Qualify as an Approach Controller. | CK-382 |
| APC-354 | Perform duties of a Sector Controller. | NEW |
| APC-355EYR | Qualify as a Sector Controller. | NEW |
| MMT-360 | Perform as an MMT Leader. | OPS-373 |
| MMT-361E | Qualify as an MMT Leader in a field exercise. | QUAL-391 |
| CMT-370 | Extract pertinent information from the ATO and ACO. | OPS-375 |
| CMT-371 | Conduct and ATC tactical crew brief. | OPS-374 |
| CMT-372EYR | Perform as a Tower Supervisor. | DESG-490 |
| CMT-373EYR | Perform as a Radar Supervisor. | DESG-493 |
| BMT-380 | Plan and develop MATCD communications interface with MACCS and external agencies. | SIM-333 |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS |
|-------------|--|------------|
| BMT-381 | Prepare, request, and supervise an FAA flight inspection/certification. | OPS-376 |
| BMT-382 | Identify and plot air control measures on a map. | OPS-377 |
| BMT-383 | Operate MATCALS Software. | NEW |
| BMT-384 | Explain Six Functions Marine Aviation. | NEW |
| BMT-385 | Identify and employ MATCD equipment. | NEW |
| BMT-386 | Introduction role, mission, organization of the MACCS. | NEW |
| BMT-387 | Intro to TADIL. | NEW |
| BMT-388 | Intro to MATCD site selection. | NEW |
| BMT-389 | Conduct embarkation of MATCD equipment. | NEW |
| BMT-390 | Understand civil/combat airspace. | NEW |
| BMT-391 | Understand the TAGS. | NEW |
| BMT-392 | Introduce two way communication with MACCS agencies. | FAM-200 |
| BMT-393 | Conduct ATC operations in a Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) environment. | SIM-330 |
| TERP-395 | Introduction to TERPS. | NEW |
| TERP-396E | Develop Instrument Approach. | NEW |
| | 400 LEVEL EVENTS | |
| BMT-480 | Develop an embarkation plan for the MATCD. | OPS470 |
| BMT-481 | Perform as an MATCD NCOIC. | OPS-471 |
| BMT-482 | Perform as a MACS Operations Chief (Ops Chief). | OPS-472 |
| BMT-483 | Perform as a MATCD Watch Commander (WC). | DESG-496 |
| BMT-484 | Participate within a TACC. | NEW |
| BMT-485 | Participate within a TAOC. | NEW |
| BMT-486 | Participate within a DASC. | NEW |
| BMT-487 | Participate within LAAD. | NEW |
| BMT-488 | Participate within UAV. | NEW |
| CMT-470 | Perform as a Control Tower Chief. | DESG-491 |
| CMT-470 | Perform as a Facility Watch Officer (FWO). | DESG-496 |
| CMT-471 | Perform as a CTO Examiner (CTOE). | DESG-492 |
| CMT-472 | Perform as a Radar Chief. | DESG-494 |
| CMT-473 | Perform as an Air Traffic Control Specialist Examiner (ATCSE). | DESG-495 |
| CMT-475 | Perform as a Training Chief. | DESG-497 |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS |
|-------------|---|------------|
| TERP-495E | Perform as the Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) Specialist. | DESG-498 |
| | 500 LEVEL EVENTS | |
| INST-500 | Qualify as a On-The-Job Instructor (OJTI). | QUAL-596 |
| INST-501 | Qualify as a Weapons Tactics Instructor (WTI). | NEW |
| INST-502 | Qualify as a MACS Mobile Team (MMT) Leader Instructor. | QUAL-561 |
| | 600 TRACKING CODES FOR QUALIFICATIONS | |
| QUAL-607 | Qualify as a Tower Flight Data Controller. | CK-280 |
| QUAL-608 | Qualify as a Clearance Delivery Controller. | CK-281 |
| QUAL-609 | Qualify as a Tower Ground Controller. | CK-282 |
| QUAL-611 | Qualify as a Tower Local Controller. | CK-380 |
| QUAL-625 | Qualify as a Radar Flight Data Controller. | CK-283 |
| QUAL-626 | Qualify as a Radar Final Controller. | CK-284 |
| QUAL-642 | Qualify as an Arrival/Departure (RATCF) Controller. | CK-381 |
| QUAL-653 | Qualify as an Approach Controller. | CK-382 |
| QUAL-654 | Qualify as a Sector Controller. | NEW |
| QUAL-661 | Qualify as an MMT Leader in a field exercise. | CK-391 |
| QUAL-666 | Qualify as an MMT Member. | QUAL-290 |
| QUAL-695 | Qualify as a TERPS Specialist. | NEW |
| | 600 TRACKING CODES FOR DESIGNATIONS | |
| DESG-600 | Designate as an OJTI. | NEW |
| DESG-601 | Designate as a WTI. | NEW |
| DESG-601 | Designate as a MEWTI. | NEW |
| DESG-602 | Designate as a MMT Leader Instructor. | NEW |
| DESG-602 | Designate as a MMT Leader Instructor. | NEW |
| DESG-603 | Designate as a TERPS Trainer. | NEW |
| DESG-603 | Designate as a TERPS Trainer. | NEW |
| DESG-670 | Designate as a Tower Supervisor. | DESG-490 |
| DESG-671 | Designate as a Control Tower Chief. | DESG-491 |
| DESG-672 | Designate as a CTO Examiner (CTOE). | DESG-492 |
| DESG-673 | Designate as a Radar Supervisor. | DESG-493 |
| DESG-674 | Perform as a Radar Chief. | DESG-494 |
| DESG-675 | Designate as an ATCSE. | DESG-495 |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS |
|---------------------------|---|------------|
| DESG-676 | Designate as a Facility Watch Officer (FWO). | DESG-496 |
| DESG-677 | Designate as a Training Chief. | DESG497 |
| DESG-681 | Designate as a MATCD NCOIC. | OPS-471 |
| DESG-681 | Designate as a MATCD NCOIC. | OPS-471 |
| DESG-682 | Designate as a MACS Operations Chief (Ops Chief). | OPS-472 |
| DESG-682 | Designate as a MACS Operations Chief (Ops Chief). | OPS-472 |
| DESG-683 | Designate as a Watch Commander (WC). | DESG-496 |
| DESG-683 | Designate as a Watch Commander (WC). | DESG-496 |
| TACTICAL KNOWLEDGE EVENTS | | |
| KFAM-700 | Mission, tasks and organization of the MACS. | NA |
| KFAM-701 | MATCD systems and support equipment. | NA |
| KFAM-702 | Establish Tactical Landing Zone (TLZ) procedures. | NA |
| KFAM-703 | Obtain, record, and relay a close air support brief. | NA |
| KFAM-704 | Understand organic communications equipment. | NA |
| KFAM-705 | Understand communications plans and orders. | NA |
| KFAM-706 | Understand communications flow within the MACCS. | NA |
| KFAM-707 | Understand Electronic Warfare (EW) and its effects on MATCD equipment. | NA |
| KFAM-708 | Understand the Early Warning Control Site (EWC) and Tactical Air Operations Center (TAOC). | NA |
| KFAM-709 | Understand role of the Short Range Air Defense (SHORAD) detachment and its integration into the MACCS (REIN). | NA |
| KFAM-710 | Understand Forward Operating Bases (FOBs) and how the MATCD supports them. | NA |
| KFAM-711 | Understand the development process of the Air Tasking Order (ATO)/Air Control Order (ACO). | NA |
| KFAM-712 | Understand and be proficient to execute fundamental principles of rear area security planning. | NA |
| KFAM-713 | Understand the site selection process for a MATCD. | NA |
| KFAM-714 | Develop and staff a Letter of Agreement (LOA)/Letter of Instruction (LOI). | NA |
| KFAM-715 | Staff a waiver request to required FAA regulations through chain of command/CNO. | NA |
| KFAM-716 | Conduct an ATC tactical crew brief. | NA |
| KFAM 717 | AN/TSQ-131 Command and Communication Subsystem. | NA |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS | | |
|-------------|--|------------|--|--|
| KFAM 718 | Operator Control Unit (OCU). | NA | | |
| KDLC-730 | Understand data link theory. | NA | | |
| KDLC-731 | Understand MATCALS Tactical Digital Information links (TDL)-B and -C. | NA | | |
| | NONTACTICAL KNOWLEDGE EVENTS | | | |
| KFAM-800 | Memorize the airfield layout. | NA | | |
| KFAM-801 | General ATC knowledge. | NA | | |
| KFAM-802 | Local area/airfield specific knowledge. | NA | | |
| KFAM-803 | Emergency/Safety knowledge. | NA | | |
| KFAM-804 | Weather knowledge. | NA | | |
| KFAM-805 | Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS). | NA | | |
| KFAM-806 | Facility/Personnel/Operations/Training Management knowledge applied in OJT environment. | NA | | |
| KTWR-801 | Tower equipment. | NA | | |
| KTWR-802 | Strip marking. | NA | | |
| KTWR-803 | Airfield Lighting. | NA | | |
| KTFD-820 | Phraseology/Communications. | NA | | |
| KTFD-821 | Clearance/coordination. | NA | | |
| KTFD-822 | Letters of Agreements/Facility Directives/Facility Memos/Publications. | NA | | |
| KTGC-823 | Phraseology/communications. | NA | | |
| KTGC-824 | Clearance/coordination. | NA | | |
| KTGC-825 | Separation. | NA | | |
| KTGC-826 | Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/ Memos/Publications. | NA | | |
| KTWR-826 | Tower equipment as applied on the Tower Local Control position. | NA | | |
| KTWR-827 | General ATC knowledge in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA | | |
| KTWR-828 | Local area/airfield specific knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA | | |
| KTWR-829 | Strip marking knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA | | |
| KTWR-830 | Emergency/safety knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA | | |
| KTWR-831 | Weather knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA | | |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS |
|-------------|--|------------|
| KTWR-832 | Airfield lighting knowledge applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA |
| KTLC-833 | Communications in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA |
| KTLC-834 | Clearance/coordination applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA |
| KTLC-835 | Spacing/sequencing/separation applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA |
| KTLC-836 | Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/Memos/ Publications applied in a Tower Local Control environment. | NA |
| KRDR-800 | Radar equipment. | NA |
| KRDR-801 | Strip marking. | NA |
| KRDR-802 | Radar equipment knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KRDR-803 | Local area/airfield specific knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KRDR-804 | General ATC knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KRDR-805 | Strip marking applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KRDR-806 | Emergency/Safety applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KRDR-807 | Weather knowledge applied in an Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KRFD-830 | Phraseology/Communications. | NA |
| KRFD-831 | Clearance/Coordination. | NA |
| KRFD-832 | Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/Memos/Publications. | NA |
| KRFC-833 | Phraseology/Communications. | NA |
| KRFC-834 | Clearance/coordination. | NA |
| KRFC-835 | Separation knowledge. | NA |
| KRFC-836 | Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/Memos/Publications. | NA |
| KAPC-840 | Advanced ATC applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KAPC-841 | Advanced airfield specific knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KAPC-842 | Non-radar knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KAPC-843 | Coordination in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| KAPC-844 | Clearance knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control. | NA |

| NEW EVENT # | GOAL | OLD EVENTS |
|-------------|---|------------|
| | Spacing/Sequencing applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| | Phraseology/Communications applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | AN |
| KAPC-847 | Separation knowledge applied in a Radar Approach Control environment. | NA |
| | Letters of Agreement and Facility Directives/ Facility Memos/Publications as applied in a Radar Approach Control OJT environment. | NA |